

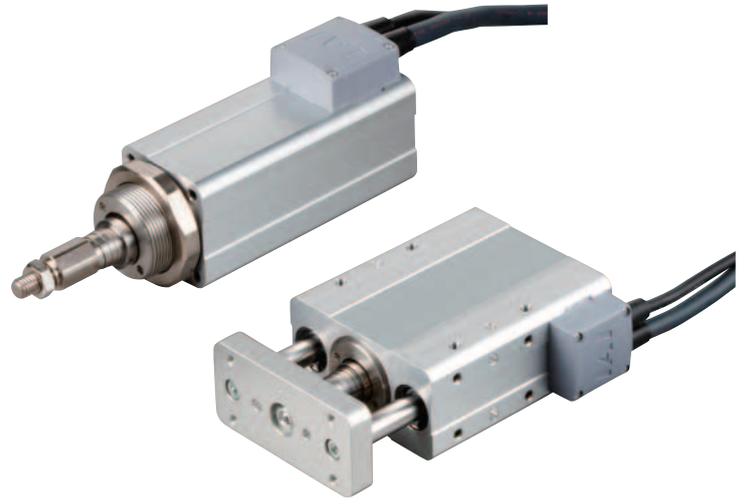
RCS2 series	Standard Type	Miniature Type	46mm width	RCS2-RN5N	234-1
			46mm width	RCS2-RP5N	234-3
			46mm width	RCS2-GS5N	234-5
			46mm width	RCS2-GD5N	234-7
			94mm width	RCS2-SD5N	234-9
	Coupling Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RA4C	235	
		55mm width	RCS2-RA5C	237	
	Built-In Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RA4D	239	
	Short-Length Type	75mm width	RCS2-SRA7BD	241	
	Side-Mounted Motor Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RA4R	243	
55mm width		RCS2-RA5R	245		
130mm width	RCS2-RA13R	247			
Single-Guide Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RGS4C	249		
	55mm width	RCS2-RGS5C	251		
Built-In Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RGS4D	253		
	75mm width	RCS2-SRGS7BD	255		
Double-Guide Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RGD4C	257		
	55mm width	RCS2-RGD5C	259		
Built-In Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RGD4D	261		
Short-Length Type	75mm width	RCS2-SRGD7BD	263		
Side-Mounted Motor Type	ø37mm	RCS2-RGD4R	265		

RCS2W series	Rod Type	Damp room			
		Coupled	ø37mm	RCS2W-RA4C	
		Built-in	ø37mm	RCS2W-RA4D	459
Motor Side-mounted	ø37mm	RCS2W-RA4R			

## 230 VAC Servo Motor RCS2

with dedicated controllers  
SCON, SSEL and XSEL

## Rod Type



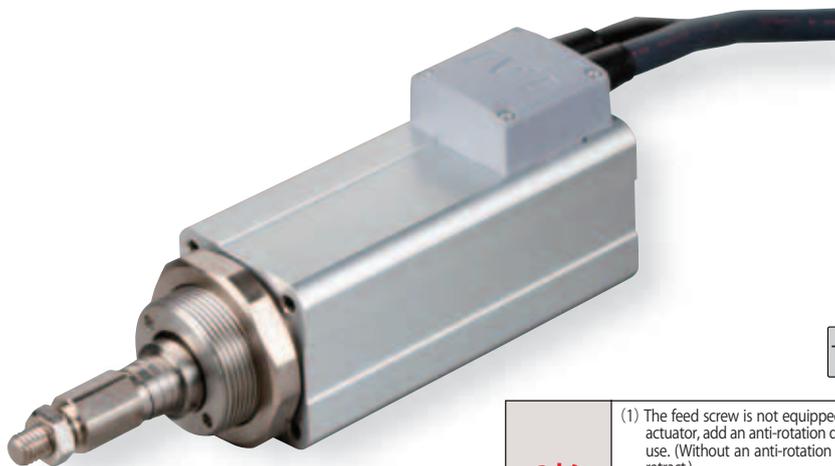
# RCS2-RN5N

RoboCylinder Mini Rod Type Short-Length Nut-Mounting Type  
46mm Width 230 V Servo Motor Ball Screw

■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RN5N** — **I** — **60** —  —  — **T2** —  —

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor type	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental	60 : 60W Servo Motor	10 : 10mm 5 : 5mm 2.5 : 2.5mm	50 : 50mm 75 : 75mm	T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : Custom R <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : Robot Cable	K1 : Cable exit direction left K2 : Cable exit direction front K3 : Cable exit direction right		

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5



- (1) The feed screw is not equipped with an anti-rotation device. Therefore, when using the actuator, add an anti-rotation device such as a guide to the end of the feed screw prior to use. (Without an anti-rotation device, the feed screw will rotate, and will not extend or retract.)
- (2) The horizontal payload is the value when used in combination with an external guide.
- (3) The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (or 0.2G for the 2.5mm-lead model, or when used vertically). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
- (4) Do not apply any external force on the rod from any direction other than the direction of the rod's motion.
- (5) If the actuator is used vertically, pay attention to rod contact because the rod will come down when the power is turned off.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Feed Screw	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Positioning Repeatability (mm)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)			
RCS2-RN5N-I-60-10-①-T2-②-③	60	Ball Screw	10	5	1.5	89	± 0.02	50 75
RCS2-RN5N-I-60-5-①-T2-②-③			5	10	3	178		
RCS2-RN5N-I-60-2.5-①-T2-②-③			2.5	20	6	356		

Legend ① Compatible controller ② Cable length ③ Options

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead	Stroke	50 (mm)	75 (mm)
		10	280 <230>
5	250 <230>	250	
2.5	125		

\* The value enclosed in < > apply for vertical usage. (Unit: mm/s)

## Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
Robot Cable	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

## Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball Screw Ø8mm C10 grade
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less (initial value)
Frame	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non condensing)
Service Life	5000km or 50million cycles

## Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Cable exit from left	K1	A-32
Cable exit from front	K2	A-32
Cable exit from right	K3	A-32

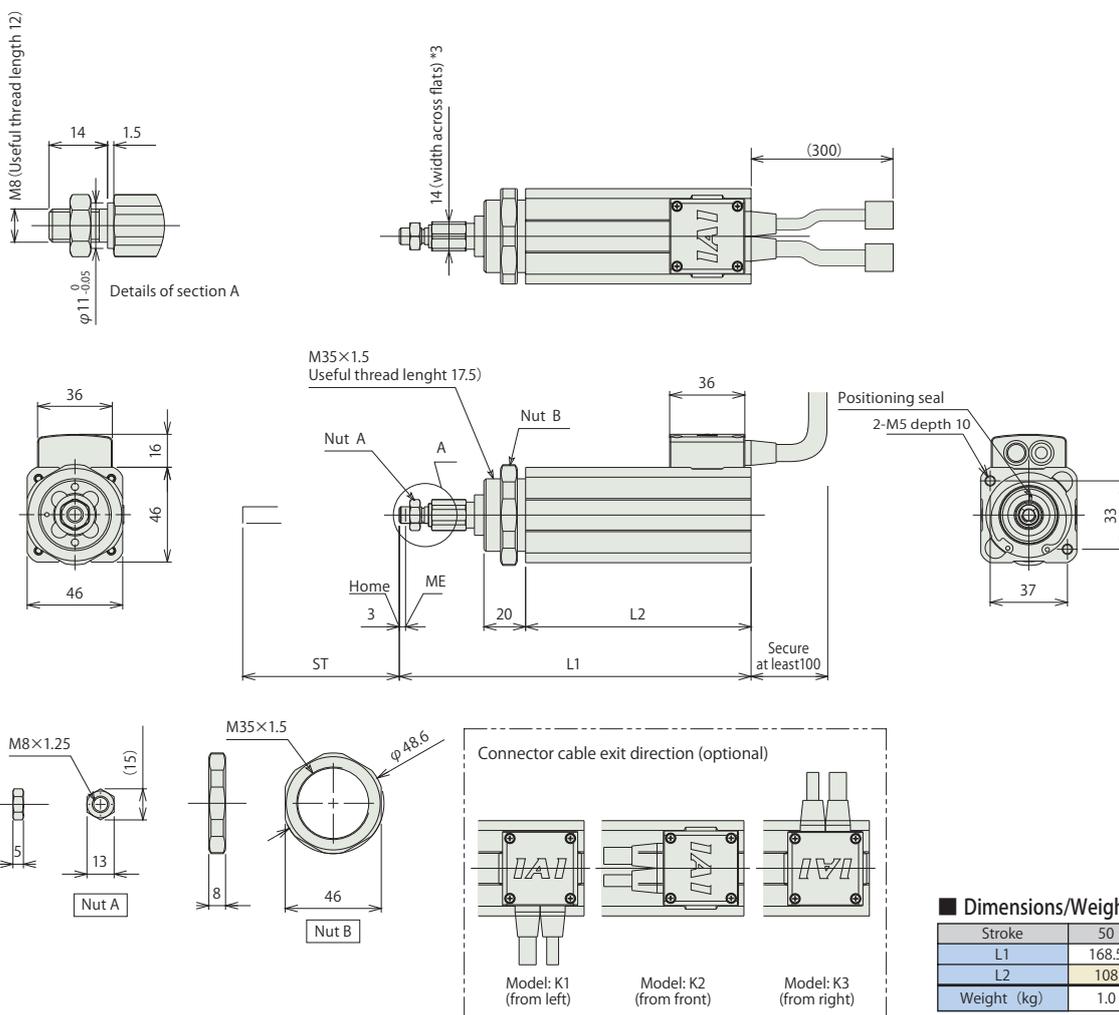
## Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders  P. A-9



- \*1 A motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3 The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.



## Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External view	Model	Description	Max. Positioning points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60 I-NP-2-①	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	218VA max.  * The power supply capacity vary depending on the controller (refer to the manual).	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	(-)			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to pulse train input	768 points			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60 I-NP-2-①	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-②-1-60 I-N1-EEE-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P578

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.

① is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).

② is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("P" or "Q").

③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /Flat-Type

Min

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom-Type

Splash Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse motor

Servo Motor (24 V)

Servo Motor (230 V)

Linear Motor

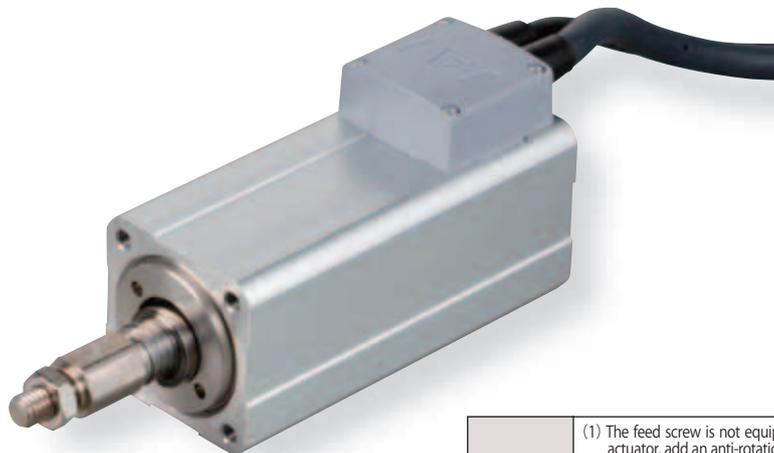
# RCS2-RP5N

RoboCylinder Mini Rod Type Short-Length Tapped-Hole Mounting Type  
46mm Width 230 V Servo Motor Ball Screw

■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RP5N** — **I** — **60** —  —  — **T2** —  —

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor type	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental	60 : 60W Servo Motor	10 : 10mm 5 : 5mm 2.5 : 2.5mm	50 : 50mm 75 : 75mm	T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : Custom R <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> : Robot Cable	K1 : Cable exit direction left K2 : Cable exit direction front K3 : Cable exit direction right		

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5



- (1) The feed screw is not equipped with an anti-rotation device. Therefore, when using the actuator, add an anti-rotation device such as a guide to the end of the feed screw prior to use. (Without an anti-rotation device, the feed screw will rotate, and will not extend or retract.)
- (2) The horizontal payload is the value when used in combination with an external guide.
- (3) The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (or 0.2G for the 2.5mm-lead model, or when used vertically). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
- (4) Do not apply any external force on the rod from any direction other than the direction of the rod's motion.
- (5) If the actuator is used vertically, pay attention to rod contact because the rod will come down when the power is turned off.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Feed Screw	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Positioning Repeatability (mm)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)			
RCS2-RP5N-I-60-10-①-T2-②-③	60	Ball Screw	10	5	1.5	89	± 0.02	50 75
RCS2-RP5N-I-60-5-①-T2-②-③			5	10	3	178		
RCS2-RP5N-I-60-2.5-①-T2-②-③			2.5	20	6	356		

Legend ① Compatible controller ② Cable length ③ Options

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead	Stroke	50 (mm)	75 (mm)
		10	280 <230>
5	250 <230>	250	
2.5	125		

\* The value enclosed in < > apply for vertical usage. (Unit: mm/s)

## Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
Robot Cable	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

## Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball Screw Ø8mm C10 grade
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less (initial value)
Frame	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non condensing)
Service Life	5000km or 50million cycles

## Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Cable exit from left	K1	A-32
Cable exit from front	K2	A-32
Cable exit from right	K3	A-32

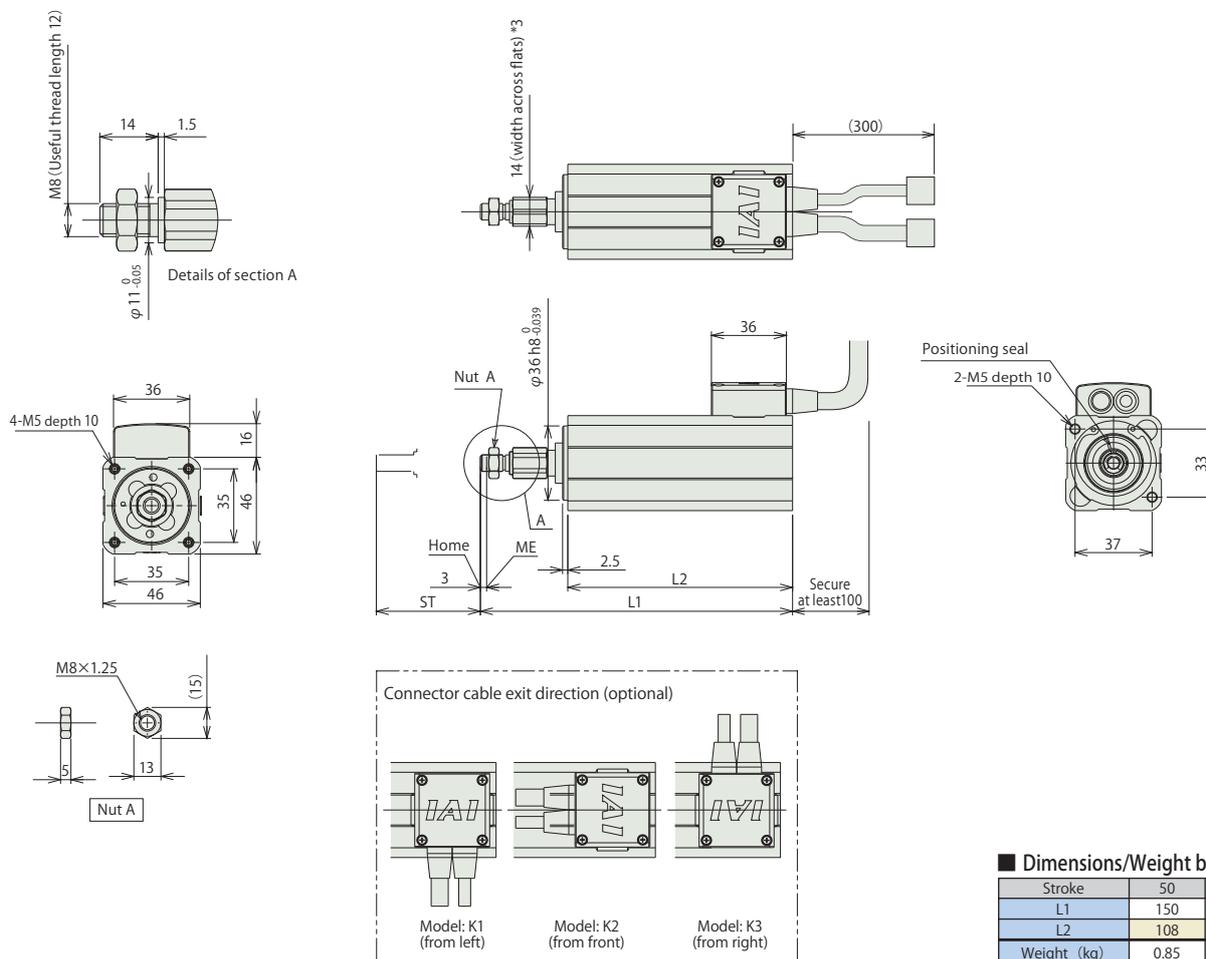
## Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders  P. A-9



- \*1 A motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3 The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.



## Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External view	Model	Description	Max. Positioning points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60 I -NP-2-①	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	218VA max.  * The power supply capacity vary depending on the controller (refer to the manual).	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	(-)			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to pulse train input	768 points			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60 I -NP-2-①	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-②-1-60 I -N1-EEE-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P578

- \* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.
- ① is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).
- ② is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("P" or "Q").
- ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /Flat-Type

Mini

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom-Type

Splash Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse motor

Servo Motor (24 V)

Servo Motor (230 V)

Linear Motor



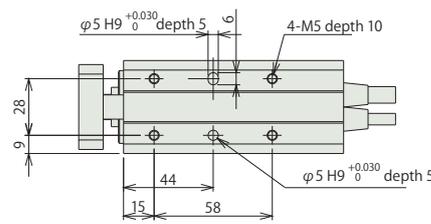
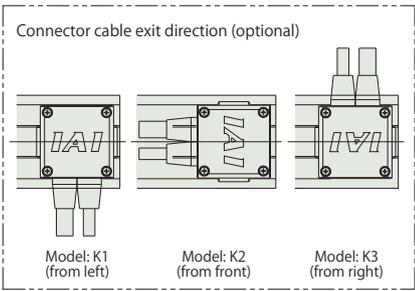
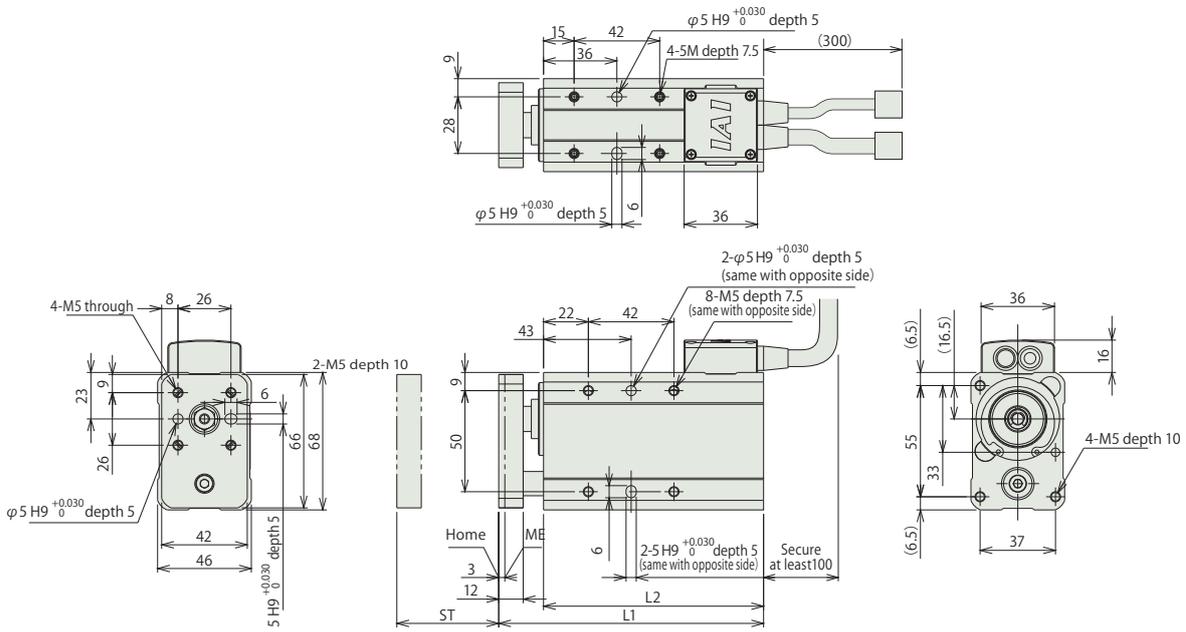
## Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders  P. A-9



- \*1 A motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end



### Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

Stroke	50	75
L1	130	155
L2	108	133
Weight (kg)	1.3	1.4

## Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External view	Model	Description	Max. Positioning points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60 I -NP-2-①	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	218VA max.  * The power supply capacity vary depending on the controller (refer to the manual).	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	(-)			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to pulse train input	768 points			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60 I -NP-2-①	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-②-1-60 I -N1-EEE-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P578

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 ① is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 ② is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("P" or "Q").  
 ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat-Type
- Min
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom-Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse motor
- Servo Motor (24 V)
- Servo Motor (230 V)
- Linear Motor



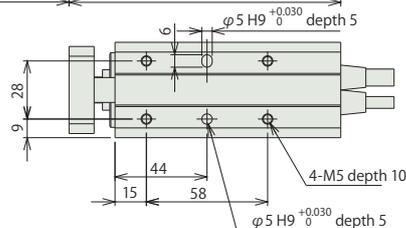
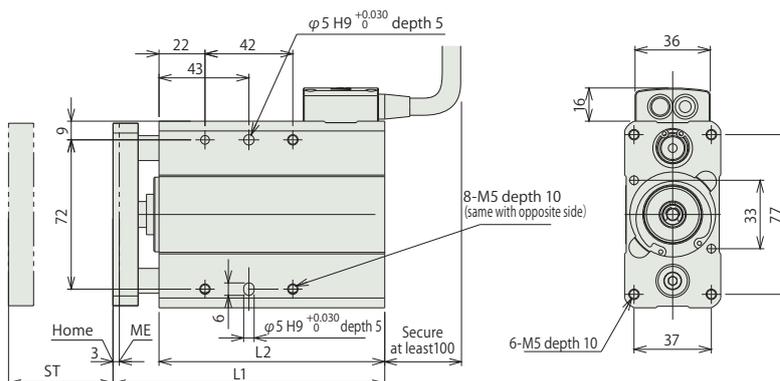
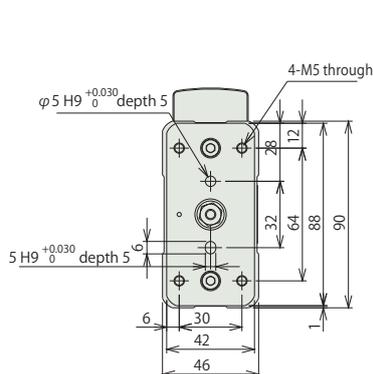
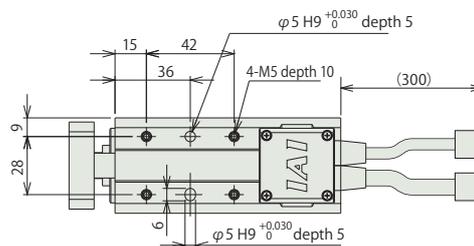
## Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

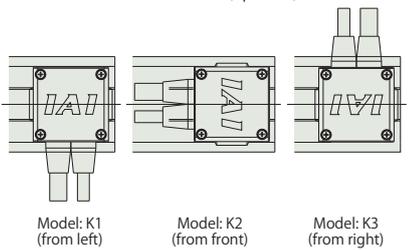
For Special Orders  P. A-9



- \*1 A motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end



Connector cable exit direction (optional)



### Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

Stroke	50	75
L1	130	155
L2	108	133
Weight (kg)	1.6	1.9

## Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External view	Model	Description	Max. Positioning points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60 I -NP-2-①	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	218VA max.  * The power supply capacity vary depending on the controller (refer to the manual).	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	(-)			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to pulse train input	768 points			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60 I -NP-2-①	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-②-1-60 I -N1-EEE-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P578

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.

① is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).

② is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("P" or "Q").

③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /Flat-Type

Mini

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom-Type

Splash Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse motor

Servo Motor (24 V)

Servo Motor (230 V)

Linear Motor

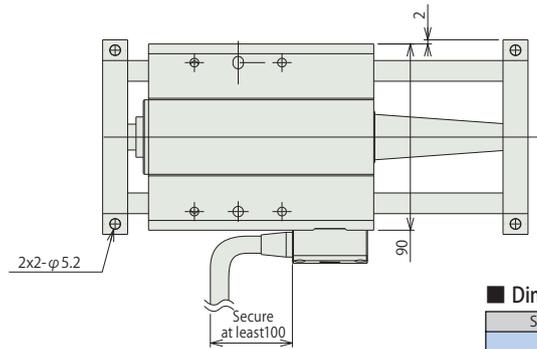
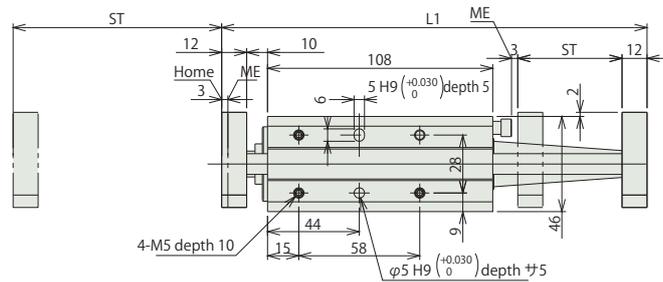
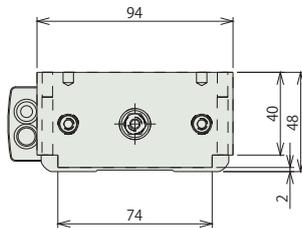
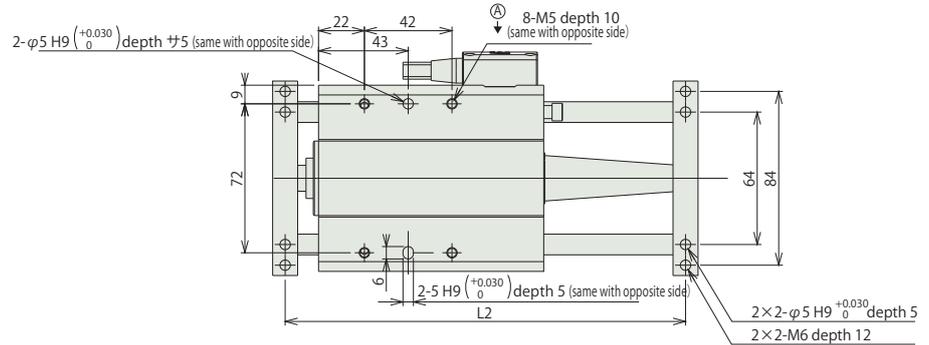


## Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

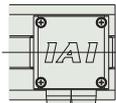
For Special Orders P. A-9

2/3D  
CAD



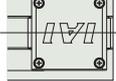
Connector cable exit direction (optional)

Model: K1  
(from left)



Details of section  
(A)

Model: K3  
(from right)



### ■ Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

Stroke	50	75
L1	204	229
L2	192	217
Weight (kg)	1.9	1.94

## Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External view	Model	Description	Max. Positioning points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60 I -NP-2-①	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	218VA max. * The power supply capacity vary depending on the controller (refer to the manual).	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	(-)			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to pulse train input	768 points			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60 I -NP-2-①	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-②-1-60 I -N1-EEE-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P578

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.

① is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).

② is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("P" or "Q").

③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm/Flat-Type

Min

Standard

Gripper/Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom-Type

Splash Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse motor

Servo Motor (24 V)

Servo Motor (230 V)

Linear Motor

# RCS2-RA4C

RoboCylinder Rod Type ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor Coupled

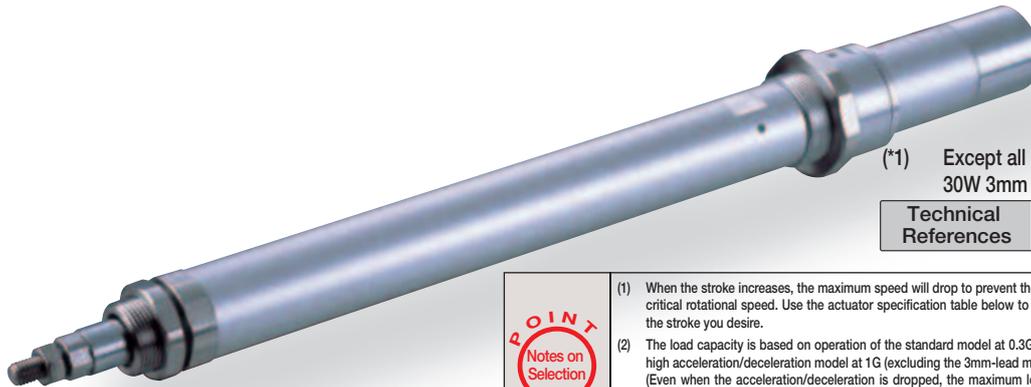
■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RA4C** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A: Absloute			20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

## For High Acceleration/Deceleration

(\*1)



(\*1) Except all 20W models and 30W 3mm lead models

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation of the standard model at 0.3G (0.2G for 3mm-lead), and the high acceleration/deceleration model at 1G (excluding the 3mm-lead model). (Even when the acceleration/deceleration is dropped, the maximum load capacity values shown in the table below are the upper limits.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RA4C-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	1.0	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RA4C-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	2.0	37.7	
RCS2-RA4C-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	4.0	75.4	
RCS2-RA4C-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.5	28.3	
RCS2-RA4C-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	3.0	56.6	
RCS2-RA4C-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.5	113.1	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke Lead	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)	
	Stroke (mm)	Maximum Speed (mm/s)
12	50	600
6	50	300
3	50	150

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
Robot Cable	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Flange bracket (front)	FL	→ A-27
Flange bracket (back)	FLR	→ A-28
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32
Home sensor (*2)	HS	→ A-32
Knuckle joint	NJ	→ A-34
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (front)	TRF	→ A-38
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±1.0 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

Dimensions

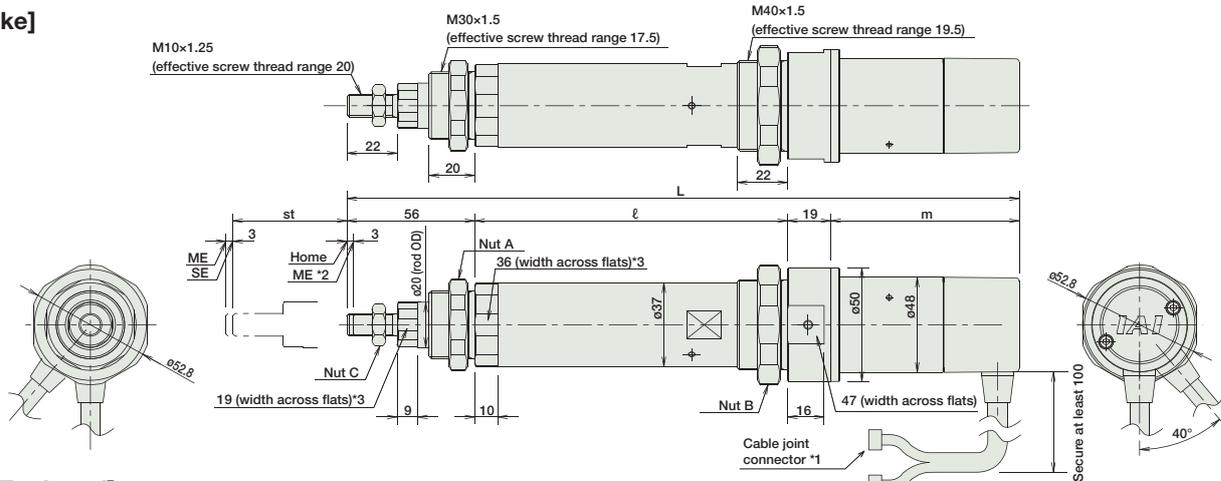
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders P. A-9

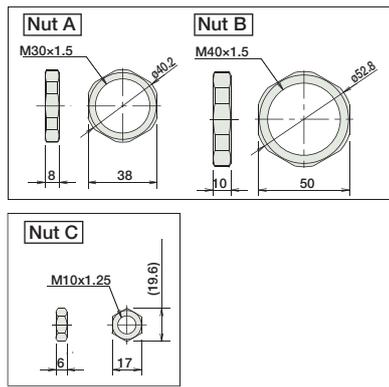
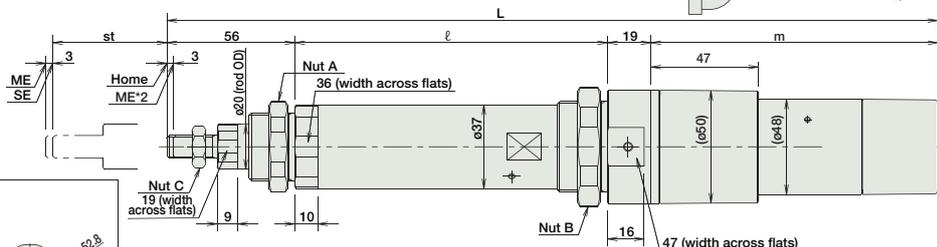


- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.

[No Brake]



[Brake-Equipped]



■ Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA4C (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	292.5	342.5	392.5	442.5	492.5	542.5
	30W	307.5	357.5	407.5	457.5	507.5	557.5
$\ell$	137	187	237	287	337	487	
m	20W	80.5					
	30W	95.5					
Weight (kg)	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	

RCS2-RA4C (with brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	335.5	385.5	435.5	485.5	535.5	585.5
	30W	350.5	400.5	450.5	500.5	550.5	600.5
$\ell$	137	187	237	287	337	487	
m	20W	123.5					
	30W	138.5					
Weight (kg)	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20①②-NP-2-③ SCON-C-30D①②-NP-2-③	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-Axes model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated for Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20①-N1-NP-2-③ SSEL-C-1-30D①②-NP-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-④-1-20①-N1-EEE-2-⑤ XSEL-④-1-30D①②-N1-EEE-2-⑤	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

- \* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-Axes model.
- \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental, A: absolute).
- \* ② is a placeholder for the code "HA" when the high acceleration/deceleration option is specified.
- \* ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: single-phase 115V, 2: single phase 230V).
- \* ④ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name (KE, KET, P, Q).
- \* ⑤ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage type (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

# RCS2-RA5C

RoboCylinder Rod Type 55mm Width 230V Servo Motor Coupled

■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RA5C** — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series — Type — Encoder — Motor — Lead — Stroke — Compatible Controllers — Cable Length — Option

I : Incremental  
A: Absloute

60 : 60W Servo Motor  
100 : 100W Servo Motor

16 : 16mm  
8 : 8mm  
4 : 4mm

50 : 50mm  
300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)

T1 : XSEL-KE/KET  
T2 : SCON  
SSEL  
XSEL-P/Q

N : None  
P : 1m  
S : 3m  
M : 5m  
X [ ] : Custom  
R [ ] : Robot cable

See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

**For High Acceleration/Deceleration**



(\*1) Except all 60W models and 100W 4mm lead models

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity values are based on 0.3G acceleration for the standard model (0.2G for 4mm-lead), and 1G acceleration for the high-acceleration/deceleration models (0.2G for 4mm-lead). (Even when the acceleration/deceleration is dropped, the maximum load capacity values shown in the table below are the upper limits.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity	Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)	
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RA5C-①-60-16-②-③-④-⑤	60	16	12.0	2.0	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)	
RCS2-RA5C-①-60-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	25.0	5.0		127.5
RCS2-RA5C-①-60-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	50.0	11.5		255.1
RCS2-RA5C-①-100-16-②-③-④-⑤	100	16	15.0	3.5		105.8
RCS2-RA5C-①-100-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	30.0	9.0		212.7
RCS2-RA5C-①-100-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	60.0	18.0		424.3

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 250 (50mm increments)	300 (mm)
16	800	755
8	400	377
4	200	188

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A2	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Flange	FL	→ A-27
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32

(\*1) The high-acceleration/deceleration option is not available for all 60W models and 100W model with 4mm lead.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø30mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.7 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

Dimensions

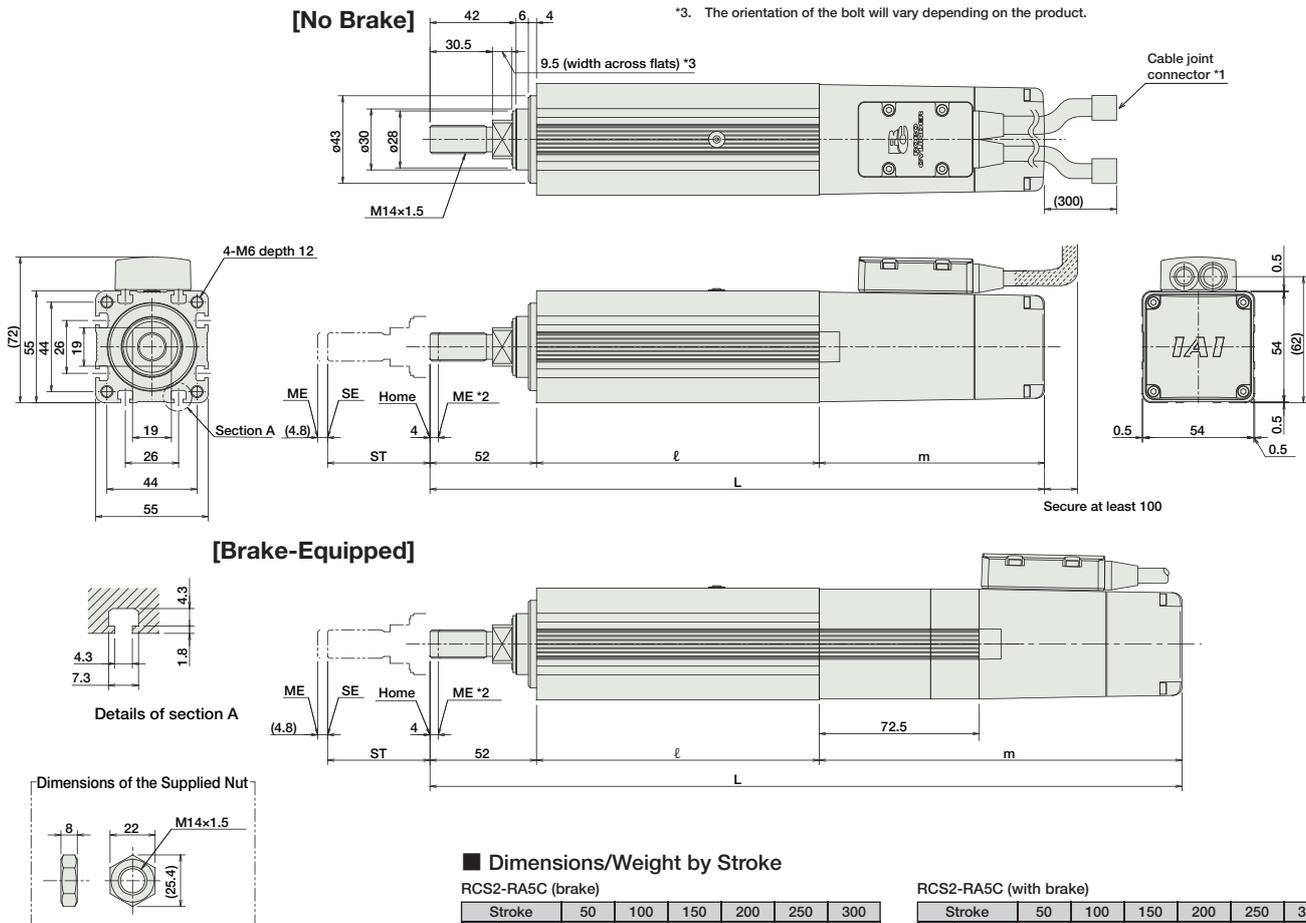
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



\* The RA5C is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

For Special Orders P. A-9

- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.



■ Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA5C (brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	282	332	382	432	482	532
	100W	300	350	400	450	500	550
ℓ	60W	138	188	238	288	338	388
	100W	92					
m	60W	110					
	100W	110					
Weight (kg)	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.4	

RCS2-RA5C (with brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	354.5	404.5	454.5	504.5	554.5	604.5
	100W	372.5	422.5	472.5	522.5	572.5	622.5
ℓ	60W	138	188	238	288	338	388
	100W	164.5					
m	60W	182.5					
	100W	182.5					
Weight (kg)	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.7	

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60①-NP-2-③ SCON-C-100①②-NP-2-③	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-Axes model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60①-NP-2-③ SSEL-C-1-100①②-NP-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-④-1-60①-N1-EEE-2-⑤ XSEL-④-1-100①②-N1-EEE-2-⑤	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-Axes model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental, A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the code "HA" when the high acceleration/deceleration option is specified.  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: single-phase 115V, 2: single phase 230V).  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name (KE, KET, P, Q).  
 \* ⑤ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage type (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

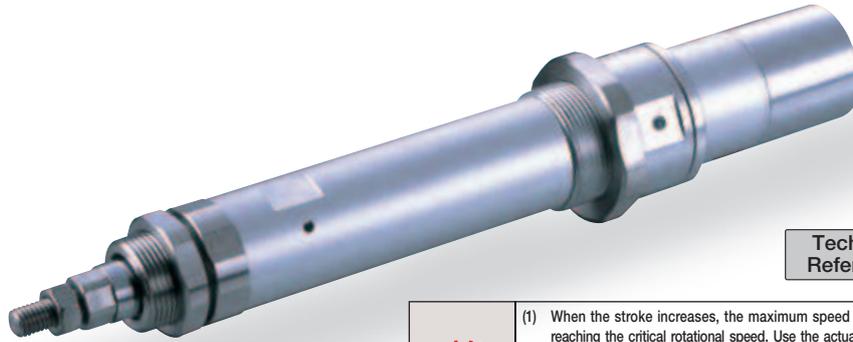
# RCS2-RA4D

RoboCylinder Rod Type ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor Built-In (Direct-Coupled) Motor

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RA4D** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A: Absloute			20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RA4D-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	1.0	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RA4D-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	2.0	37.7	
RCS2-RA4D-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	4.0	75.4	
RCS2-RA4D-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.5	28.3	
RCS2-RA4D-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	3.0	56.6	
RCS2-RA4D-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.5	113.1	

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
12	600
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

## Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

## Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±1.0 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

## Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Flange bracket (front)	FL	→ A-27
Flange bracket (back)	FLR	→ A-28
Home sensor	HS	→ A-32
Knuckle joint	NJ	→ A-34
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (front)	TRF	→ A-38
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

\* The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.

Dimensions

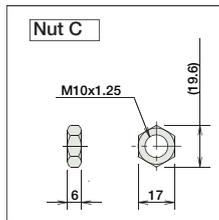
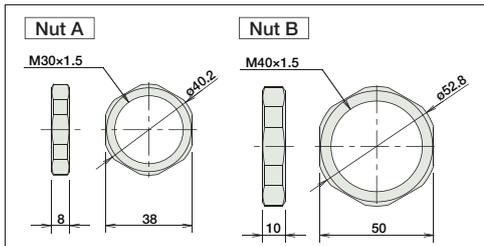
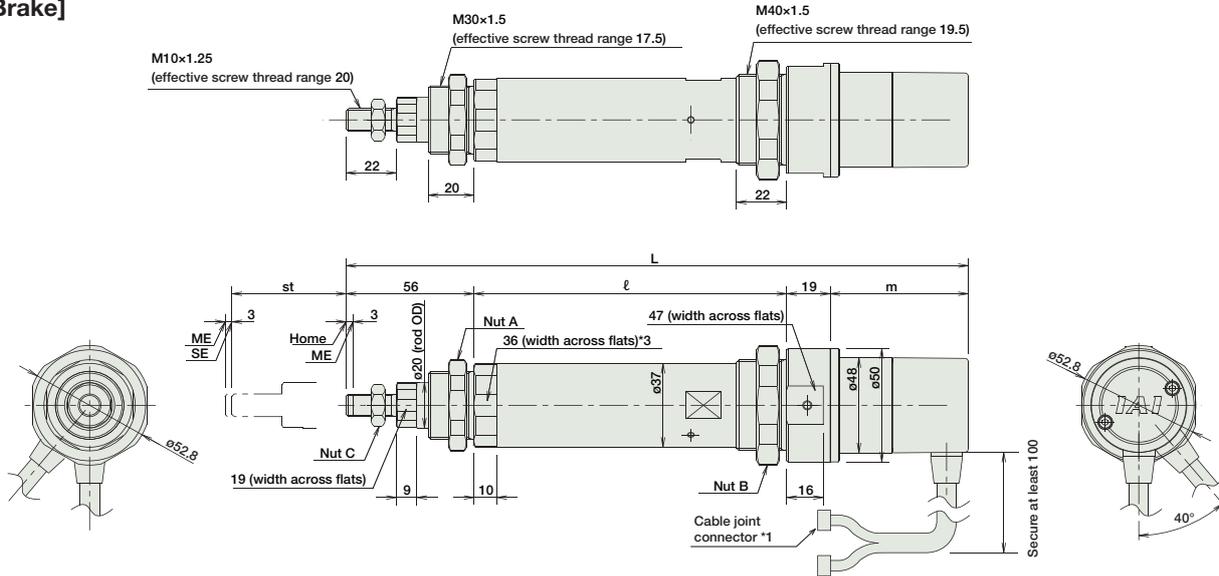
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.

For Special Orders P. A-9

[No Brake]



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA4D (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	270.5	320.5	370.5	420.5	470.5	520.5
	30W	285.5	335.5	385.5	435.5	485.5	535.5
ℓ	137	187	237	287	337	487	
m	20W	58.5					
	30W	73.5					
Weight (kg)	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	

Brake-equipped configuration is not available with the RCS2-RA4D.

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20 ①-NP-2-② SCON-C-30D ①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-Axes model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20 ①-NP-2-② SSEL-C-1-30D ①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-20 ①-N1-EEE-2-④ XSEL-③-1-30D ①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

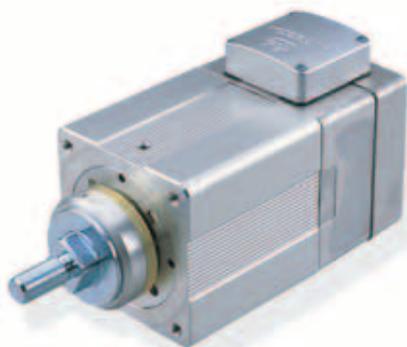
# RCS2-SRA7BD

RoboCylinder Rod Type 75mm Width 230V Servo Motor  
Short-Length Type

■ Configuration: **RCS2** - **SRA7BD** - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental			60 : 60W Servo Motor 100 : 100W Servo Motor 150 : 150W Servo Motor	16 : 16mm 8 : 8mm 4 : 4mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- (1) When operated at the rated acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the rated acceleration.
  - (2) When operated at the maximum acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the maximum acceleration.
  - (3) If positioning repeatability and/or lost motion is required, the rotation of the rod must be restricted. In this case, select a model with a guide, or add a separate guide.
  - (4) The standard model may exhibit vibration of the rod at long strokes. If this is an issue, select a model with a guide, or add a separate guide.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Rated Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Rated Acceleration		Maximum Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Max. Acceleration		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-60-16-①-②-③-④	60	16	0.25	5	2	0.35	2.5	1	63	50~300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-60-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.15	10	5	0.25	5	2.5	127	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-60-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.05	20	10	0.15	10	5	254	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-100-16-①-②-③-④	100	16	0.3	10	3.5	0.4	5	1.5	103	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-100-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	22	9	0.3	10	4.5	207	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-100-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	40	19.5	0.2	20	9	414	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-150-16-①-②-③-④	150	16	0.3	15	6.5	0.4	7.5	3	157	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-150-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	35	14.5	0.3	17.5	7	314	
RCS2-SRA7BD-I-150-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	55	22.5	0.2	27.5	11	628	

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead	Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
	16	800
8	400	
4	200	

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend ① Stroke ② Compatible controller ③ Cable length ④ Options

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A1 ~ A3	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Flange	FL	→ A-27
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Extended rod tip	RE	→ A-35

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø35mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	-
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

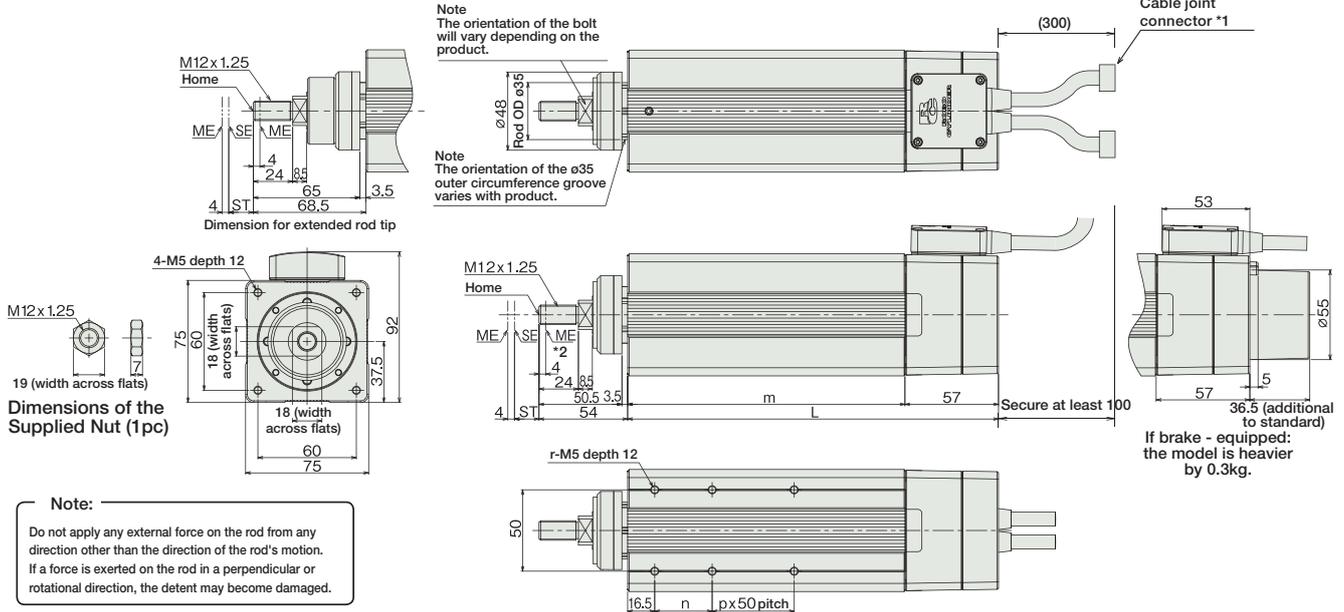
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



\* The SRA7BD is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

For Special Orders P. A-9

- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end position; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ST: Stroke  
SE: Stroke end  
ME: Mechanical end
- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.



**Note:**  
Do not apply any external force on the rod from any direction other than the direction of the rod's motion. If a force is exerted on the rod in a perpendicular or rotational direction, the detent may become damaged.

**Note:**  
A slit is provided in the side of the actuator body to prevent pauses due to forward/backward operation. Please make a separate request for a dustproof/splash-proof model.

Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

	Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300
		L	60W 100W 150W	126 133 145	176 176 176	226 226 226	276 276 276
m	60W	69	119	169	219	269	319
	100W 150W	76 88	119 119	169 169	219 219	269 269	319 319
n		25	35	35	35	35	35
p		0	0	1	2	3	4
r		4	4	6	8	10	12
Weight (kg)	60W	2.4	2.9	3.5	4.1	4.6	5.2
	100W	2.6	3.1	3.7	4.2	4.8	5.4
	150W	2.9	3.3	3.9	4.4	5	5.6

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-1-I-NP-2-2	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-1-I-NP-2-2	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-3-1-1-I-N1-EEE-2-4	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

**Note:** The SRA7BD type actuator cannot be connected to the 5th and 6th axis of the XSEL-P/Q controller.

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a place holder for the motor output (W) (60, 100, 150).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

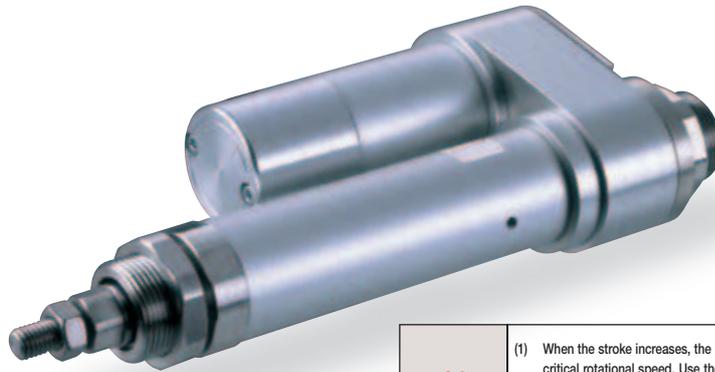
# RCS2-RA4R

RoboCylinder Rod Type ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Side-Mounted Motor

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RA4R** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A : Absolute	20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below		

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity Horizontal (kg)	Max. Load Capacity Vertical (kg)	Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
RCS2-RA4R-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	1.0	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RA4R-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	2.0	37.7	
RCS2-RA4R-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	4.0	75.4	
RCS2-RA4R-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.5	28.3	
RCS2-RA4R-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	3.0	56.6	
RCS2-RA4R-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.5	113.1	

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
12	600
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
Robot Cable	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

#### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Flange bracket (front)	FL	→ A-27
Flange bracket (back)	FLR	→ A-28
Home sensor	HS	→ A-32
Knuckle joint	NJ	→ A-34
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Clevis Bracket	QR	→ A-34
Back-mounting plate	RP	→ A-35
Trunnion bracket (front)	TRF	→ A-38

\* The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.

#### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±1.0 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

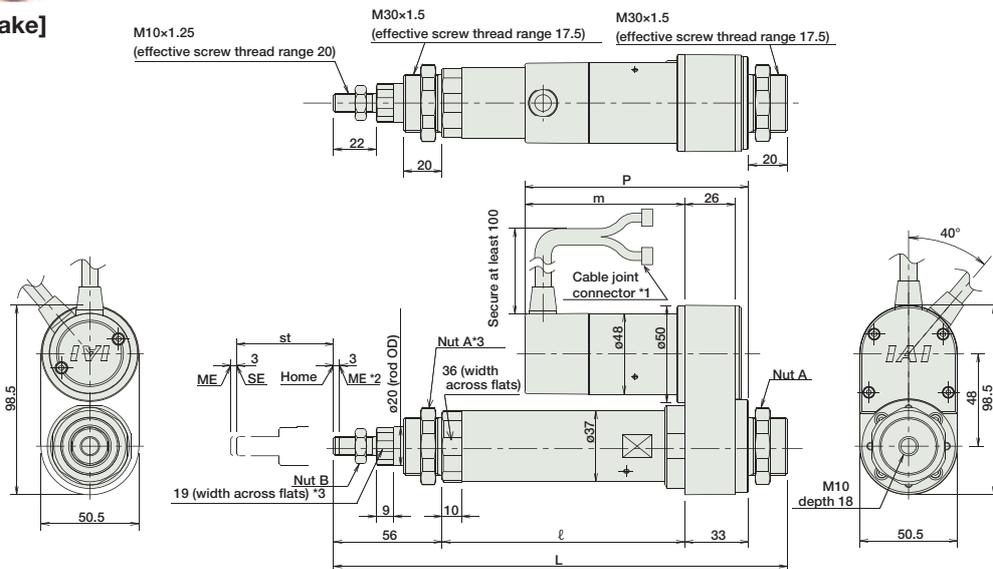


- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

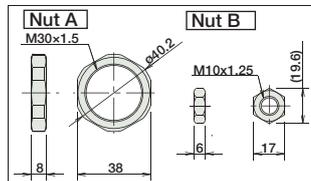
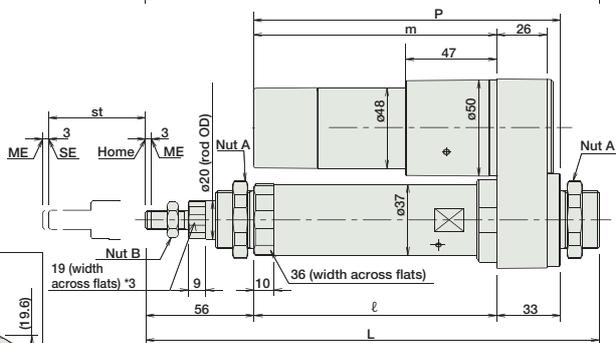
For Special Orders P. A-9

- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.

[No Brake]



[Brake-Equipped]



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA4R (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	234	284	334	384	434	484
	30W	234	284	334	384	434	484
ℓ	125	175	225	275	325	375	
m	20W	80.5					
	30W	95.5					
P	20W	113.5					
	30W	128.5					
Weight (kg)	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	

RCS2-RA4R (with brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	234	284	334	384	434	484
	30W	234	284	334	384	434	484
ℓ	125	175	225	275	325	375	
m	20W	123.5					
	30W	138.5					
P	20W	156.5					
	30W	171.5					
Weight (kg)	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20 ①-NP-2-② SCON-C-30D ①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20 ①-NP-2-② SSEL-C-1-30D ①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-20 ①-N1-EEE-2-④ XSEL-③-1-30D ①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).



Dimensions

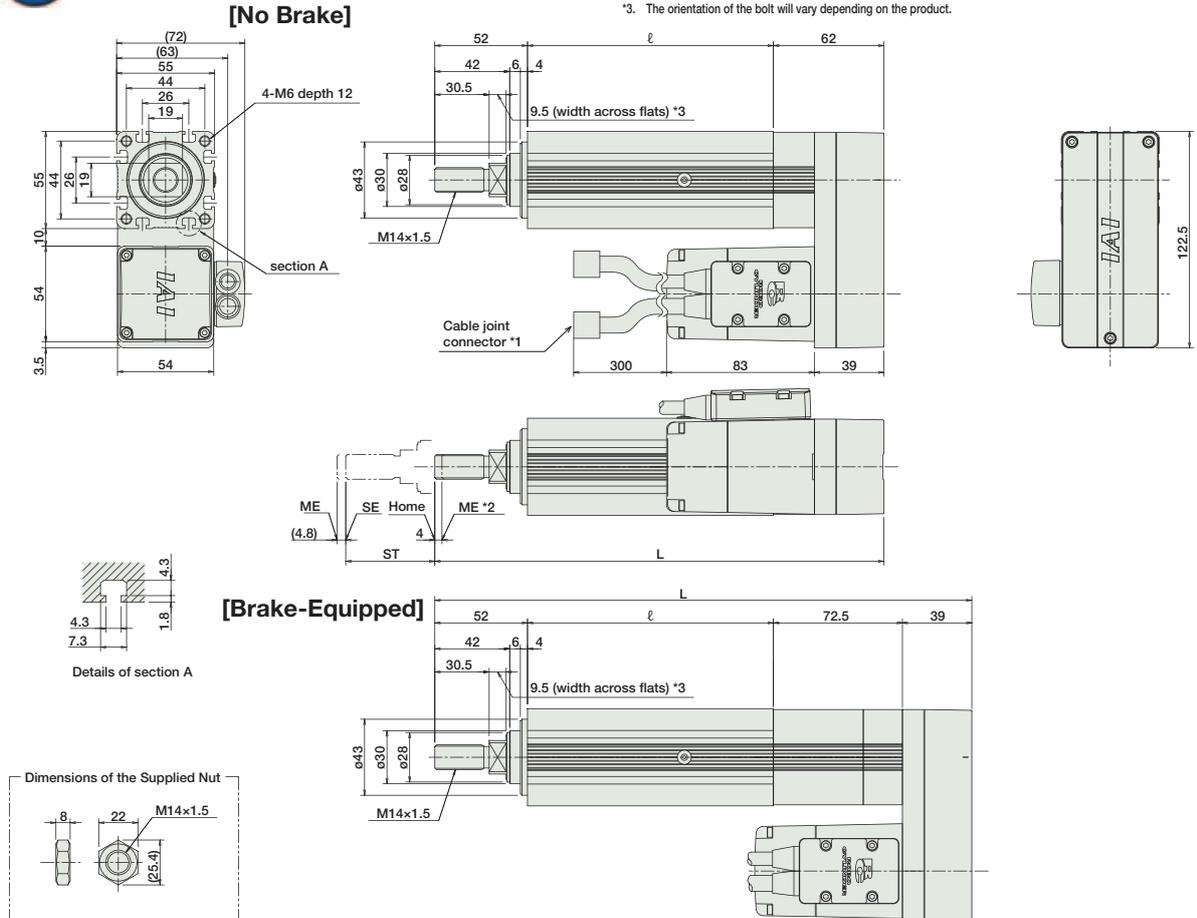
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders P. A-9

2/3D CAD

\* The RA5R is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects. ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end
- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.



■ Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA5R (without brake)						
Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300
L	252	302	352	402	452	502
ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388
Weight (kg)	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.8

RCS2-RA5R (with brake)						
Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300
L	301.5	351.5	401.5	451.5	501.5	551.5
ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388
Weight (kg)	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-60①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

# RCS2-RA13R RoboCylinder Ultra High Thrust Rod Type 130mm Width 230V Servo Motor Side-Mounted Motor

**Configuration:** **RCS2** -- **RA13R** --  -- **750** --  --  -- **T2** --  --

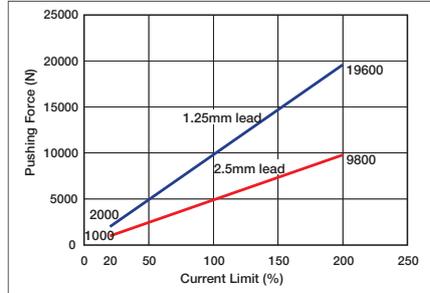
Series    Type    Encoder    Motor    Lead    Stroke    Compatible Controllers    Cable Length    Option

I : Incremental    A : Absolute    750 : 750W Servo Motor    2.5 : 2.5mm    1.25 : 1.25mm    50 : 50mm }    200 : 200mm (50mm pitch increments)    T1 : XSEL-KE/KET    T2 : SCON    SSEL    XSEL-P/Q    N : None    P : 1m    S : 3m    M : 5m    X  : Custom    R  : Robot cable    See Options below \* Please be sure to specify one of the codes for the motor mounting direction and the cable exit direction.

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



### Pushing Force vs. Current Limit



- Note:
- The correlation between the pushing force and the current limit are only rough guide values, and may deviate from the actual numbers.
  - The pushing force may be inconsistent if the current limit is low. Therefore, please set it at 20% or higher.
  - The travel speed while the pushing force is acting is fixed at 10mm/s. The graph shows pushing action at 10mm/s. Please note that the pushing force will decrease if the speed changes.
  - Depending on operational conditions, the pushing force may decrease due to the rise in the temperature of the motor.

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT** Notes on Selection
- When performing pushing operation, duration of continuous use is preset for the set pushing force. In addition, the continuous thrust (with load and duty factored in) must be less than the rated thrust. For details, please see selection reference material (→ A-71).
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.02G for 2.5mm-lead, and 0.01 for 1.25-lead. This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.
  - The brake option requires, in addition to the actuator and the controller, a brake box (see accessories on P248).

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Acceleration (G)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Continuous Pushing Force (N)	Maximum Push Force (N)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)				
RCS2-RA13R-①-750-2.5-②-T2-③-④	750	2.5	0.02	400	200	5106	3567	9800	50~200 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RA13R-①-750-1.25-②-T2-③-④		1.25	0.01	500	300	10211	7141	19600	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Cable length ④ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead (mm)	Stroke (mm)			
	50	100	150	200
2.5	85	120	125	
1.25	62			

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø32mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.01mm
Lost Motion	0.2mm or less
Rod Diameter	ø50mm (ball spline)
Allowable Load Moment of the Rod	120 N-m
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)
Push Force Service Life	10 million pushes (*1)

(\*1) The number of pushes are based on maximum pushing force and a distance of 1mm without load cell. With load cell this has to be replaced after 2 million pushes.

### Option List

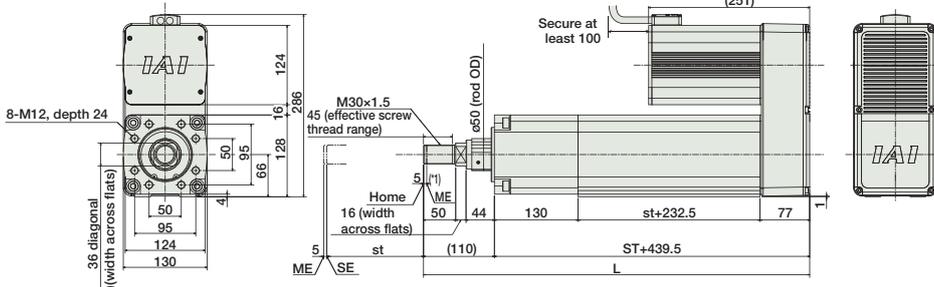
Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake (with brake box)	B	→ P248
Brake (without brake box)	BN	→ P248
Top-mounted motor	MT1/MT2/MT3	→ P248
Right-mounted motor	MR1/MR2	→ P248
Left-mounted motor	ML1/ML3	→ P248
Flange	FL	→ A-27
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Load cell (with cable track)	LCT	-
Load cell (without cable track)	LCN	-

Dimensions

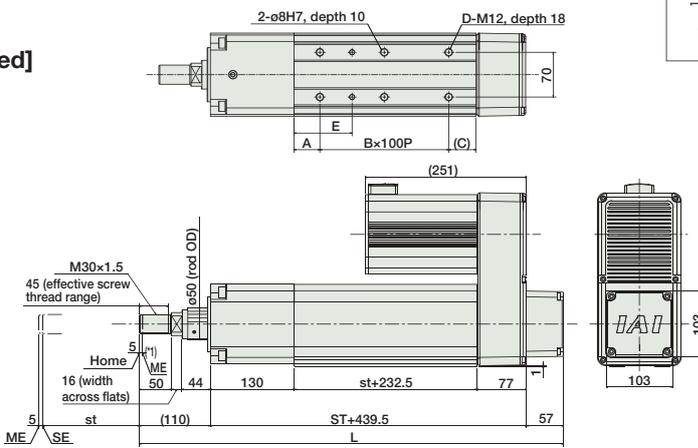
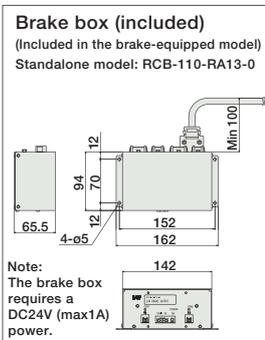
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



[No Brake]



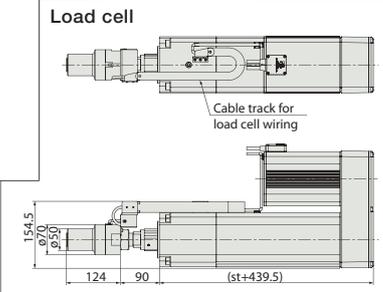
[Brake-Equipped]



Note: The brake-equipped model (option code: "-B") always comes with a brake box. If you want to order just the brake-equipped actuator, specify the option code "-BN".

For Special Orders P. A-9

- The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
  - When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.
  - The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.
- SE: Stroke end  
ME: Mechanical end



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RA13R (without brake)				
Stroke	50	100	150	200
L	599.5	649.5	699.5	749.5
A	40	65	40	65
B	2	2	3	3
C	42.5	67.5	42.5	67.5
D	6	6	8	8
E	90	115	90	115
Weight (kg)	33	34	35	36

RCS2-RA13R (with brake)				
Stroke	50	100	150	200
L	656.5	706.5	756.5	806.5
A	40	65	40	65
B	2	2	3	3
C	42.5	67.5	42.5	67.5
D	6	6	8	8
E	90	115	90	115
Weight (kg)	35	36	37	38

Motor-mounting direction / Cable exit direction (Options)

Note: Please be sure to specify one of the codes for the motor mounting direction and the cable exit direction.



Option Code	MT1	MT2	MT3	MR1	ML1	MR2	ML3
Motor-mounting direction	Top (standard)	Top	Top	Right	Left	Right	Left
Cable exit direction	Top (standard)	Right	Left	Top	Top	Right	Left

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-750⑤①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V Three-phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	1569VA max. *When operating a 750W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-750⑤①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-750⑤①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model. \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute). \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V). \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q"). \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V). \* ⑤ is a placeholder for the code "S", if the load cell option is specified.

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

# RCS2-RGS4C

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Single Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Coupled

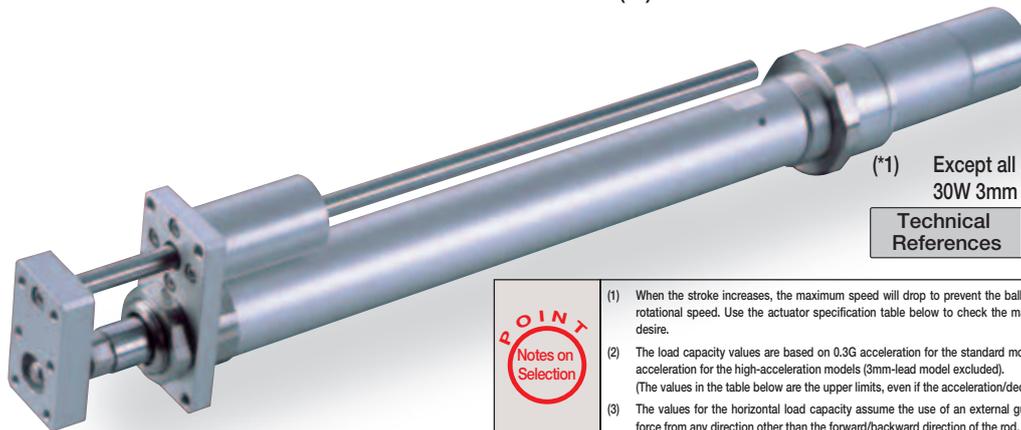
■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RGS4C** — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental A : Absolute	20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

**For High Acceleration/Deceleration**

(\*1)



(\*1) Except all 20W models and 30W 3mm lead models

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity values are based on 0.3G acceleration for the standard model (0.2G for 3mm-lead), and 1G acceleration for the high-acceleration models (3mm-lead model excluded). (The values in the table below are the upper limits, even if the acceleration/deceleration is decreased.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-81) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGS4C-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	0.5	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGS4C-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	1.5	37.7	
RCS2-RGS4C-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	3.5	75.4	
RCS2-RGS4C-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.0	28.3	
RCS2-RGS4C-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	2.5	56.6	
RCS2-RGS4C-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.0	113.1	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke Lead	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)	
	12	600
6	300	
3	150	

(Unit: mm/s)

## Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

## Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32
Home sensor (*2)	HS	→ A-32
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

(\*1) The high-acceleration/deceleration option is not available for all 20W models and 30W model with 3mm lead.

(\*2) The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.

## Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Single guide (guide rod diameter ø10mm, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.05 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

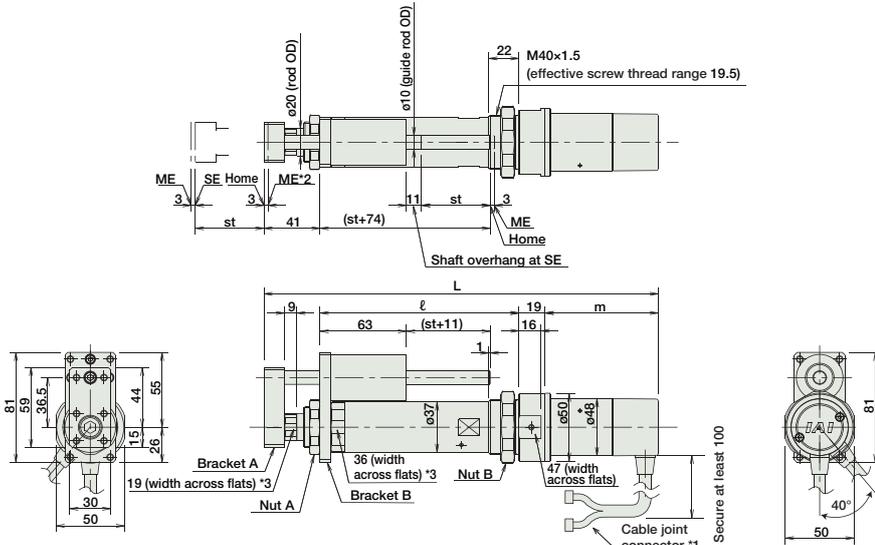


- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

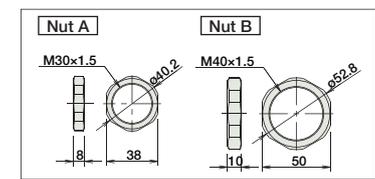
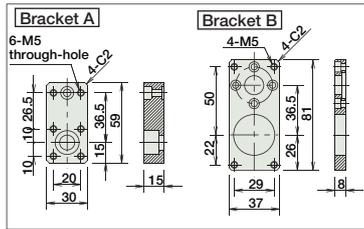
For Special Orders P. A-9

- \*3. The orientation of the bolt will vary depending on the product.

[No Brake]



[Brake-Equipped]



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RGS4C (without brake)							
Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	285.5	335.5	385.5	435.5	485.5	535.5
	30W	300.5	350.5	400.5	450.5	500.5	550.5
ℓ	145	195	245	295	345	395	
m	20W	80.5					
	30W	95.5					
Weight (kg)	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	

RCS2-RGS4C (with brake)							
Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	328.5	378.5	428.5	478.5	528.5	578.5
	30W	343.5	393.5	443.5	493.5	543.5	593.5
ℓ	145	195	245	295	345	395	
m	20W	123.5					
	30W	138.5					
Weight (kg)	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20①-NP-2-③ SCON-C-30D①②-NP-2-③	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V	Maximum 360VA  * Single-axis model operated at 150W	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points	Single-Phase AC 230V		
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)	3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)		
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20①-NP-2-③ SSEL-C-1-30D①②-NP-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-④-1-20①-N1-EEE-2-⑤ XSEL-④-1-30D①②-N1-EEE-2-⑤	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental, A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the code "HA" when the high acceleration/deceleration option is specified.  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: single-phase 115V, 2: single phase 230V).  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name (KE, KET, P, Q).  
 \* ⑤ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage type (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

# RCS2-RGS5C

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Single Guide ø55mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Coupled

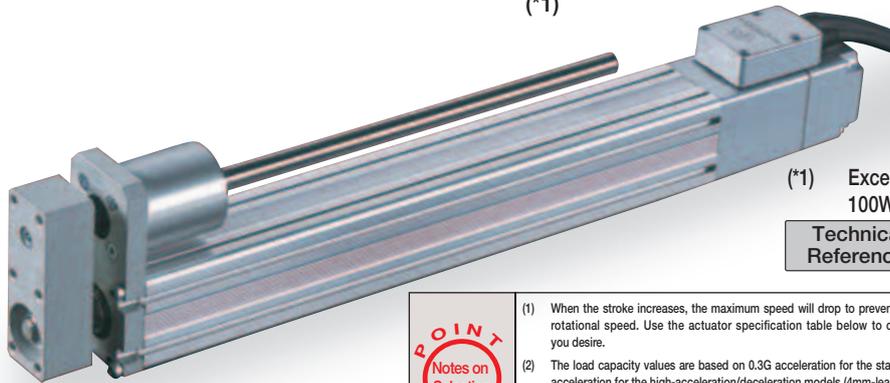
■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RGS5C** — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental A : Absolute	60 : 60W Servo Motor 100 : 100W Servo Motor	16 : 16mm 8 : 8mm 4 : 4mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

**For High Acceleration/Deceleration**

(\*1)



(\*1) Except all 60W models and 100W 4mm lead models

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity values are based on 0.3G acceleration for the standard model (0.2G for 4mm-lead), and 1G acceleration for the high-acceleration/deceleration models (4mm-lead excluded). (The values in the table below are the upper limits, even if the acceleration/deceleration is decreased.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-82) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGS5C-①-60-16-②-③-④-⑤	60	16	12.0	1.3	63.8	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGS5C-①-60-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	25.0	4.3	127.5	
RCS2-RGS5C-①-60-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	50.0	10.8	255.1	
RCS2-RGS5C-①-100-16-②-③-④-⑤	100	16	15.0	2.8	105.8	
RCS2-RGS5C-①-100-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	30.0	8.3	212.7	
RCS2-RGS5C-①-100-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	60.0	17.3	424.3	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 250 (50mm increments)	300 (mm)
16	800	755
8	400	377
4	200	188

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A2	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Guide mounting direction	GS2 ~ GS4	→ P252
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32

(\*1) The high-acceleration/deceleration option is not available for all 60W models and 100W model with 4mm lead.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Single guide (guide rod diameter ø12mm, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø30mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.1 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

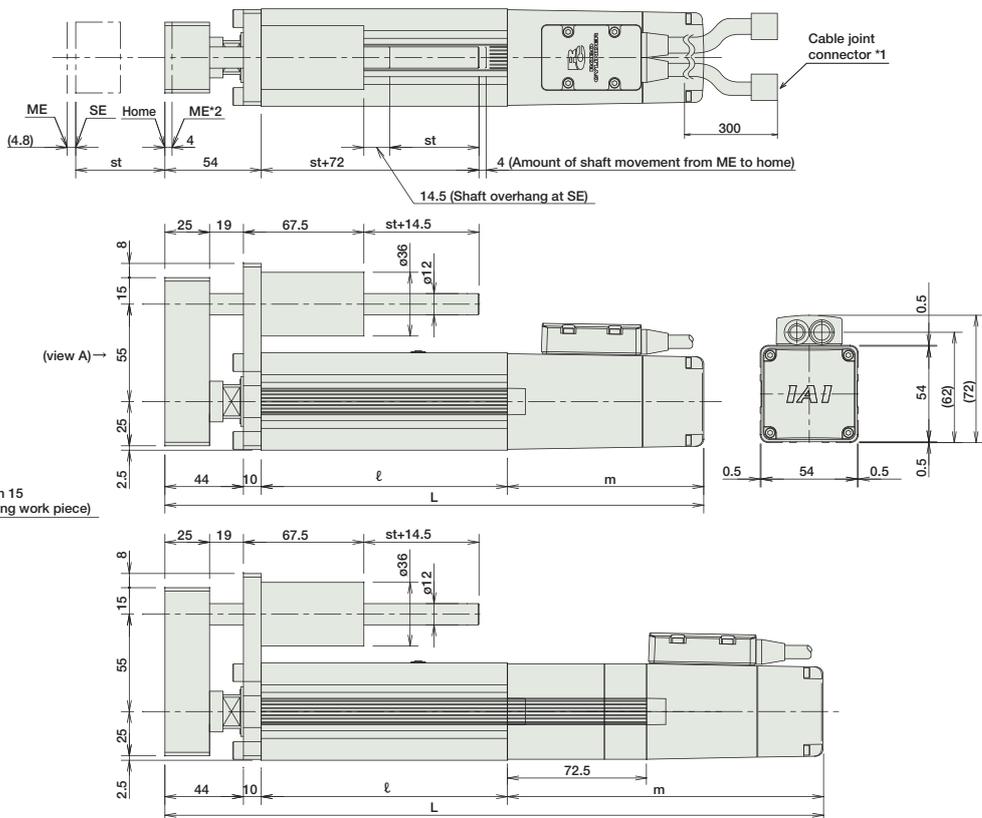
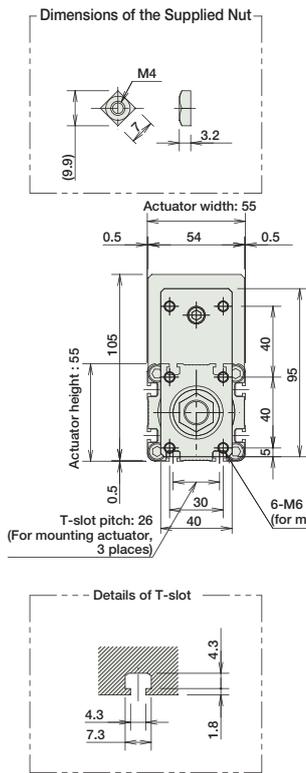
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

2/3D CAD

\* The RGS5C is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

For Special Orders P. A-9



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RGS5C (without brake)		Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	284	334	384	434	484	534		
	100W	302	352	402	452	502	552		
	ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388		
m	60W	92							
	100W	110							
	Weight (kg)	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.3		

RCS2-RGS5C (with brake)		Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	356.5	406.5	456.5	506.5	556.5	606.5		
	100W	374.5	424.5	474.5	524.5	574.5	624.5		
	ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388		
m	60W	164.5							
	100W	182.5							
	Weight (kg)	2.8	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.6		

Guide mounting direction (as viewed from view A)

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60①-NP-2-③ SCON-C-100①-②-NP-2-③	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	Maximum 360VA  * Single-axis model operated at 150W	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60①-NP-2-③ SSEL-C-1-100①-②-NP-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-④-1-60①-N1-EEE-2-⑤ XSEL-④-1-100①-②-N1-EEE-2-⑤	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental, A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the code "HA" when the high acceleration/deceleration option is specified.  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: single-phase 115V, 2: single phase 230V).  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name (KE, KET, P, Q).  
 \* ⑤ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage type (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

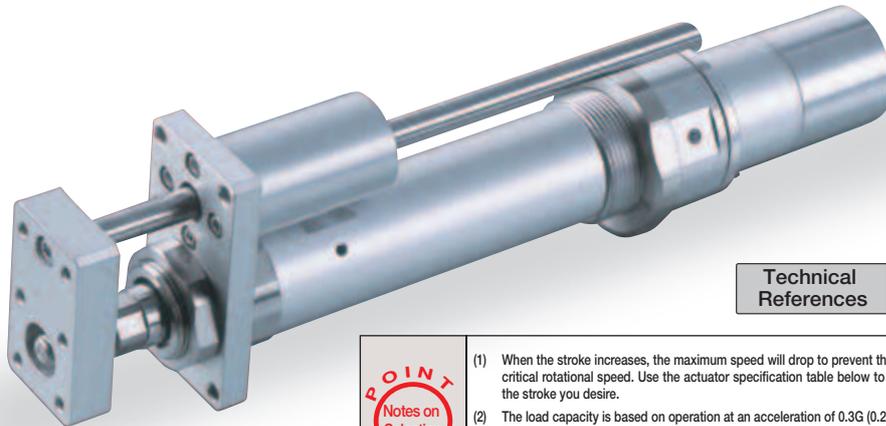
# RCS2-RGS4D

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Single Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Built-In Model

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RGS4D** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A : Absolute		60 : 60W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below	

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- (1) When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - (2) The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - (3) The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-82) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGS4D-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	0.5	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGS4D-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	1.5	37.7	
RCS2-RGS4D-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	3.5	75.4	
RCS2-RGS4D-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.0	28.3	
RCS2-RGS4D-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	2.5	56.6	
RCS2-RGS4D-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.0	113.1	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
	12
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Single guide (guide rod diameter ø10mm, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.05 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Home sensor	HS	→ A-32
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

\* The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

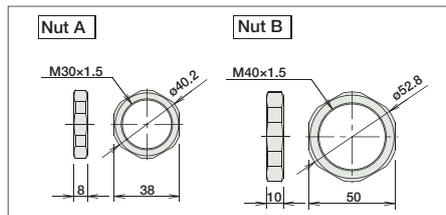
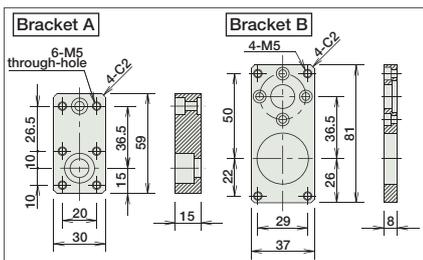
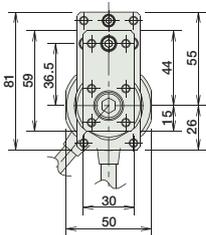
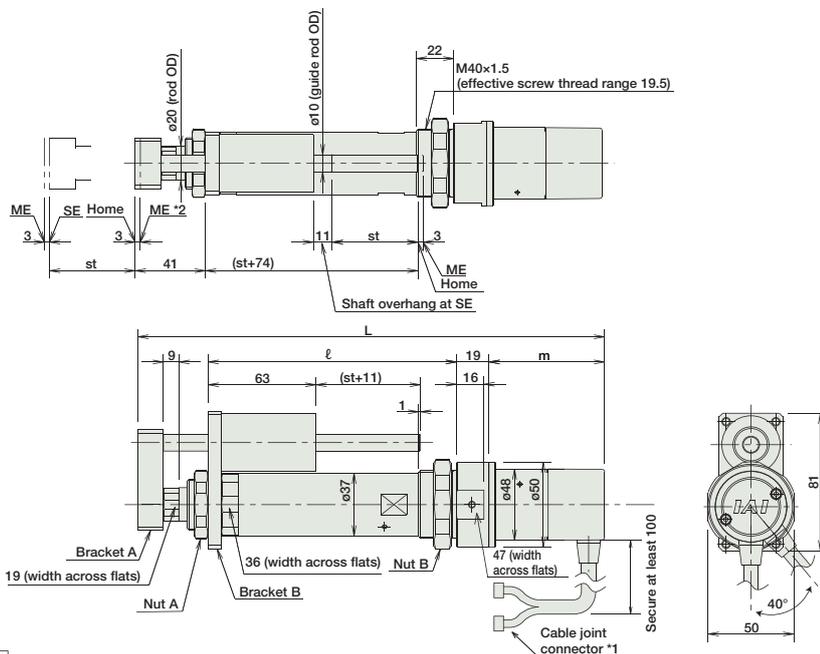
Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

For Special Orders P. A-9



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RGS4D (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	263.5	313.5	363.5	413.5	463.5	513.5
	30W	278.5	328.5	378.5	428.5	478.5	528.5
ℓ	145	195	245	295	345	395	
m	20W	58.5					
	30W	73.5					
Weight (kg)	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	

RCS2-RGS4D does not come in a brake-equipped configuration.

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20①-NP-2-② SCON-C-30D①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	Maximum 360VA  * Single-axis model operated at 150W	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20①-NP-2-② SSEL-C-1-30D①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-20①-N1-EEE-2-④ XSEL-③-1-30D①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

# RCS2-SRGS7BD

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Single Guide ø75mm Width 230V Servo Motor Short-Length Model

■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **SRGS7BD** — **I** — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental	60 : 60W Servo Motor 100 : 100W Servo Motor 150 : 150W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5



- (1) When operated at the rated acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the rated acceleration.
- (2) When operated at the maximum acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the maximum acceleration.
- (3) The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-82) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Rated Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Rated Acceleration		Max. Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Max. Acceleration		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-60-16-①-②-③-④	60	16	0.25	5	1.5	0.35	2.5	0.5	63	50~300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-60-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.15	10	4.5	0.25	5	2	127	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-60-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.05	20	9.5	0.15	10	4.5	254	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-100-16-①-②-③-④	100	16	0.3	10	3	0.4	5	1	103	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-100-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	22	8.5	0.3	10	4	207	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-100-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	40	19	0.2	20	8.5	414	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-150-16-①-②-③-④	150	16	0.3	15	6	0.4	7.5	2.5	157	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-150-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	35	14	0.3	17.5	6.5	314	
RCS2-SRGS7BD-I-150-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	55	22	0.2	27.5	10.5	628	

Legend ① Stroke ② Compatible controller ③ Cable length ④ Options

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead	Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
		16
8	400	
4	200	

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A1 ~ A3	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Guide mounting direction	GS2 ~ GS4	→ P256

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Single guide (guide rod diameter ø16, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø35mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.1 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



\*The SRGS7BD is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

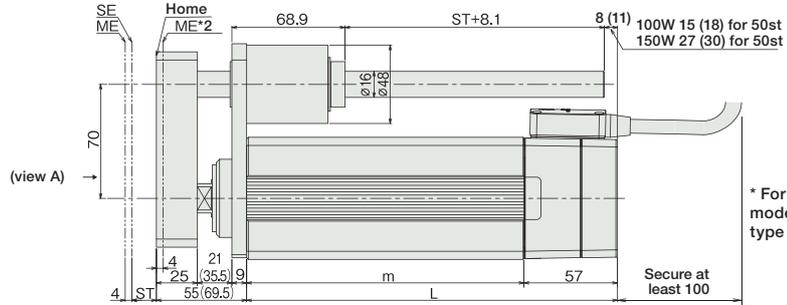
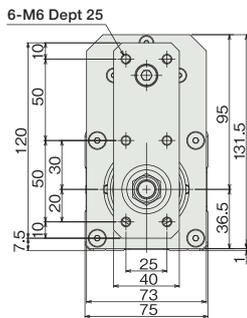
Note:

A slit is provided in the side of the actuator body to prevent pauses due to forward/backward operation. Please make a separate request for a dustproof/splash-proof model.

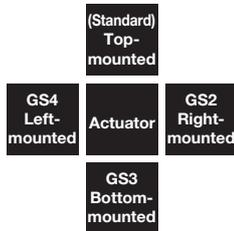
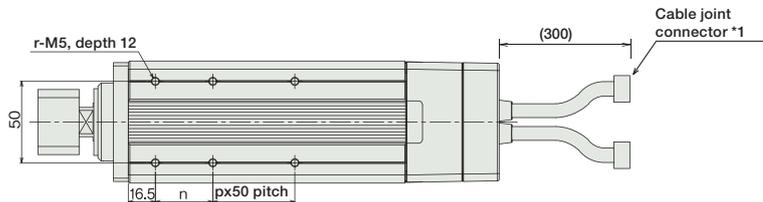
For Special Orders P. A-9

- The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end position; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.

ST: Stroke  
SE: Stroke end  
ME: Mechanical end



\* The value inside ( ) is the dimension for the extended rod tip model.



Guide mounting direction (as viewed from view A)

Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300
L	60W	126	176	226	276	326
	100W	133	176	226	276	326
	150W	145	176	226	276	326
m	60W	69	119	169	219	269
	100W	76	119	169	219	269
	150W	88	119	169	219	269
n	25	35	35	35	35	35
p	0	0	1	2	3	4
r	4	4	6	8	10	12
Weight (kg)	60W	3.5	4.1	4.8	5.4	6.1
	100W	3.7	4.3	4.9	5.6	6.2
	150W	4	4.5	5.1	5.8	6.4

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-①-I-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	Maximum 360VA * Single-axis model operated at 150W	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated for Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-①-I-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-①-I-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

Note: The SRGS7BD type actuator cannot be connected to the 5th and 6th axes of the XSEL-P/Q controller.

- \* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.
- \* ① is a place holder for the motor output (W) (60, 100, 150).
- \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).
- \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").
- \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /Flat Type

Mini

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom Type

Splash Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse Motor

Servo Motor (24V)

Servo Motor (230V)

Linear Motor

# RCS2-RGD4C

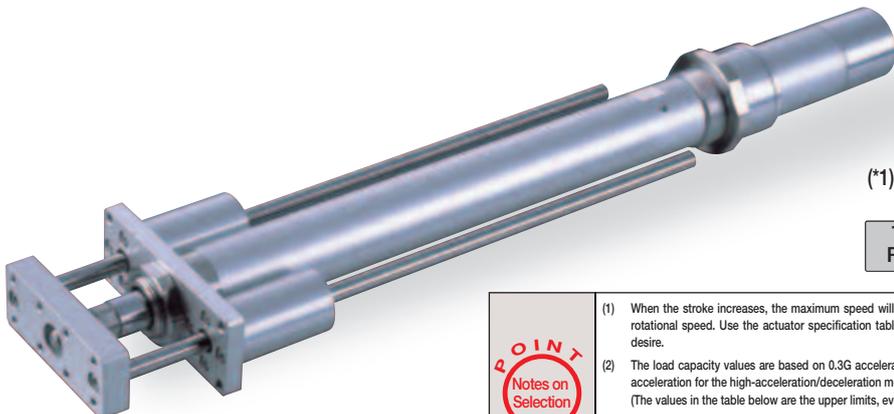
RoboCylinder Rod Type with Double Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Coupled

■ Configuration: **RCS2** — **RGD4C** — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental A : Absolute	20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

**For High Acceleration/Deceleration**



(\*1) Except all 20W models and 30W 3mm lead models

**Technical References** P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity values are based on 0.3G acceleration for the standard model (0.2G for 3mm-lead), and 1G acceleration for the high-acceleration/deceleration model (3mm-lead excluded). (The values in the table below are the upper limits, even if the acceleration/deceleration is decreased.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-83) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

**Actuator Specifications**

**Lead and Load Capacity**

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity	Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg) / Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGD4C-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0 / 0.5	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGD4C-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0 / 1.5	37.7	
RCS2-RGD4C-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0 / 3.5	75.4	
RCS2-RGD4C-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0 / 1.0	28.3	
RCS2-RGD4C-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0 / 2.5	56.6	
RCS2-RGD4C-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0 / 6.0	113.1	

**Stroke and Maximum Speed**

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
12	600
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

**Cable List**

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

**Actuator Specifications**

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Double guide (guide rod diameter ø10, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.05 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

**Option List**

Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32
Home sensor (*2)	HS	→ A-32
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

(\*1) The high-acceleration/deceleration option is not available for all 20W models and 30W model with 3mm lead.  
(\*2) The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.



# RCS2-RGD5C

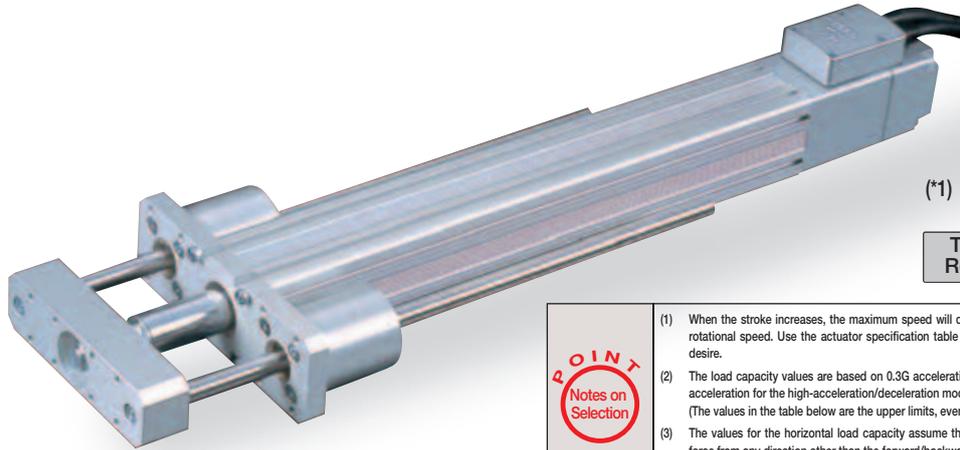
RoboCylinder Rod Type with Single Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Built-In Model

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RGD5C** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A : Absolute		60 : 60W Servo Motor 100 : 100W Servo Motor	16 : 16mm 8 : 8mm 4 : 4mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below	

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.

**For High Acceleration/Deceleration**



(\*1)

(\*1) Except all 60W models and 100W 4mm lead models

Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity values are based on 0.3G acceleration for the standard model (0.2G for 4mm-lead), and 1G acceleration for the high-acceleration/deceleration models (4mm-lead excluded). (The values in the table below are the upper limits, even if the acceleration/deceleration is decreased.)
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-83) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGD5C-①-60-16-②-③-④-⑤	60	16	12.0	1.3	63.8	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGD5C-①-60-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	25.0	4.3	127.5	
RCS2-RGD5C-①-60-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	50.0	10.8	255.1	
RCS2-RGD5C-①-100-16-②-③-④-⑤	100	16	15.0	2.8	105.8	
RCS2-RGD5C-①-100-8-②-③-④-⑤		8	30.0	8.3	212.7	
RCS2-RGD5C-①-100-4-②-③-④-⑤		4	60.0	17.3	424.3	

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke / Lead	50 ~ 250 (50mm increments)	300 (mm)
16	800	755
8	400	377
4	200	188

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A2	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
High-acceleration/deceleration (*1)	HA	→ A-32

(\*1) The high-acceleration/deceleration option is not available for all 60W models and 100W model with 4mm lead.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Double guide (guide rod diameter ø12, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø30mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.08 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

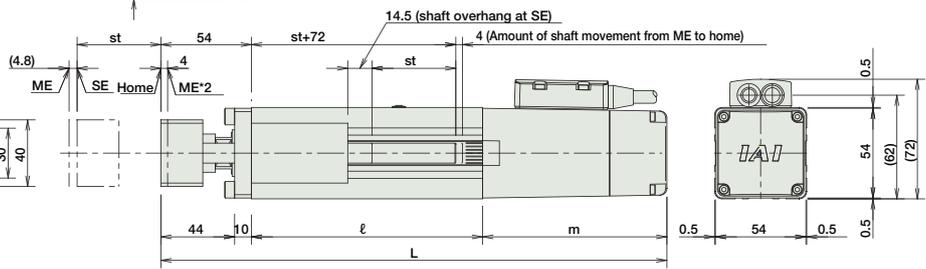
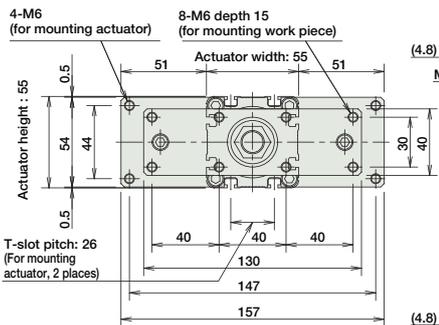
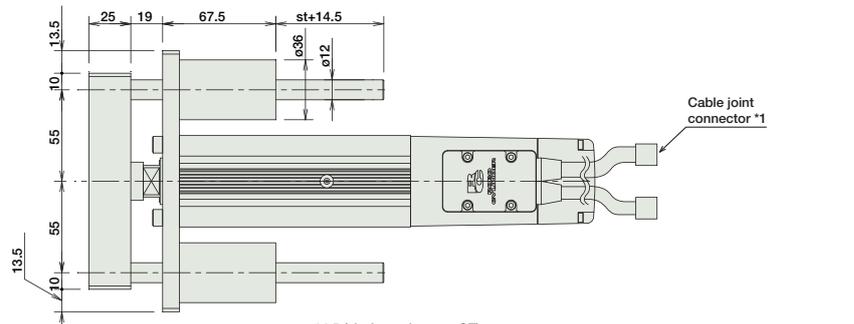
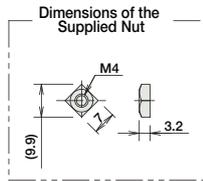
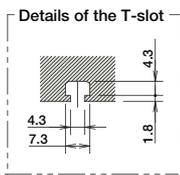
2/3D CAD

\*The RGD5C is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

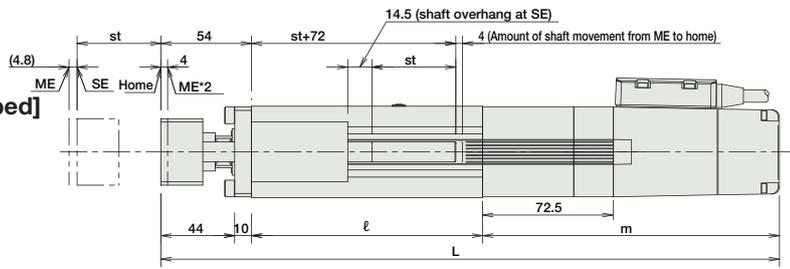
For Special Orders P. A-9

- \*1 The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

[No Brake]



[Brake-Equipped]



■ Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RGD5C (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	284	334	384	434	484	524
	100W	302	352	402	452	502	552
ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388	
m	60W	92					
	100W	110					
Weight (kg)	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	5.5	

RCS2-RGD5C (with brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	60W	356.5	406.5	456.5	506.5	556.5	606.5
	100W	374.5	424.5	474.5	524.5	574.5	624.5
ℓ	138	188	238	288	338	388	
m	60W	164.5					
	100W	182.5					
Weight (kg)	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.1	4.5	5.8	

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-60①-NP-2-③ SCON-C-100①②-NP-2-③	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-60①-NP-2-③ SSEL-C-1-100①②-NP-2-③	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-④-1-60①-N1-EEE-2-⑤ XSEL-④-1-100①②-N1-EEE-2-⑤	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

- \* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.
- ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental, A: absolute).
- ② is a placeholder for the code "HA" when the high acceleration/deceleration option is specified.
- ③ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: single-phase 115V, 2: single phase 230V).
- ④ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name (KE, KET, P, Q).
- ⑤ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage type (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

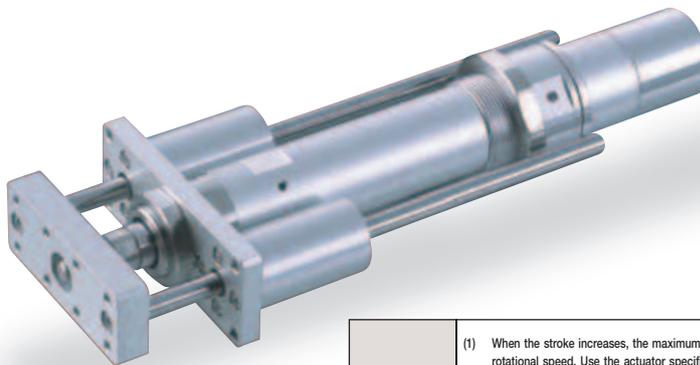
# RCS2-RGD4D

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Double Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Built-In Model

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RGD4D** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
I : Incremental A : Absolute			20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-83) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGD4D-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	0.5	18.9	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGD4D-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	1.5	37.7	
RCS2-RGD4D-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	3.5	75.4	
RCS2-RGD4D-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.0	28.3	
RCS2-RGD4D-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	2.5	56.6	
RCS2-RGD4D-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.0	113.1	

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
12	600
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

#### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Home sensor	HS	→ A-32
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Trunnion bracket (back)	TRR	→ A-38

\* The home sensor (HS) cannot be used on the reversed-home models.

#### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Double guide (guide rod diameter ø10, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.05 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

Dimensions

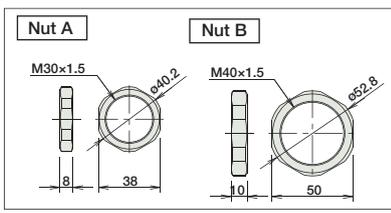
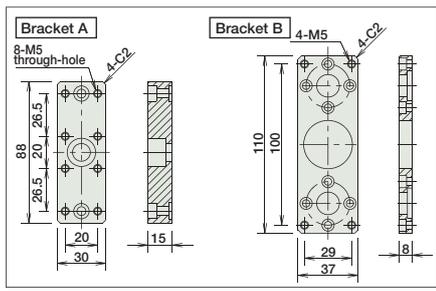
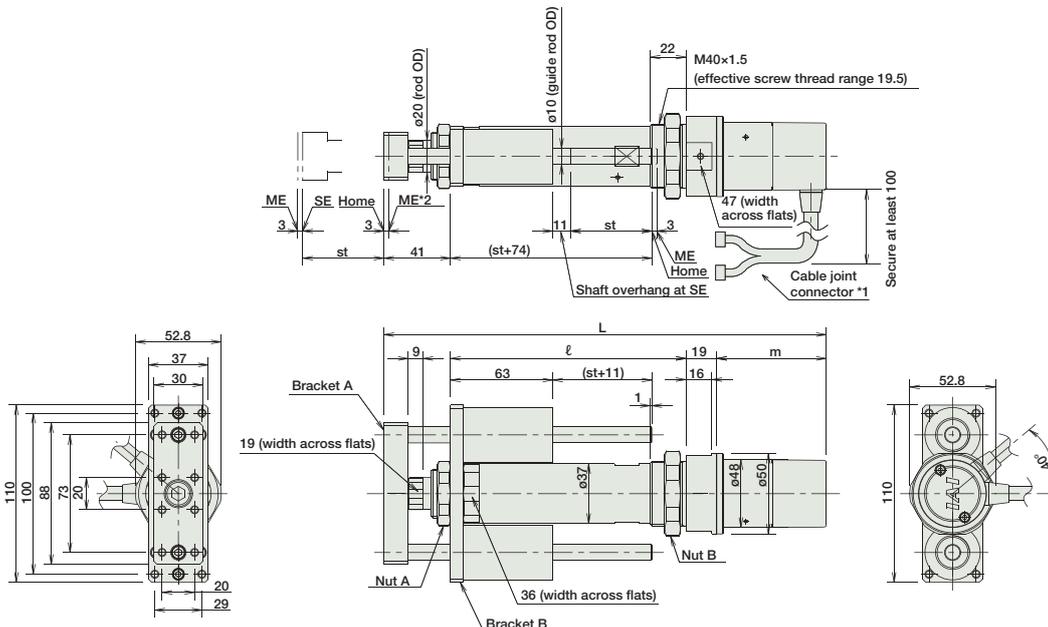
CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



- \*1. The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
- \*2. When homing, the rod moves to the ME; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.  
ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

For Special Orders P. A-9

[No Brake]



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

RCS2-RGD4D (without brake)

Stroke	50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	20W	263.5	313.5	363.5	413.5	463.5	513.5
	30W	278.5	328.5	378.5	428.5	478.5	528.5
ℓ	145	195	245	295	345	395	
m	20W	58.5					
	30W	73.5					
Weight (kg)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	

RCS2-RGD4D is not available in a brake-equipped configuration.

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20①-NP-2-② SCON-C-30D①-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-20①-NP-2-② SSEL-C-1-30D①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-20①-N1-EEE-2-④ XSEL-③-1-30D①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

# RCS2-SRGD7BD

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Double Guide 75mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor Short-Length Model

■ Configuration: **RCS2-SRGD7BD-I**

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental	60 : 60W Servo Motor 100 : 100W Servo Motor 150 : 150W Servo Motor	16 : 16mm 8 : 8mm 4 : 4mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X □ : Custom R □ : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5



- (1) When operated at the rated acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the rated acceleration.
- (2) When operated at the maximum acceleration, the maximum load capacity is the load capacity at the maximum acceleration.
- (3) The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod.  
See the technical resources (page A-83) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

## Actuator Specifications

### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Rated Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Rated Acceleration		Max. Acceleration (G)	Load Capacity at Max. Acceleration		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
				Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-60-16-①-②-③-④	60	16	0.25	5	1	0.35	2.5	(N/A)	63	50~300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-60-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.15	10	4	0.25	5	1.5	127	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-60-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.05	20	9	0.15	10	4	254	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-100-16-①-②-③-④	100	16	0.3	10	2.5	0.4	5	0.5	103	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-100-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	22	8	0.3	10	3.5	207	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-100-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	40	18.5	0.2	20	8	414	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-150-16-①-②-③-④	150	16	0.3	15	5.5	0.4	7.5	2	157	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-150-8-①-②-③-④		8	0.2	35	13.5	0.3	17.5	6	314	
RCS2-SRGD7BD-I-150-4-①-②-③-④		4	0.1	55	21.5	0.2	27.5	10	628	

Legend ① Stroke ② Compatible controller ③ Cable length ④ Options

### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Lead	Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
	16	800
8	400	
4	200	

(Unit: mm/s)

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Connector cable exit direction	A1 ~ A3	→ A-25
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø12mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Guide	Double guide (guide rod diameter ø16, Ball bush type)
Rod Diameter	ø35mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±0.08 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0 ~ 40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)

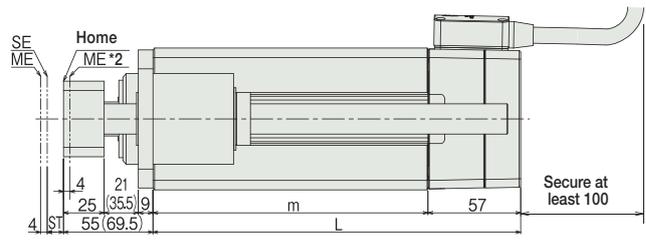
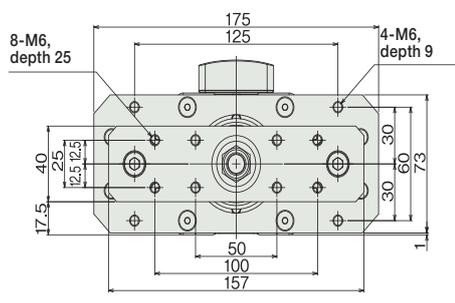
Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)

For Special Orders P. A-9

2/3D CAD

\*The SRGD7BD is not available in reversed-home configuration, due to its construction.

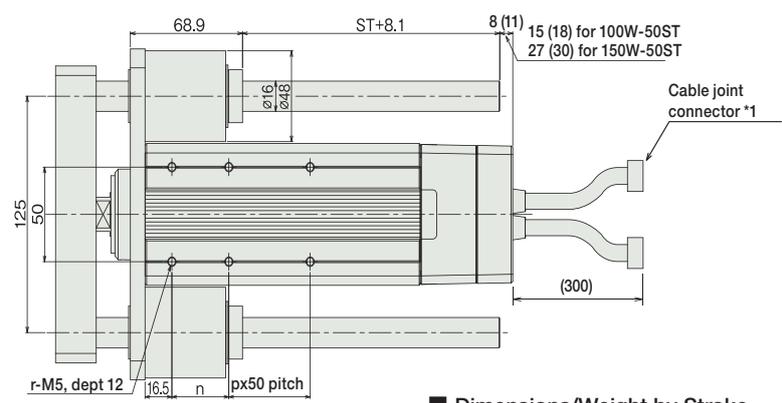


\* For brake-equipped model, see standard type (see P242)

\* The value inside ( ) is the dimension for the extended rod tip model.

**Note:**  
A slit is provided in the side of the actuator body to prevent pauses due to forward/backward operation. Please make a separate request for a dustproof/splash-proof model.

- \*1: The motor-encoder cable is connected here. See page A-39 for details on cables.
  - \*2 When homing, the rod moves to the mechanical end position; therefore, please watch for any interference with the surrounding objects.
- ST: Stroke  
SE: Stroke end  
ME: Mechanical end



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

	Stroke	Stroke					
		50	100	150	200	250	300
L	60W	126	176	226	276	326	376
	100W	133	176	226	276	326	376
	150W	145	176	226	276	326	376
m	60W	69	119	169	219	269	319
	100W	76	119	169	219	269	319
	150W	88	119	169	219	269	319
n		25	35	35	35	35	35
p		0	0	1	2	3	4
r		4	4	6	8	10	12
Weight (kg)	60W	4.3	5	5.7	6.4	7.2	7.9
	100W	4.5	5.1	5.9	6.6	7.3	8
	150W	4.8	5.3	6.1	6.8	7.5	8.2

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2 series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-①-I-NP-2-②	Positioning is possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V  Single-Phase AC 230V  3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	360VA max.  * When operating a 150W single-axis model	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operable with the same controls as the solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Dedicated to Pulse Train Input	(-)			
Program Control 1-2 Axes Type		SSEL-C-1-①-I-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program Control 1-6 Axes Type		XSEL-③-1-①-I-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Operation is possible on up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

**Note:** The SRGD7BD type actuator cannot be connected to the 5th and 6th axis of the XSEL-P/Q controller.

- \* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.
- \* ① is a placeholder for the motor output (W) (60, 100, 150).
- \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V).
- \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").
- \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, or 3: three-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

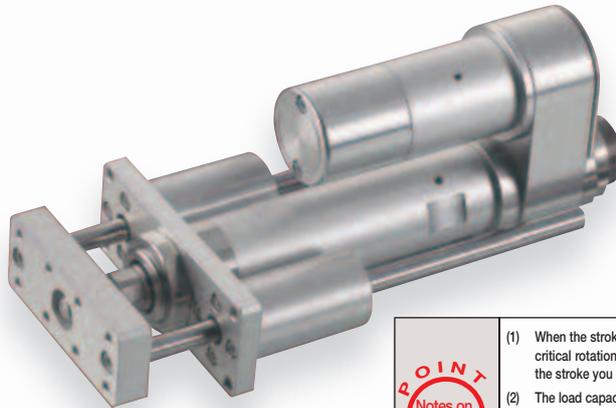
# RCS2-RGD4R

RoboCylinder Rod Type with Double Guide ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
Side-Mounted Motor

■ Configuration: **RCS2** -- **RGD4R** -- **I** -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ] -- [ ]

Series	Type	Encoder	Motor	Lead	Stroke	Compatible Controllers	Cable Length	Option
		I : Incremental A : Absolute	20 : 20W Servo Motor 30 : 30W Servo Motor	12 : 12mm 6 : 6mm 3 : 3mm	50 : 50mm 300 : 300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET T2 : SCON SSEL XSEL-P/Q	N : None P : 1m S : 3m M : 5m X [ ] : Custom R [ ] : Robot cable	See Options below

\* See page Pre-35 for an explanation of the naming convention.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). This is the upper limit of the acceleration.
  - The values for the horizontal load capacity assume the use of an external guide, so that there is no external force from any direction other than the forward/backward direction of the rod. See the technical resources (page A-83) for the allowable weight using the supplied guide alone.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. Load Capacity		Rated Thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal (kg)	Vertical (kg)		
RCS2-RGD4R-①-20-12-②-③-④-⑤	20	12	3.0	0.5	18.9	50~300 (50mm increments)
RCS2-RGD4R-①-20-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	6.0	1.5	37.7	
RCS2-RGD4R-①-20-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	12.0	3.5	75.4	
RCS2-RGD4R-①-30-12-②-③-④-⑤	30	12	4.0	1.0	28.3	
RCS2-RGD4R-①-30-6-②-③-④-⑤		6	9.0	2.5	56.6	
RCS2-RGD4R-①-30-3-②-③-④-⑤		3	18.0	6.0	113.1	

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke	50 ~ 300 (50mm increments)
12	600
6	300
3	150

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend: ① Encoder ② Stroke ③ Compatible controller ④ Cable length ⑤ Options

#### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol
Standard	P (1m)
	S (3m)
	M (5m)
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)
Robot Cable	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)
	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

#### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page
Brake	B	→ A-25
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29
Flange bracket (back)	FLR	→ A-28
Home sensor	HS	→ A-32
Reversed-home	NM	→ A-33
Clevis Bracket	QR	→ A-34
Back-mounting plate	RP	→ A-35

#### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod Diameter	ø20mm
Non-rotating accuracy of rod	±1.0 deg
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0~40°C, 85% RH or less (non-condensing)



# RCS2W-RA4C/RA4D/RA4R

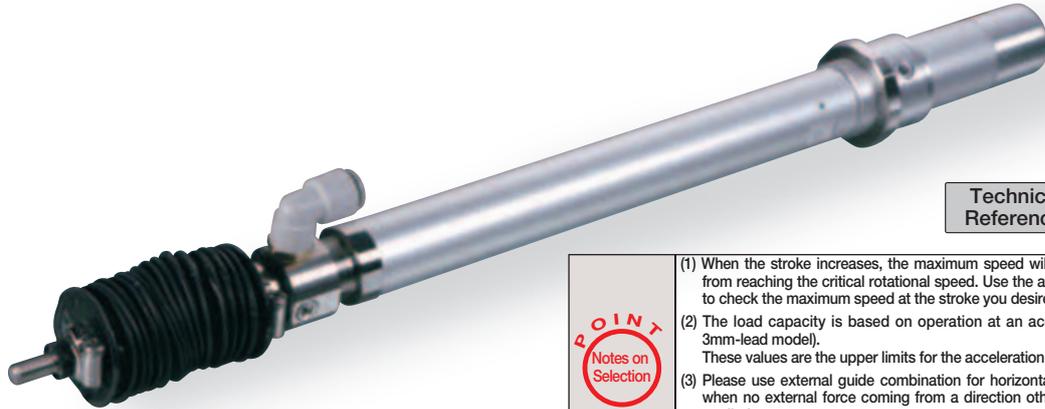
RoboCylinder Splash-proof Rod Type  
 ø37mm Diameter 230V Servo Motor  
 Coupled/Built-in/Side-Mounted Motor Specification

■ Configuration: RCS2W— [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ] — [ ]

Series — Type — Encoder — Motor — Lead — Stroke — Compatible Controllers — Cable Length — Option

RA4C: Coupled type	I : Incremental Type	20 : 20W servo motor	12 : 12mm	50:50mm	T1 : XSEL-KE/KET	N : None	See Options below
RA4D Built-in	A : Absolute Type	30 : 30W servo motor	6 : 6mm	300:300mm (50mm pitch increments)	T2 : SCON	P : 1m	
RA4R: Side-Mounted Motor			3 : 3mm		SSEL XEL-P/Q	S : 3m	
						M : 5m	
						X [ ] [ ] : Custom Length	
						R [ ] [ ] : Robot Cable	

\* See page Pre-35 for explanation of each code that makes up the configuration name.



Technical References P. A-5

- POINT**  
Notes on Selection
- When the stroke increases, the maximum speed will drop to prevent the ball screw from reaching the critical rotational speed. Use the actuator specification table below to check the maximum speed at the stroke you desire.
  - The load capacity is based on operation at an acceleration of 0.3G (0.2G for the 3mm-lead model). These values are the upper limits for the acceleration.
  - Please use external guide combination for horizontal load capacity; the value is for when no external force coming from a direction other than that of rod's advance is applied.
  - The cable joint connector is not splash-proof; secure it in a place that is not prone to water spills.

### Actuator Specifications

#### Lead and Load Capacity

Model	Motor Output (W)	Lead (mm)	Max. load capacity		Rated thrust (N)	Stroke (mm)
			Horizontal(kg)	Vertical(kg)		
RCS2W-①-②-20-12-③-④-⑤-⑥	20	12	3.0	1.0	18.9	50-300 (50mm increments)
RCS2W-①-②-20-6-③-④-⑤-⑥		6	6.0	2.0	37.7	
RCS2W-①-②-20-3-③-④-⑤-⑥		3	12.0	4.0	75.4	
RCS2W-①-②-30-12-③-④-⑤-⑥	30	12	4.0	1.5	28.3	
RCS2W-①-②-30-6-③-④-⑤-⑥		6	9.0	3.0	56.6	
RCS2W-①-②-30-3-③-④-⑤-⑥		3	18.0	6.5	113.1	

#### Stroke and Maximum Speed

Stroke Lead	50-300 (50mm increments)	
	Stroke (mm)	50-300 (50mm increments)
12	600	
6	300	
3	150	

(Unit: mm/s)

Legend ① Type ② Encoder ③ Stroke ④ Compatible controller ⑤ Cable length ⑥ Options

### Cable List

Type	Cable Symbol	
Standard	P (1m)	
	S (3m)	
	M (5m)	
Special Lengths	X06 (6m) ~ X10 (10m)	
	X11 (11m) ~ X15 (15m)	
	X16 (16m) ~ X20 (20m)	
	R01 (1m) ~ R03 (3m)	
Robot Cable	R04 (4m) ~ R05 (5m)	
	R06 (6m) ~ R10 (10m)	
	R11 (11m) ~ R15 (15m)	
	R16 (16m) ~ R20 (20m)	

\* See page A-39 for cables for maintenance.

### Actuator Specifications

Item	Description
Drive System	Ball screw ø10mm C10 grade
Positioning Repeatability	±0.02mm
Lost Motion	0.1 mm or less
Base	Material: Aluminum (white alumite treated)
Rod diameter	ø20mm
Rod non-rotational accuracy	±1.0 degrees
Protection Structure	IP54
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0~40°C, 85%RH or less (Non-condensing)

### Option List

Name	Option Code	See Page	
Brake (*1)	B	→ A-25	
Flange bracket	FL	→ A-27	
Foot bracket	FT	→ A-29	
Home confirmation sensor (*2)	HS	→ A-32	
Knuckle Joint	NJ	→ A-34	
Reversed-home (*2)	NM	→ A-33	
Clevis Bracket (*3)	QR	→ A-34	
Rear mounting plate (*3)	RP	→ A-33	
Trunnion Bracket (Front) (*4)	TRF	→ A-38	
Trunnion Bracket (Back) (*4)	TRR	→ A-38	

- (\*1) No brake setting for RA4D.  
 (\*2) Home sensor (HS) can't be used under reversed-home (NM).  
 (\*3) Clevis bracket and rear mounting plate only available for RA4R.  
 (\*4) Trunnion bracket only available for RA4C/RA4D.

Dimensions

CAD drawings can be downloaded from IAI website. [www.robocylinder.de](http://www.robocylinder.de)



Note: No 3D CAD data for RA4D type.

For Special Orders



Dimensions/Weight by Stroke

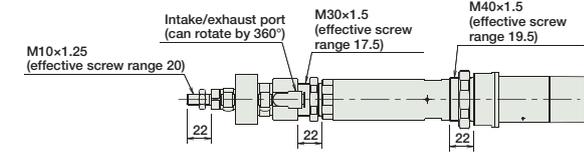
RCS2W-RA4C/RA4D/RA4R (without brake)

Stroke		50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	RA4C	20W	358.4	418.4	478.4	538.4	599.4	660.4
		30W	373.4	433.4	493.4	553.4	614.4	675.4
	RA4D	20W	336.4	396.4	456.4	516.4	577.4	638.4
		30W	351.4	411.4	471.4	531.4	592.4	653.4
	RA4R	20W	299.9	359.9	419.9	479.9	540.9	601.9
		30W	299.9	359.9	419.9	479.9	540.9	601.9
r	RA4C	20W	137	187	237	287	337	387
		30W	137	187	237	287	337	387
	RA4D	20W	137	187	237	287	337	387
		30W	137	187	237	287	337	387
	RA4R	20W	125	175	225	275	325	375
		30W	125	175	225	275	325	375
m	RA4C	20W	80.5					
		30W	95.5					
	RA4D	20W	58.5					
		30W	73.5					
	RA4R	20W	80.5					
		30W	95.5					
n	RA4C	20W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
		30W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
	RA4D	20W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
		30W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
	RA4R	20W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
		30W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
Weight (kg)	RA4C	20W/30W	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1
	RA4D	20W/30W	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1
	RA4R	20W/30W	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3

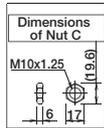
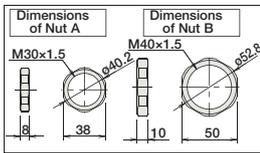
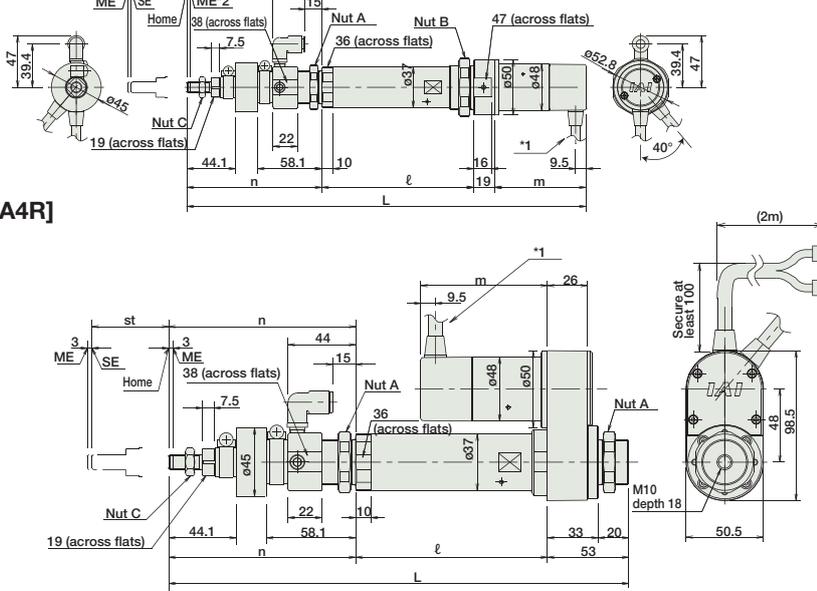
RCS2W-RA4C/RA4D/RA4R (with brake)

Stroke		50	100	150	200	250	300	
L	RA4C	20W	401.4	461.4	521.4	581.4	642.4	703.4
		30W	416.4	476.4	536.4	596.4	657.4	718.4
	RA4D	20W	No brake-equipped model.					
		30W	No brake-equipped model.					
	RA4R	20W	299.9	359.9	419.9	479.9	540.9	601.9
		30W	299.9	359.9	419.9	479.9	540.9	601.9
ℓ	RA4C	20W	137	187	237	287	337	387
		30W	137	187	237	287	337	387
	RA4D	20W	No brake-equipped model.					
		30W	No brake-equipped model.					
	RA4R	20W	125	175	225	275	325	375
		30W	125	175	225	275	325	375
m	RA4C	20W	123.5					
		30W	138.5					
	RA4D	20W	No brake-equipped model.					
		30W	No brake-equipped model.					
	RA4R	20W	123.5					
		30W	138.5					
n	RA4C	20W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
		30W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
	RA4D	20W	No brake-equipped model.					
		30W	No brake-equipped model.					
	RA4R	20W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
		30W	121.9	131.9	141.9	151.9	162.9	173.9
Weight (kg)	RA4C	20W/30W	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3
	RA4D	20W/30W	-					
	RA4R	20W/30W	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5

[RA4C/RA4D]



[RA4R]



Note:

Do not apply any external force on the rod from any direction other than the direction of the rod's motion. If a force is exerted on the rod in a perpendicular or rotational direction, the detent may become damaged.

Compatible Controllers

The RCS2W series actuators can operate with the controllers below. Select the controller according to your usage.

Name	External View	Model	Description	Max. Positioning Points	Input Voltage	Power Supply Capacity	See Page
Positioner Mode		SCON-C-20 ①-NP-2-② SCON-C-30D ①-NP-2-②	Positioning possible for up to 512 points	512 points	Single-Phase AC 115V Single-Phase AC 230V 3-Phase AC 230V (XSEL-P/Q only)	126 VA max. * It depends on the controller type. Please refer each controller manual in detail.	→ P547
Solenoid Valve Mode			Operation possible with the same controls as solenoid valve.	7 points			
Serial Communication Type			Dedicated to serial communication	64 points			
Pulse Train Input Control Type			Open Collector Pulse Train Input Type	(-)			
Program control 1-2 Axes type		SSEL-C-1-20 ①-NP-2-② SSEL-C-1-30D ①-NP-2-②	Programmed operation is possible Can operate up to 2 axes	20000 points			→ P577
Program control 1-6 Axes type		XSEL-③-1-20 ①-N1-EEE-2-④ XSEL-③-1-30D ①-N1-EEE-2-④	Programmed operation is possible Can operate up to 6 axes	20000 points			→ P587

\* For SSEL and XSEL, only applicable to the single-axis model.  
 \* ① is a placeholder for the encoder type (I: incremental / A: absolute).  
 \* ② is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, or 2: single-phase 230V).  
 \* ③ is a placeholder for the XSEL type name ("KE", "KET", "P", or "Q").  
 \* ④ is a placeholder for the power supply voltage (1: 115V, 2: single-phase 230V, 3: 3-phase 230V).

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

# SCON

## Models C / CA

Position Controllers  
For RCS2 series



C

CA

### List of models

There are 2 I/O types of SCON controllers: standard specifications in which operation is performed via PIO or pulse train input, and network specifications for operation via connection to a field network. Incremental specifications and absolute specifications are available for both types. However, only incremental specified operations are available when operating via the pulse train input.

Type	C / CA					CA						
I/O type	Standard specifications					Network connection specifications (optional)						
External View												
Description	Positioning mode, Teaching mode Solenoid valve mode, Force mode (*1)		Pulse train mode (*2)	DeviceNet	CC-Link	ProfiBus	ProfiNet	MechatroLink	CompoNet	EtherCAT	Ethernet/IP	Sercos III (*3)
Position points	Max. 512 points		(-)	Max. 512 points								
I/O type symbol	NP/PN		DV	CC	PR	PN	ML	CN	EC	EP	SC	
Compatible encoder	Incremental / Absolute		Incremental	Incremental / Absolute								

\*Always use a noise filter for power supplies. (See P548)

(Caution) Note that with the network specifications, neither control via pulse train nor PIO is available.

(\*1) Force mode is only supported by SCON-CA. (\*2) If the controller is operated in pulse-train mode, only an incremental encoder can be used. (\*3) Planned industrial ethernet interface.

### Model

**SCON** - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]

Series      Type      Motor      Encoder      Option      I/O Type      I/O Cable Length      Power/Voltage

<b>C</b> Standard Type				<b>HA</b> High Accel./Decel.			<b>1</b> Single-phase AC115V
<b>CA</b> High-function Type							<b>2</b> Single-phase AC230V

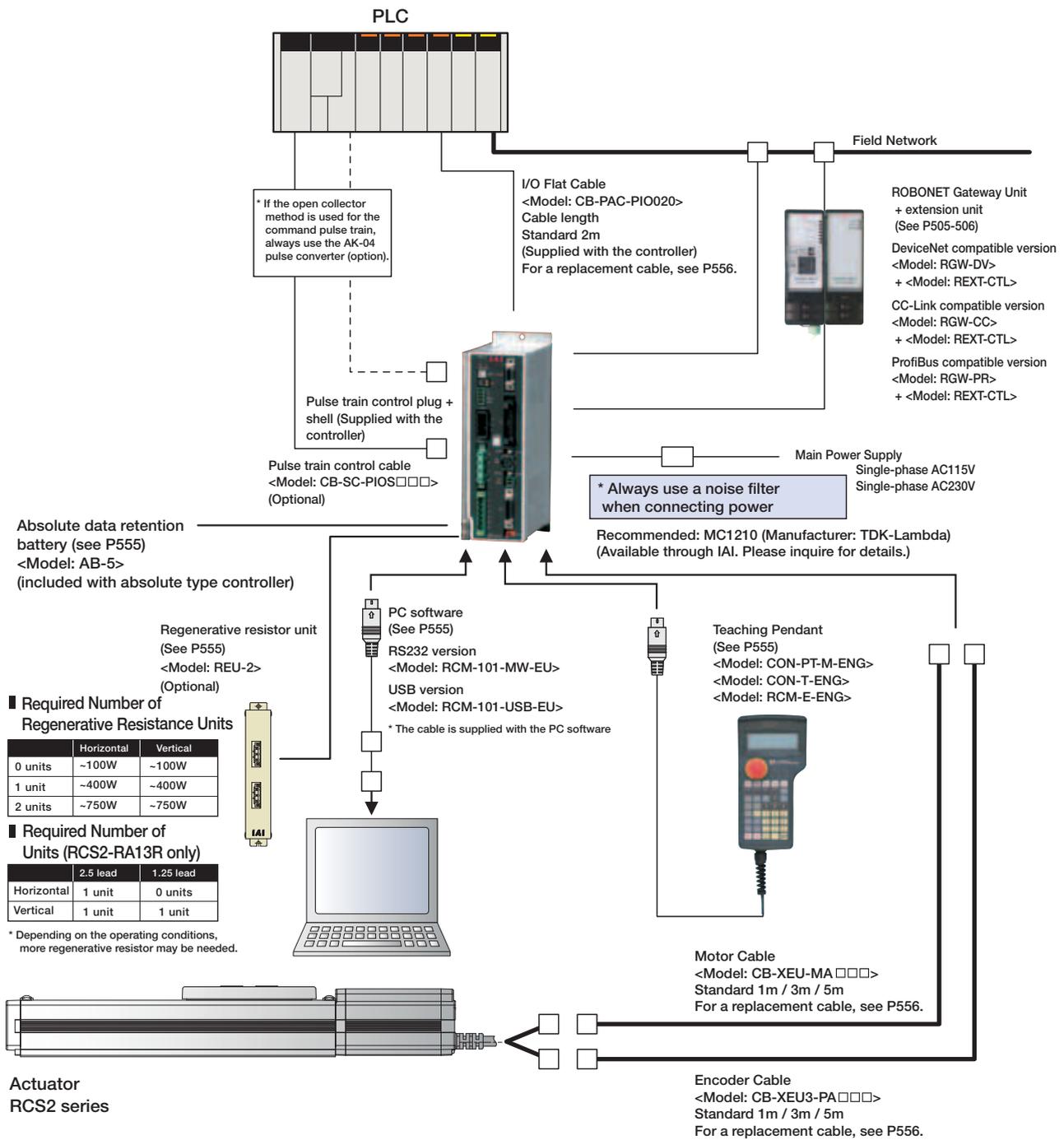
<b>12</b> 12W motor	<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>NP</b> PIO NPN	<b>0</b> No cable (*)
<b>20</b> 20W motor	<b>A</b> Absolute	<b>PN</b> PIO PNP (standard)	<b>2</b> 2m (standard)
<b>30D</b> 30W motor (for RCS2)		<b>DV</b> DeviceNet	<b>3</b> 3m
<b>30R</b> 30W motor (for RS)		<b>CC</b> CC-Link	<b>5</b> 5m
<b>60</b> 60W motor		<b>PR</b> ProfiBus	
<b>100</b> 100W motor		<b>PN</b> ProfiNet	
<b>150</b> 150W motor		<b>ML</b> MechatroLink	
<b>200</b> 200W motor		<b>CN</b> CompoNet	
<b>300</b> 300W motor		<b>EC</b> EtherCAT	
<b>400</b> 400W motor		<b>EP</b> Ethernet/IP	
<b>600</b> 600W motor		<b>SC</b> Sercos III (*)	
<b>750</b> 750W motor			
<b>750S</b> 750W motor (for RCS2-RA13R-LC)			

\* Planned industrial ethernet interface

The network models PN, ML, CN, EC, SC, and EP support CA type only.

\* If DV, CC, PR, PN, ML, CN, EC, SC or EP is selected for the I/O type, specify "0" (no cable) for the I/O cable.

System configuration



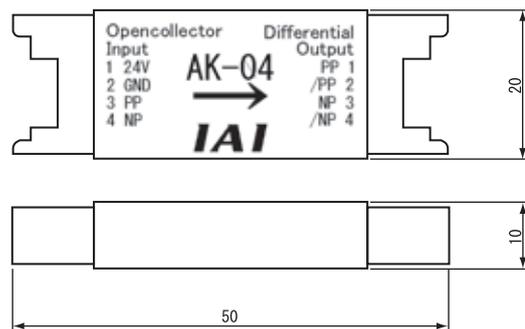
Pulse converter AK-04 (option)

Description: Pulse converter (model: AK-04) + I/O e-CON connector  
Use this converter if output pulses from the host controller are of open collector specification. This converter is used to convert the open-collector command output pulses from the host controller to differential pulses. Converting open collector pulses to differential pulses improves noise resistance.  
Two phases of differential pulses equivalent to those from the line driver 26C31 are output. The e-CON connector is used as an input/output connector to simplify the field wiring.

Basic Specifications

- Input power : DC24V±10% (Max. 50mA)
- Input pulse : Open collector (collector current Max. 12mA)
- Input frequency : 200 kHz or less
- Output pulse : 26C31 equivalent differential output (Max. 10mA)
- External dimensions : See the figure at right (cable connector not included)
- Weight : 10g or less (cable connector not included)
- Accessories : I/O e-CON connector  
3M 37104-3122-000FL

(Applicable wire: AWG No. 24 to 26, 0.14 to less than 0.3mm<sup>2</sup>)  
Outer diameter of finished wire 1.0 to 1.2mm

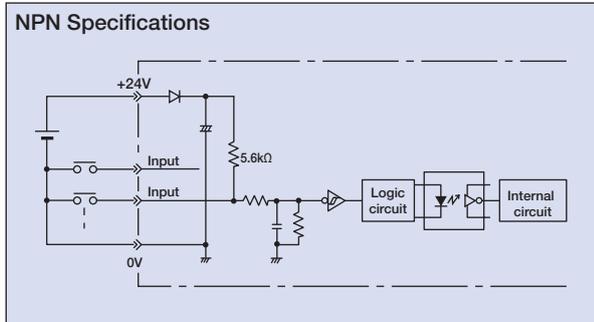


- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /FlatType
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

## I/O Specifications

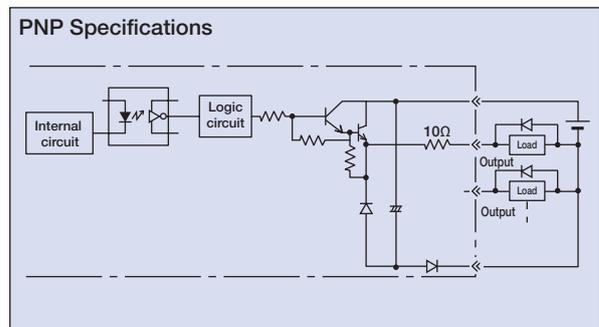
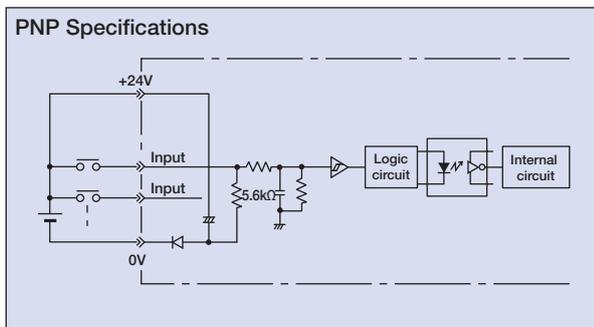
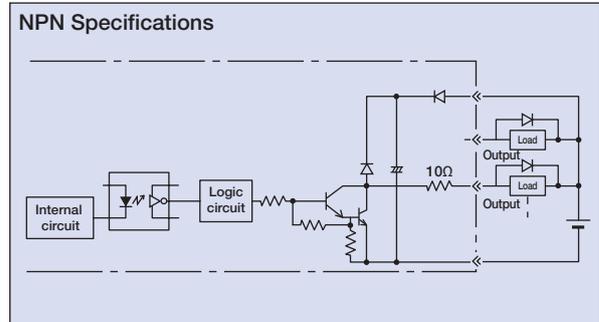
### Input section External input specifications

Item	Specifications
Input voltage	DC24V ±10%
Input current	4mA / 1 point
ON/OFF power supply	ON voltage...Min DC18.0V (3.5mA) ON voltage...Max DC6.0V (1mA)
Isolation method	Photocoupler



### Output section External output specifications

Item	Specifications
Load Voltage	DC24V
Max. load current	100mA / 1 point 400mA / 8 points
Leak current	Max 0.1mA / 1 point
Isolation method	Photocoupler



## Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

SCON-C is compatible with all of the following control methods except the force mode (only applicable for SCON-CA). Positioning is possible with up to 512 points in positioner mode and up to 7 points in solenoid valve mode.

### Control Function by Operation Mode

Mode	Number of positioning points	Features
Positioner mode	Positioning mode	64 points Standard factory-set mode. Specify externally a number corresponding to the position you want to move to, to operate the actuator.
	Teaching mode	64 points In this mode, you can move the slider (rod) via an external signal and register the stopped position in the position data table.
	256-point mode	256 points In this mode, the number of positioning points available in the positioning mode has been increased to 256 points.
	512-point mode	512 points In this mode, the number of positioning points available in the positioning mode has been increased to 512 points.
	Solenoid value mode 1	7 points In this mode, the actuator can be moved only by turning signals ON/OFF, just like you do with an air cylinder of solenoid valve type.
	Solenoid value mode 2	3 points In this mode, the output signal is set to the same as the air cylinder auto switch in the solenoid valve mode.
	Force mode 1 (only SCON-CA)	32 points In this mode, you can move to positions under force control in the positioning mode. (Up to 32 positioning points are available.)
	Force mode 2 (only SCON-CA)	5 points In this mode, you can move to positions under force control in the solenoid valve mode. (Up to five positioning points are available.)
Pulse-train control mode	—	There is no need to enter position data in the controller, and the customer can operate the actuator freely based on custom control.

### CAUTION

Note that for network compatible types with direct connection to a field network, these modes (PIO and pulse train communication) are not available.

Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

The table below explains the functions allocated to the controller's I/O signal.

Since the signals that can be used vary depending on the controller type and settings, check the signal table for each controller to confirm the available functions.

■ Signal Function Description

Classification	Signal abbreviations	Signal	Function description
Input	CSTR	Start signal	Input this signal to cause the actuator to start moving to the position set by the command position number signal.
	PC1 to PC256	Command position number signal	This signal is used to input a target position number (binary input).
	BKRL	Brake forced release signal	This signal forcibly releases the brake.
	RMOD	Running mode switching signal	Operations mode can be switched when the controller's MODE switch is set to AUTO. (AUTO if this signal is OFF, MANU if the signal is ON)
	* STP	Pause signal	Turning this signal OFF causes the moving actuator to decelerate to a stop. The actuator will resume the remaining movement if the signal is turned ON during the pause.
	RES	Reset signal	Turning this signal ON resets the alarms that are present. If this signal is turned ON while the actuator is paused (*STP is OFF), the remaining movement can be cancelled.
	SON	Servo ON signal	The servo remains on while this signal is ON, or off while the signal is OFF.
	HOME	Home return signal	Turning this signal ON preforms home-return operation.
	MODE	Teaching mode signal	Turning this signal ON switches the controller to the teaching mode (provided that CSTR, JOG+ and JOG- are all OFF and the actuator is not moving)
	JISL	JOG/INCHING switching signal	When the main signal is off, the JOG operation will be conducted for JOG+ and JOG-. When the signal is on, the unit will do the inching operation for JOG+ and JOG-.
	JOG+, JOG-	JOG signal	When the JISL signal is OFF and the JOG +/- signal turns ON, the unit will jog in the + (positive) direction when the JOG + turns on and the - (negative) direction when the JOG - turns on. During the JOG operation, the unit slows to a stop when the JOG +/- signal turns off.
	PWRT	Teaching signal	In the teaching mode, specify a desired position number and then turn this signal ON for at least 20ms to write the current position to the specified position number.
	ST0 to ST6	Start position command signal	Turning this signal ON in the solenoid valve mode causes the actuator to move to the specified position. (Start signal is not required)
	TL	Torque limit selection signal	While this signal is ON, torque is limited by the value set by a parameter. The TLM signal turns on if torque has reached the specified value.
	Output	CSTP	Forced Stop Signal
DCLR		Deviation counter clear signal	When this signal is ON, the position deviation counter is cleared continuously.
PEND/INP		In position signal	This signal turns ON when the actuator has entered the positioning band after movement. If the actuator has exceeded the positioning band, PEND does not turn OFF, but INP does. PEND and INP can be swapped using a parameter.
PM1 to PM256		Positioning complete signal	This signal is used to output the position number achieved at completion of positioning (binary output)
HEND		Home return completion signal	This signal turns ON upon completion of home return.
ZONE1		Zone signal	Turns ON if the actuator's current position is within the range set by the parameter.
PZONE		Position zone signal	This signal turns ON when the current actuator position has entered the range specified by position data during position movement. PZONE can be used together with ZONE1, but PZONE is valid only during movement to a specified position.
RMDS		Running mode status signal	This outputs the operation mode status.
* ALM		Controller alarm status signal	Turns ON when the controller is in normal condition, and turns OFF when an alarm occurs.
MOVE		Moving signal	Turns ON while the actuator is moving (home return), including when there is push force.
SV		Servo ON status signal	This signal turns ON when servo is ON.
* EMGS		Emergency stop status signal	This signal remains ON while the controller is not in the emergency stop mode, and turns OFF once an emergency stop has been actuated.
* BALM		Absolute battery voltage drop warning signal	With the absolute specifications for the controller, turns OFF when the absolute battery voltage drops.
MODES		Mode status signal	The mode signal input turns it ON when it goes into teaching mode. It turns OFF when it goes into normal mode.
WEND		Writing complete signal	This signal remains OFF after the controller has switched to the teaching mode. It turns ON upon completion of data write using the PWRT signal. If the PWRT signal is turned Off, this signal also turns OFF.
PE0 to PE6		Current position number signal	This signal turns ON after the controller has completed moving to the target position in the solenoid valve mode.
PWR		System Ready Signal	Turns ON when it starts up normally after turning ON the controller. (Dedicated pulse train type)
TLR		Torque limiting signal	This signal turns ON once the motor torque has reached the specified value in a condition where torque is being limited by the TL signal. (Dedicated pulse train mode)
ALM1 to ALM8	Alarm Code Output Signal	During a controller alarm, the alarm details are output in code. (Dedicated pulse train mode)	
LSO to LS2	Limit switch output signal	Each signal turns ON when the current actuator position has entered the positioning band before or after the target position. If the actuator has already completed home return, these signals are output even before a movement command is issued or while the servo is OFF.	

(Note) Signals with asterisks (\*) are normally ON and OFF during operation.  
 (\*1) A „pause“ function is not available during S-curve motion.

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /FlatType

Mini

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom Type

Splash-Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse Motor

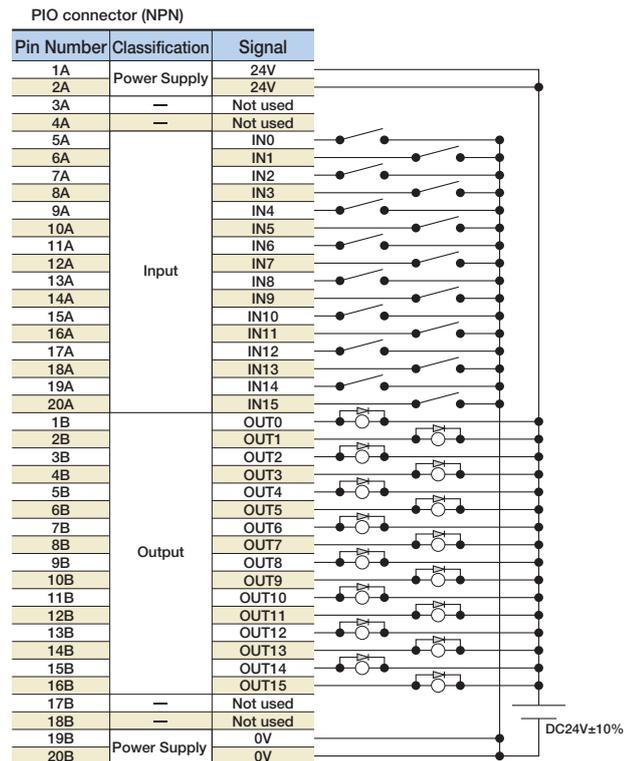
Servo Motor (24V)

Servo Motor (230V)

Linear Motor

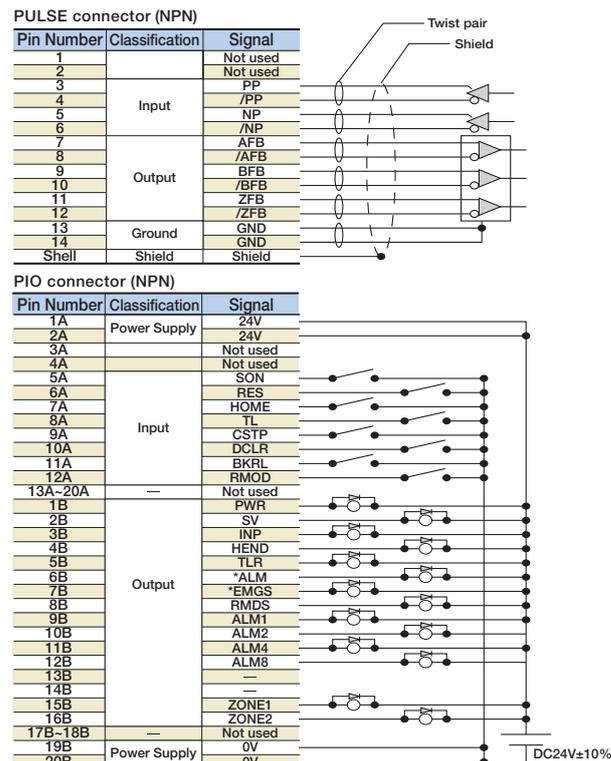
## I/O wiring drawing

### ■ Positioning mode / teaching mode / solenoid valve mode



\* Connect 24V between pins 1A and 2A, and 0V between pins 19B and 20B.

### ■ Pulse train mode (differential output)



\* The shield on the twisted pair cable connected to the pulse connector must be connected to the shell. Also, the cable length must not be longer than 10m.  
\* Connect 24V between pins 1A and 2A, and 0V between pins 19B and 20B.

## I/O Signal Table \*Choose from 7 types (SCON-CA: from 9 types) of signal allocation.

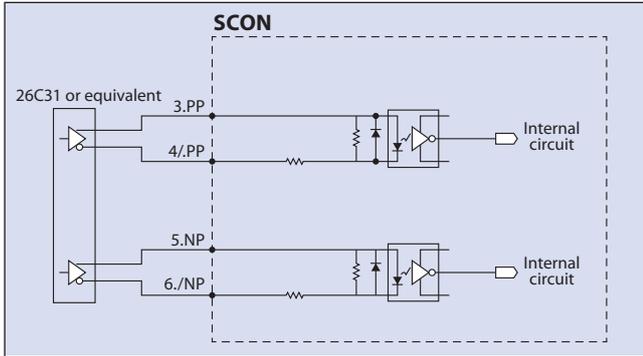
Pin No.	Category	Parameter (PIO pattern) selection	Parameter (PIO pattern) selection							Pulse-train mode									
			0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		
			Positioning mode	Teaching mode	256-point mode	512-point mode	Solenoid value mode 1	Solenoid value mode 2	Force mode 1 **		Force mode 2 **	Standard mode							
1A	24V		64 points	64 points	256 points	512 points	7 points	3 points	32 points	5 points		P24							
2A	24V											P24							
3A	—											NC							
4A	—											NC							
5A	Input	IN0	PC1	PC1	PC1	PC1	ST0	ST0	PC1	ST0	SON								
6A		IN1	PC2	PC2	PC2	PC2	ST1	ST1(JOG+)	PC2	ST1	RES								
7A		IN2	PC4	PC4	PC4	PC4	ST2	ST2(-)	PC4	ST2	HOME								
8A		IN3	PC8	PC8	PC8	PC8	ST3	—	PC8	ST3	TL								
9A		IN4	PC16	PC16	PC16	PC16	ST4	—	PC16	ST4	CSTP								
10A		IN5	PC32	PC32	PC32	PC32	ST5	—	—	—	DCLR								
11A		IN6	—	MODE	PC64	PC64	ST6	—	—	—	BKRL								
12A		IN7	—	JISL	PC128	PC128	—	—	—	—	RMOD								
13A		IN8	—	JOG+	—	PC256	—	—	—	CLBR	CLBR								
14A		IN9	BKRL	JOG-	BKRL	BKRL	BKRL	BKRL	BKRL	BKRL	—								
15A		IN10	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	RMOD	—								
16A		IN11	HOME	HOME	HOME	HOME	HOME	HOME	HOME	HOME	—								
17A		IN12	*STP	*STP	*STP	*STP	*STP	—	*STP	*STP	—								
18A		IN13	CSTR	CSTR/PWRT	CSTR	CSTR	—	—	CSTR	—	—								
19A		IN14	RES	RES	RES	RES	RES	RES	RES	RES	—								
20A	IN15	SON	SON	SON	SON	SON	SON	SON	SON	—									
1B	Output	OUT0	PM1	PM1	PM1	PM1	PE0	LS0	PM1	PE0	PWR								
2B		OUT1	PM2	PM2	PM2	PM2	PE1	LS1(TRQS)	PM2	PE1	SV								
3B		OUT2	PM4	PM4	PM4	PM4	PE2	LS2(-)	PM4	PE2	INP								
4B		OUT3	PM8	PM8	PM8	PM8	PE3	—	PM8	PE3	HEND								
5B		OUT4	PM16	PM16	PM16	PM16	PE4	—	PM16	PE4	TLR								
6B		OUT5	PM32	PM32	PM32	PM32	PE5	—	TRQS	TRQS	*ALM								
7B		OUT6	MOVE	MOVE	PM64	PM64	PE6	—	LOAD	LOAD	*EMGS								
8B		OUT7	ZONE1	MODES	PM128	PM128	ZONE1	ZONE1	CEND	CEND	RMDS								
9B		OUT8	PZONE/ZONE2	PZONE/ZONE1	PZONE/ZONE1	PM256	PZONE/ZONE2	PZONE/ZONE2	PZONE/ZONE1	PZONE/ZONE1	ALM1								
10B		OUT9	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	RMDS	ALM2								
11B		OUT10	HEND	HEND	HEND	HEND	HEND	HEND	HEND	HEND	ALM4								
12B		OUT11	PEND	PEND/WEND	PEND	PEND	PEND	—	PEND	PEND	ALM8								
13B		OUT12	SV	SV	SV	SV	SV	SV	SV	SV	*OVLW/*ALML								
14B		OUT13	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	*EMGS	—								
15B		OUT14	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	*ALM	ZONE1								
16B	OUT15	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	*BALM	ZONE2									
17B	—									—									
18B	—									—									
19B	0V									N									
20B	0V									N									

\* In the above table, signals in ( ) represent functions available before the home return. Signals preceded by \* are turned OFF while the actuator is operating.  
\*\* The force modes are only available for SCON-CA.

Pulse Train Type I/O Specifications (differential line driver specifications)

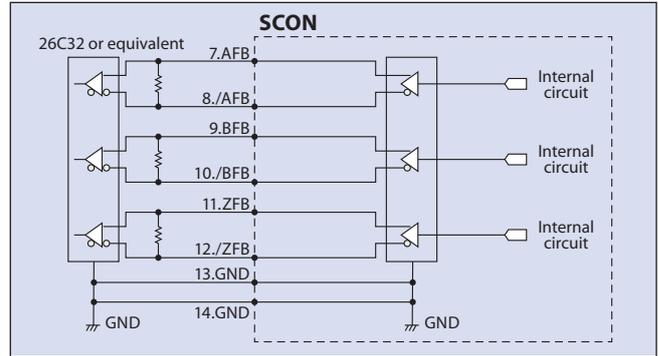
Input Section

Max. No. of input pulses: Line driver interface 0.5Mpps (SCON-CA: 2.5Mpps)  
Isolation method : Photocoupler isolation



Output Section

Max. No. of output pulses: Line driver interface 0.5Mpps (SCON-CA: 2.5Mpps)  
Isolation/non-isolation: Non-isolation



Pulse Train Type I/O Specifications (open collector specifications)

The AK-04 (options) is needed to input pulses. The JM-08 (options) is needed to output pulses.

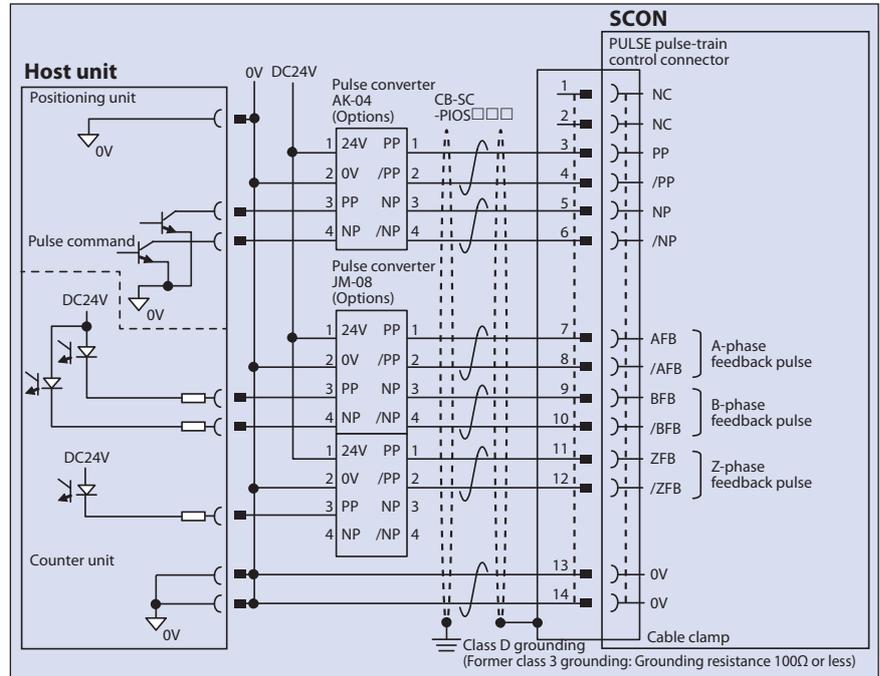
Maximum number of input pulses:  
200kpps (The AK-04 is needed.)  
Maximum number of output pulses:  
500kpps (The JM-08 is needed.)

\* The 24-VDC power supply connected to the AK-4 must be shared with the PIO interface.

\* Keep the length of the cable connecting the pulse output unit (PLC) and AK-04/JM-08 as short as possible.  
Also keep the cable between the AK-04/JM-08 and PULSE connector to 2m or less.

Note

Use the same power supply for open collector input/output to/from the host and for the AK-04, JM-08.



Command Pulse Input State

Command Pulse Train Shapes		Input terminals	Forward	Reverse	
Negative Logic	Forward pulse train	PP /PP			
	Reverse pulse train	NP /NP			
	The forward pulse train controls the amount of forward motor rotation; the reverse pulse train controls the same in reverse direction.				
	Pulse train	PP /PP			
	Sign	NP /NP	Low	High	
	The command pulse controls the amount of motor rotation, and the command sign controls the direction of rotation.				
Positive Logic	A/B phase pulse train	PP /PP			
		NP /NP			
	A (frequency-quadrupled) A/B phase pulse with a 90° phase difference is used to control the amount and direction of rotation.				
	Forward pulse train	PP /PP			
	Reverse pulse train	NP /NP			
	Sign	NP /NP	High	Low	
A/B phase pulse train	PP /PP				
	NP /NP				

## Table of specifications

Item	Specifications	
Motor Capacity	Less than 400W	400W or more
Connected actuator	RCS2 series actuator / single axis robot / linear motor	
Number of control axes	1-axis	
Operating method	Positioner type / pulse train type	
Positioning Points	512 points (PIO specification) / 768 (fieldbus specification)	
Backup memory	SCON-C: EEPROM / SCON-CA: FRAM (nonvolatile memory)	
I/O connector	40-pin connector	
Number of I/O	16 input points / 16 output points	
I/O power	External supply DC24V±10%	
Serial Communication	RS485 1ch	
Field Network	DeviceNet, CC-Link, ProfiBus (SCON-CA: additionally CompuNet, Mechatrolink, ProfiNet, EtherCAT, Ethernet/IP, Sercos III *2)	
Peripheral device communication cable	CB-PAC-PIO □□□	
Command pulse train input method	Differential line driver method / open collector method (converted to differential with the pulse converter *1)	
Max. input pulse frequency	Differential line driver method: 500kpps (SCON-CA: 2500kpps) / Open collector method (using pulse converter): 200kpps	
Position detection method	Incremental encoder / Absolute encoder	
Emergency stop function	Available (integrated relay)	
Electromagnetic brake forced release	Brake release switch ON/OFF	
Input Voltage	Single-phase AC90V to AC126.5V Single-phase AC180V to AC253V	Single-phase AC180V to AC253V
Power Supply Capacity	20W / 74VA    30W / 94VA 60W / 186VA    100W / 282VA 150W / 376VA    200W / 469VA	400W / 844VA 600W / 1212VA 750W / 1569VA
Dielectric strength voltage	DC500V 100MΩ or more	
Vibration resistance	XYZ directions	10 to 57Hz, One side amplitude: 0.035mm (continuous), 0.075mm (intermittent) 58 to 150 Hz 4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> (continuous), 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> (intermittent)
Ambient operating temperature	0~40°C	
Ambient operating humidity	10 - 95% (non-condensing)	
Ambient operating atmosphere	Without corrosive gases	
Protection class	IP20	
Weight	Approximately 800g (plus 25g for the absolute specifications)	Approximately 1.1kg (plus 25g for absolute specifications)
External dimension	58mm(W)×194mm(H)×121mm(D)	72mm(W)×194mm(H)×121mm(D)

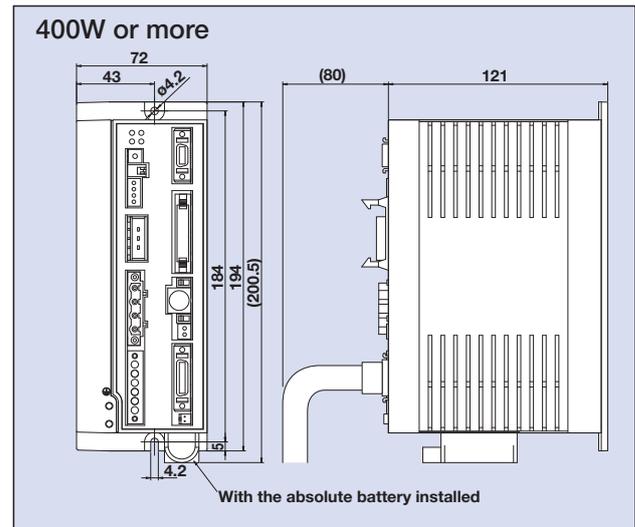
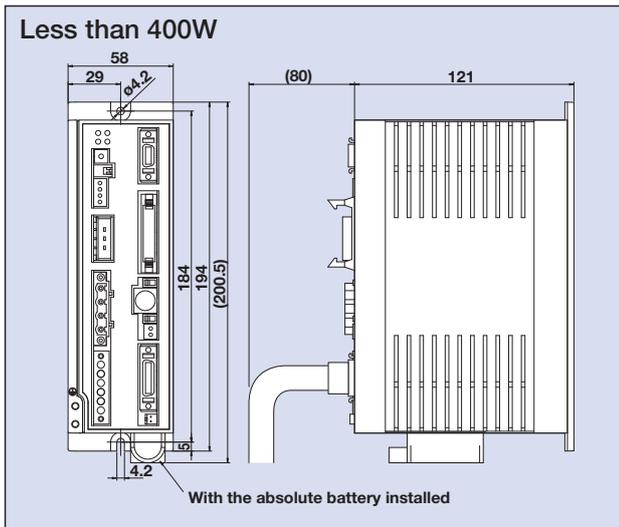
(Note 1) For the command-pulse input method, use the differential line driver method offering higher noise resistance.

If the open collector method must be used, convert the pulse to differential using the optional pulse converter (AK-04/JM-08).

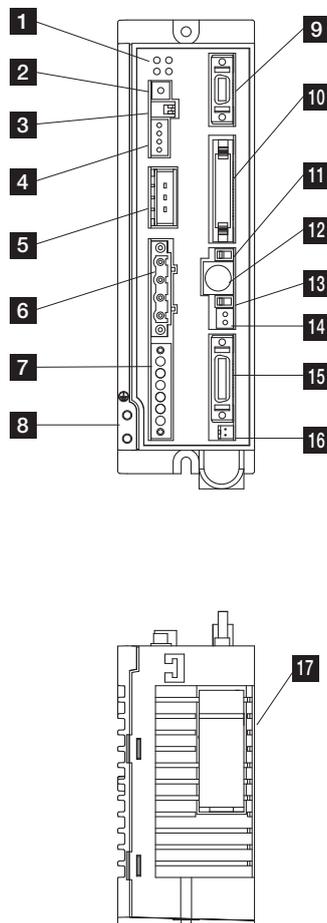
(Note 2) Fieldbus network specification Sercos III is planned.

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /FlatType
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

External dimensions



Name of Each Part



**1 LED display**

These LED colors indicate the condition of the controller.

Name	Color	Explanation
PWR	Green	Lit when the system is ready (after power is ON, CPU normal functions)
SV	Green	Lit when servo is ON
ALM	Orange	Lit during an alarm
EMG	Red	Lit during an emergency stop

**2 Rotary switch**

This is the address setting switch for identifying each controller when they are linked.

**3 Piano switch**

Controller system switch.

Name	Explanation
1	Operating mode switch OFF: positioner mode ON: pulse train control mode *Enabled at power ON.
2	Remote update switch (normally set to OFF) OFF: normal operating mode ON: update mode *Enabled when power is ON or during soft reset.

**4 System I/O connector**

Connector for the emergency stop switch etc.

**5 Regeneration unit connector**

Connector for resistance unit that absorbs regeneration current produced when the actuator decelerates to a stop.

**6 Motor connector (X-SEL, ECON, RCS compatible)**

Actuator motor cable connector.

**7 Power supply connector**

AC power connector. Divided into the control power input and motor power input.

**8 Grounding screw**

Protective grounding screw. Always ground this screw.

**9 Pulse train control connector**

This connector is used during pulse train control mode operations. It is disconnected during operations in positioner mode.

**10 PIO connector**

Connector for the cable for parallel communications with the PLC and other peripheral devices.

**11 Operating mode switch**

Name	Explanation
MANU	Do not receive PIO commands
AUTO	Accept PIO commands

\*The emergency stop switch on the teaching pendant becomes effective when the line is connected, regardless of whether this switch is set to AUTO or MANU. Take note that an emergency stop will be actuated momentarily when the teaching-pendant or SIO communication cable is disconnected. This is a normal phenomenon and does not indicate an error.

**12 SIO connector**

Connector for the teaching pendant or PC communications cable.

**13 Brake release switch**

This is the electromagnetic brake forced release switch, integrated with the actuator.

\*It is necessary to connect the DC 24V power for the brake drive.

**14 Brake power connector**

Brake power DC 24V supply connector (only required when the brake equipped actuator is connected)

**15 Encoder sensor connector (X-SEL-P/Q compatible)**

Encoder sensor cable connector

**16 Absolute battery connector**

Connector for the absolute data backup battery. (Required only for absolute encoder specifications)

**17 Absolute battery holder**

Battery holder for installing the absolute data backup battery

Slider Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Rod Type

Mini

Standard

Controllers Integrated

Table/Arm /FlatType

Mini

Standard

Gripper/ Rotary Type

Linear Motor Type

Cleanroom Type

Splash-Proof

Controllers

PMEC /AMEC

PSEP /ASEP

ROBO NET

ERC2

PCON

ACON

SCON

PSEL

ASEL

SSEL

XSEL

Pulse Motor

Servo Motor (24V)

Servo Motor (230V)

Linear Motor

## Option

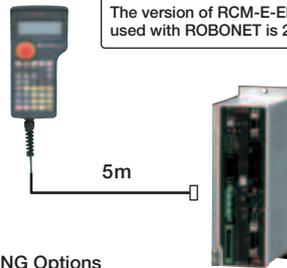
### Teaching Pendant

- Features** This is a teaching device that provides information on functions such as position input, test runs, and monitoring.

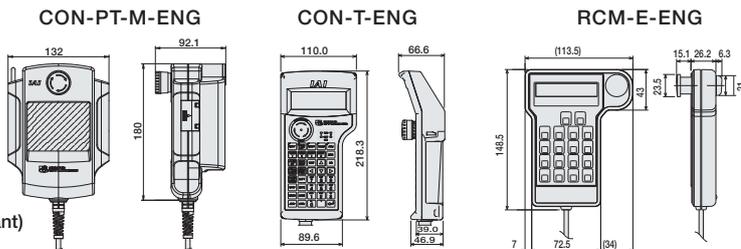
- Model**
  - CON-PT-M-ENG** (Touch panel teaching pendant)
  - CON-T-ENG** (Standard type)
  - RCM-E-ENG** (Simple teaching pendant)

- Configuration**

**Note:**  
The version of RCM-E-ENG that can be used with ROBONET is 2.08 or later.



- CON-T-ENG Options**
  - Wall-mounting hook Model HK-1
  - Strap Model STR-1



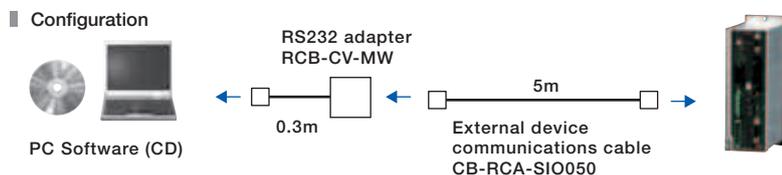
#### Specifications

Item	CON-PT-M-ENG	CON-T-ENG	RCM-E-ENG
Data input	○	○	○
Actuator motion	○	○	○
Ambient operating temp/humidity	Temp: 0~40°C; Humidity: 85% RH or below		
Ambient operating atmosphere	No corrosive gases. Especially no dust.		
Protection class	IP40	IP54	-
Weight	Approx. 750g	Approx. 400g	Approx. 400g
Cable length	5m		
Display	3-color LED touch panel with backlight	20 char × 4 lines LCD .display	16 char. × 2 lines LCD display

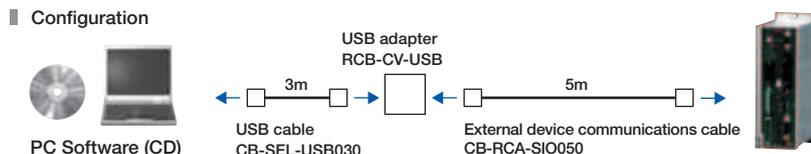
### PC Software (Windows Only)

- Features** A startup support software for inputting positions, performing test runs, and monitoring. With enhancements for adjustment functions, the startup time is shortened.

- Model** **RCM-101-MW-EU** (External device communications cable + RS232 conversion unit)



- Model** **RCM-101-USB-EU** (External device communications cable + USB adapter + USB cable)



### Regenerative Resistance Unit

- Features** A unit that returns the regenerative current, generated during the acceleration/deceleration of the motor, into heat. In the tables below, check the total power output of the actuator to see if a regenerative resistor is needed.

- Model** **REU-2** (for SCON/SSEL)

#### Specifications

Actuator weight	0.9kg
Internal regenerative resistance	220Ω 80W
Actuator-Controller Connection Cable (included)	CB-SC-REU010 (for SSEL)

#### Required Number of Units

	Horizontal	Vertical
0 units	~100W	~100W
1 unit	~400W	~400W
2 units	~750W	~750W

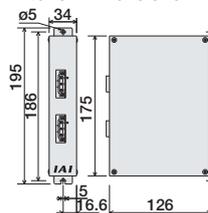
#### Required Number of Units (RCS2-RA13R only)

	2.5 lead	1.25 lead
Horizontal	1 unit	0 units
Vertical	1 unit	1 unit

\* Depending on the operating conditions, more regenerative resistor may be needed.

\* If two regenerative units are needed, acquire one REU-2 and one REU-1 (See P596).

#### Exterior Dimensions



### Battery for retaining absolute data

- Features** Battery for saving absolute data, when operating an actuator with an absolute encoder.

- Model** **AB-5**





# SSEL



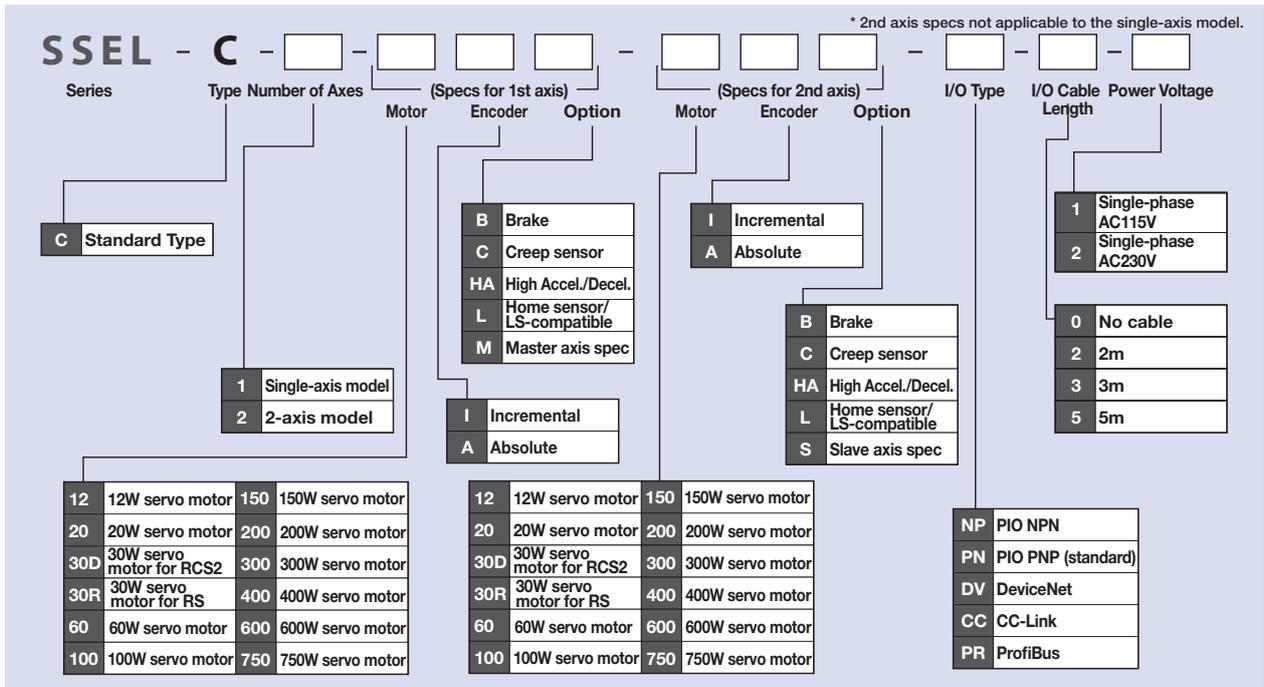
**Program controller  
For RCS2 series**

## List of models

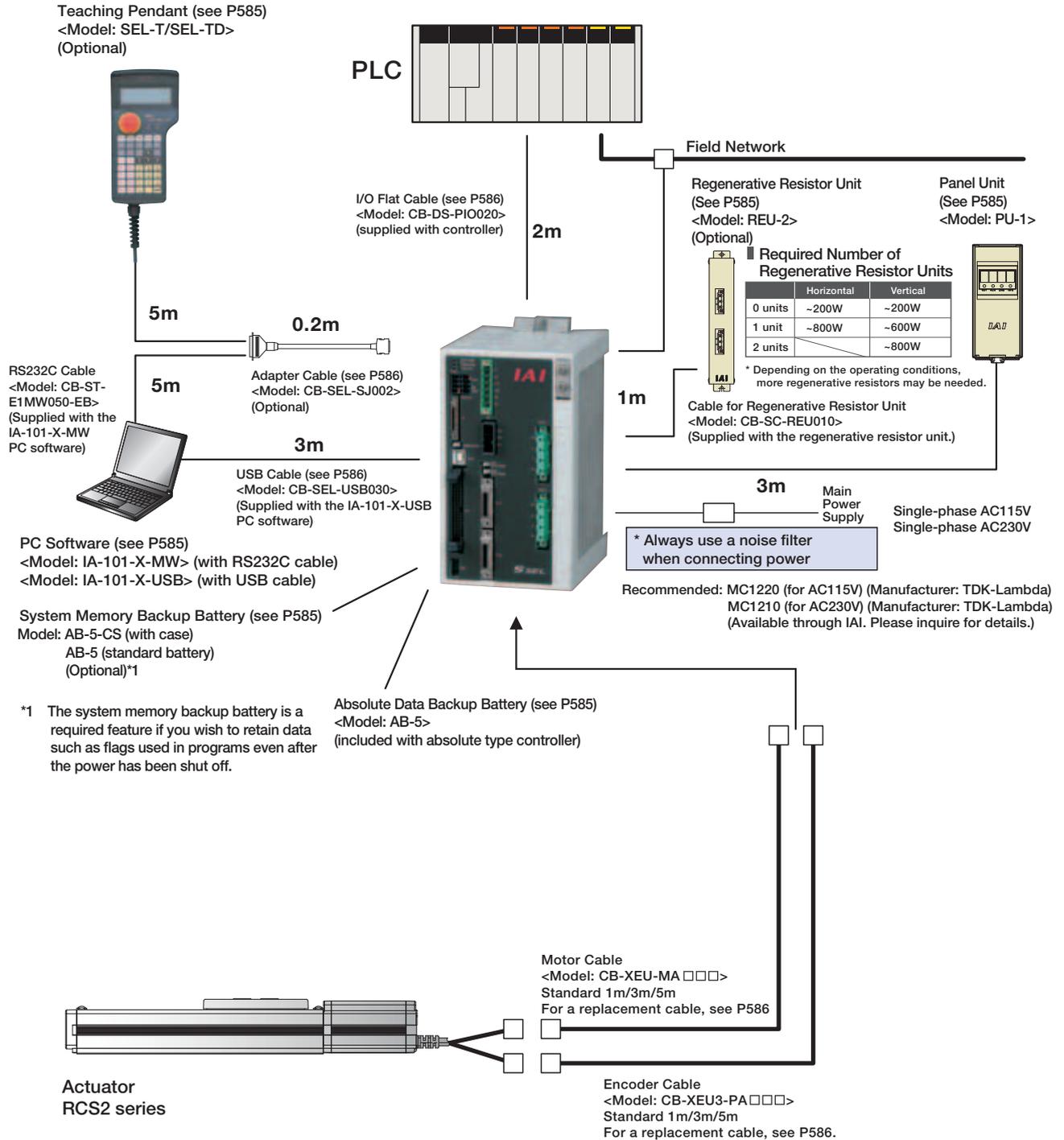
Program controller for operating RCS2 series actuators. One unit can handle various controls.

Type	<b>C</b>	
Name	Program mode	Positioner Mode
External View		
Description	Both the actuator operation and communication with external equipment can be handled by a single controller. When two axes are connected, arc interpolation, path operations, and synchronization can be performed.	Up to 20000 positioning points are supported. Push-motion operation and teaching operation are also possible.
Position points	20000 points	
Number of control axes:	2 axes max.	

## Model



System configuration



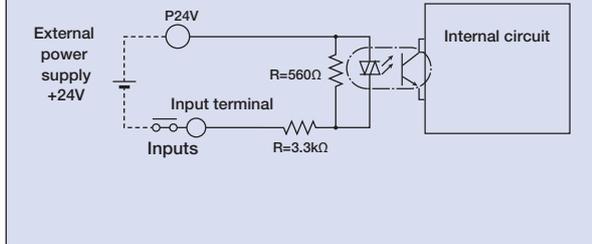
- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

## I/O Specifications

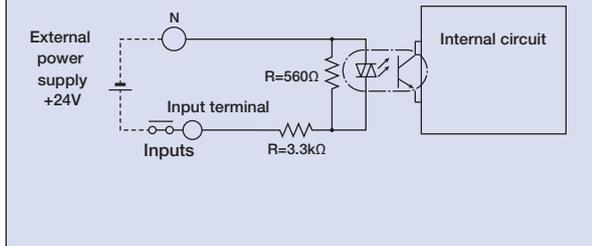
### Input section External input specifications

Item	Specifications
Input voltage	DC24V ±10%
Input current	7mA / circuit
ON/OFF voltage	ON voltage (min.) NPN : DC16V / PNP : DC8V OFF voltage (max.) NPN : DC5V / PNP : DC19V
Isolation method	Photocoupler

#### NPN Specifications



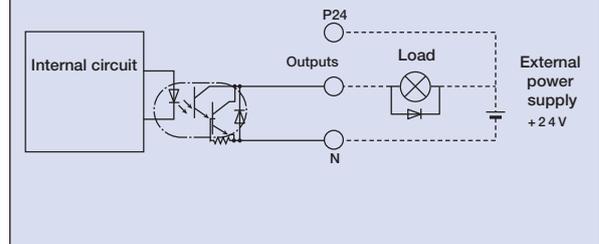
#### PNP Specifications



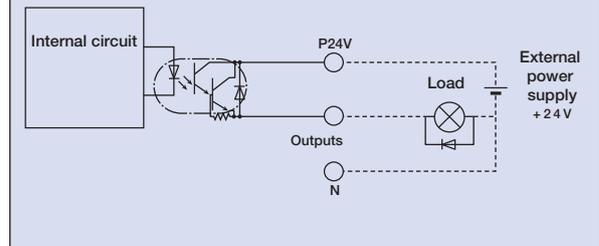
### Output section External output specifications

Item	Specifications
Load Voltage	DC24V
Max. load current	100mA / 1point 400mA / 8 points in total
Residual voltage (Max.)	Max 0.1mA / 1 point
Isolation method	Photocoupler

#### NPN Specifications



#### PNP Specifications



## Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

Two modes can be selected for the SSEL controller: "Program Mode," in which the actuator is operated by entering a program, and "Positioner Mode," in which PLC signals are received and the actuator is moved to designated positions. The Positioner Mode has the five input patterns listed below to enable various applications.

### Control Function by Type

Operation mode		Features
Program mode		Various operations including linear/arc interpolation operation, path operation ideal for coating processes, etc., arch-motion operation and palletizing operation can be performed using the Super SEL language that lets you program complex control actions using simple commands.
Positioner mode	Standard mode	This is the basic mode from which operations can be conducted by designating position numbers and inputting the start signal. Push-motion operation and teaching operation are also possible.
	Product change mode	Multiple parts of the same shape with slightly different hole positions can be handled using movement commands to the same position numbers by simply changing the product type number.
	2-axis independent mode	With a 2-axis controller, each axis can be commanded and operated separately.
	Teaching mode	In this mode, the slider (rod) moves based on an external signal, when the actuator is stopped, the current position can be registered as position data.
	DS-S-C1 Compatible mode	If you were using a DS-S-C1 controller, you can replace it with a SSEL controller without having to change the host programs. *This mode does not ensure actuator compatibility.

Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

Program mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Program Mode	Functions	NPN* Wiring Diagram	
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.		
1B	Input	016	Select Program No. 1	Selects the program number to start. (Input as BCD values to ports 016 to 022)		
2A		017	Select Program No. 2			
2B		018	Select Program No. 4			
3A		019	Select Program No. 8			
3B		020	Select Program No. 10			
4A		021	Select Program No. 20			
4B		022	Select Program No. 40			
5A		023	CPU reset			Resets the system to the same state as when the power is turned on.
5B		000	Start			Starts the programs selected by ports 016 to 022.
6A		001	General-purpose input			Waits for external input via program instructions.
6B		002	General-purpose input			
7A		003	General-purpose input			
7B		004	General-purpose input			
8A		005	General-purpose input			
8B		006	General-purpose input			
9A		007	General-purpose input			
9B		008	General-purpose input			
10A	009	General-purpose input				
10B	010	General-purpose input				
11A	011	General-purpose input				
11B	012	General-purpose input				
12A	013	General-purpose input				
12B	014	General-purpose input				
13A	015	General-purpose input				
13B	Output	300	Alarm	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact B)		
14A		301	Ready	Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.		
14B		302	General-purpose output	These outputs can be turned ON/OFF as desired via program instructions.		
15A		303	General-purpose output			
15B		304	General-purpose output			
16A		305	General-purpose output			
16B		306	General-purpose output			
17A	307	General-purpose output				
17B	N		0V input	Connect 0V.		

\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

Positioner mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Positioner Standard Mode	Functions	NPN* Wiring Diagram	
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.		
1B	Input	016	Position input 10	Specifies the position numbers to move to, using port number 007 to 019 The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.		
2A		017	Position input 11			
2B		018	Position input 12			
3A		019	Position input 13			
3B		020	Position input 14			
4A		021	Position input 15			
4B		022	Position input 16			
5A		023	Error reset			Resets minor errors. (Severe errors require a restart.)
5B		000	Start			Starts moving to selected position.
6A		001	Home Return			Performs home return.
6B		002	Servo ON	Switches between Servo ON and OFF.		
7A		003	Push	Performs a push motion.		
7B		004	Pause	Pauses the motion when turned OFF, and resumes motion when turned ON.		
8A		005	Cancel	Stops the motion when turned OFF. The remaining motion is canceled.		
8B		006	Interpolation setting	When this signal is turned ON for a 2-axis model, the actuator moves by linear interpolation.		
9A		007	Position input 1	Specifies the position numbers to move to, using ports 007 to 019. The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.		
9B		008	Position input 2			
10A	009	Position input 3				
10B	010	Position input 4				
11A	011	Position input 5				
11B	012	Position input 6				
12A	013	Position input 7				
12B	014	Position input 8				
13A	015	Position input 9				
13B	Output	300	Alarm	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact B)		
14A		301	Ready	Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.		
14B		302	Positioning complete	Turns on when the movement to the destination is complete.		
15A		303	Home Return complete	Turns on when the home return operation is complete.		
15B		304	Servo ON output	Turns on when servo is ON.		
16A		305	Pushing complete	Turns on when a push motion is complete.		
16B		306	System battery error	Turns on when the system battery runs low (warning level).		
17A	307	Absolute encoder battery error	Turns on when the battery for the absolute encoder runs low (warning level).			
17B	N		0V input	Connect 0V.		

\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

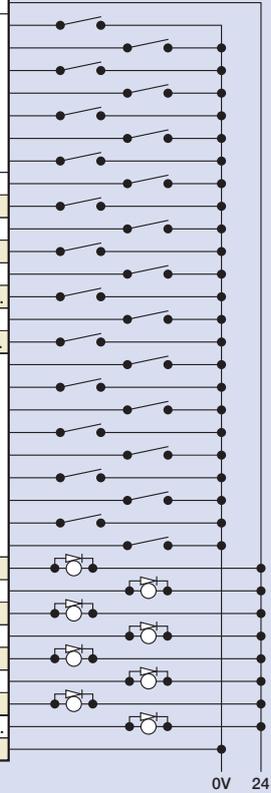
- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

Positioner, Product-Type Change Mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Positioner Product Type Change Mode	Functions	
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.	
1B	Input	016	Position/Product Type Input 10	Specifies the position numbers to move to, and the product type numbers, using ports 007 to 022. The position and product type numbers are assigned by parameter settings. The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.	
2A		017	Position/Product Type Input 11		
2B		018	Position/Product Type Input 12		
3A		019	Position/Product Type Input 13		
3B		020	Position/Product Type Input 14		
4A		021	Position/Product Type Input 15		
4B		022	Position/Product Type Input 16		
5A		023	Error reset		Resets minor errors. (Severe errors require a restart.)
5B		000	Start		Starts moving to selected position.
6A		001	Home Return		Performs home return.
6B		002	Servo ON		Switches between Servo ON and OFF.
7A		003	Push		Performs a push motion.
7B		004	Pause		Pauses the motion when turned OFF, and resumes motion when turned ON.
8A		005	Cancel		Stops the motion when turned OFF. The remaining motion is canceled.
8B		006	Interpolation setting		When this signal is turned ON for a 2-axis model, the actuator moves by linear interpolation.
9A		007	Position/Product Type Input 1		Specifies the position numbers to move to, and the product type numbers, using ports 007 to 022. The position and product type numbers are assigned by parameter settings. The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.
9B	008	Position/Product Type Input 2			
10A	009	Position/Product Type Input 3			
10B	010	Position/Product Type Input 4			
11A	011	Position/Product Type Input 5			
11B	012	Position/Product Type Input 6			
12A	013	Position/Product Type Input 7			
12B	014	Position/Product Type Input 8			
13A	015	Position/Product Type Input 9	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact B)		
13B	300	Alarm			
14A	301	Ready		Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.	
14B	302	Positioning complete		Turns on when the movement to the destination is complete.	
15A	303	Home Return complete		Turns on when the home return operation is complete.	
15B	304	Servo ON output		Turns on when servo is ON.	
16A	305	Pushing complete		Turns on when a push motion is complete.	
16B	306	System battery error		Turns on when the system battery runs low (warning level).	
17A	307	Absolute encoder battery error	Turns on when the battery for the absolute encoder runs low (warning level).		
17B	N		0V input	Connect 0V.	

NPN\* Wiring Diagram



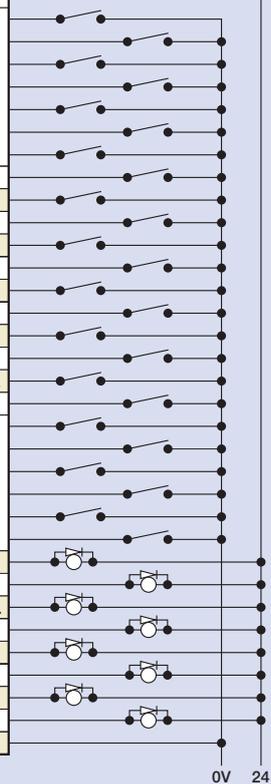
\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

0V 24

Positioner, 2-axis Independent Mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Positioner Independent Mode	Functions	
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.	
1B	Input	016	Position input 7	Specifies the position numbers to move to, using ports 010 to 022. The position numbers on the 1st and 2nd axes are assigned by parameter settings. The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.	
2A		017	Position input 8		
2B		018	Position input 9		
3A		019	Position input 10		
3B		020	Position input 11		
4A		021	Position input 12		
4B		022	Position input 13		
5A		023	Error reset		Resets minor errors. (Severe errors require a restart.)
5B		000	Start 1		Starts the movement to the selected position number on the 1st axis.
6A		001	Home Return 1		Performs Home Return on the 1st axis.
6B		002	Servo ON 1		Switches between servo ON and OFF for the 1st axis.
7A		003	Pause 1		Pauses the motion on 1st axis when turned OFF, and resumes when turned ON.
7B		004	Cancel 1		Cancels the movement on the 1st axis.
8A		005	Start 2		Starts the movement to the selected position number on the 2nd axis.
8B		006	Home Return 2		Performs Home Return on the 2nd axis.
9A		007	Servo ON 2		Switches between servo ON and OFF for the 2nd axis.
9B	008	Pause 2	Pauses the motion on 2nd axis when turned OFF, and resumes when turned ON.		
10A	009	Cancel 2	Cancels the movement on the 2nd axis.		
10B	010	Position input 1	Specifies the position numbers to move to, using ports 010 to 022. The position numbers on the 1st and 2nd axes are assigned by parameter settings. The number can be specified either as BCD or binary.		
11A	011	Position input 2			
11B	012	Position input 3			
12A	013	Position input 4			
12B	014	Position input 5			
13A	015	Position input 6			
13B	300	Alarm	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact B)		
14A	301	Ready	Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.		
14B	302	Positioning complete 1	Turns on when the movement to the specified position on the 1st axis is complete.		
15A	303	Home Return complete 1	Turns on when home return on the 1st axis is complete.		
15B	304	Servo ON output 1	Turns on when the 1st axis is in a servo ON state.		
16A	305	Positioning complete 2	Turns on when the movement to the specified position on the 2nd axis is complete.		
16B	306	Home Return complete 2	Turns on when home return on the 2nd axis is complete.		
17A	307	Servo ON output 2	Turns on when the 2nd axis is in a servo ON state.		
17B	N		0V input	Connect 0V.	

NPN\* Wiring Diagram



\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

0V 24

Explanation of I/O Signal Functions

Positioner, Teaching Mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Positioner Teaching Mode	Functions	NPN* Wiring Diagram
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.	
1B	Input	016	JOG- on 1st axis	While the signal is input, the 1st axis is moved in the - (negative) direction.	
2A		017	JOG+ on 2nd axis	While the signal is input, the 2nd axis is moved in the + (positive) direction.	
2B		018	JOG- on 2nd axis	While the signal is input, the 2nd axis is moved in the - (negative) direction.	
3A		019	Specify inching (0.01mm)	Specifies how much to move during inching. (Total of the values specified for ports 019 to 022)	
3B		020	Specify inching (0.1mm)		
4A		021	Specify inching (0.5mm)		
4B		022	Specify inching (1mm)		
5A		023	Error reset	Resets minor errors. (Severe errors require a restart.)	
5B		000	Start	Starts moving to selected position.	
6A		001	Servo ON	Switches between Servo ON and OFF.	
6B		002	Pause	Pauses the motion when turned OFF, and resumes motion when turned ON.	
7A		003	Position input 1	Ports 003 to 013 are used to specify the position number to move, and the position number for inputting the current position. When the teaching mode setting on port 014 is in the ON state, the current value is written to the specified position number.	
7B		004	Position input 2		
8A		005	Position input 3		
8B		006	Position input 4		
9A		007	Position input 5		
9B	008	Position input 6			
10A	009	Position input 7			
10B	010	Position input 8			
11A	011	Position input 9			
11B	012	Position input 10			
12A	013	Position input 11			
12B	014	Teaching mode setting			
13A	015	JOG+ on 1st axis	While the signal is input, the 1st axis is moved in the plus direction.		
13B	300	Alarm	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact B)		
14A	301	Ready	Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.		
14B	302	Positioning complete	Turns on when the movement to the destination is complete.		
15A	303	Home Return complete	Turns on when the home return operation is complete.		
15B	304	Servo ON output	Turns on when servo is ON.		
16A	305	-	-		
16B	306	System battery error	Turns on when the system battery runs low (warning level).		
17A	307	Absolute encoder battery error	Turns on when the battery for the absolute encoder runs low (warning level).		
17B	N	0V input	Connect 0V.		

\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

Positioner, DS-S-C1 Compatible Mode

Pin Number	Category	Port No.	Positioner DS-S-C1 Compatible Mode	Functions	NPN* Wiring Diagram
1A	P24		24V input	Connect 24V.	
1B	Input	016	Position No. 1000	(Same as ports 004 through 015)	
2A		017	Position No. 2000	-	
2B		018	Position No. 4000	-	
3A		019	Position No. 8000	-	
3B		020	Position No. 10000	-	
4A		021	Position No. 20000	-	
4B		022	NC (*1)	-	
5A		023	CPU reset	Resets the system to the same state as when the power is turned on.	
5B		000	Start	Starts moving to selected position.	
6A		001	Hold (Pause)	Pauses the motion when turned ON, and resumes motion when turned OFF.	
6B		002	Cancel	Stops the motion when turned ON. The remaining motion is canceled.	
7A		003	Interpolation setting	When this signal is turned ON for a 2-axis model, the actuator moves by linear interpolation.	
7B		004	Position No. 1	Ports 004 through 016 are used to specify the position number to move. The numbers are specified as BCD.	
8A		005	Position No. 2		
8B		006	Position No. 4		
9A		007	Position No. 8		
9B	008	Position No. 10			
10A	009	Position No. 20			
10B	010	Position No. 40			
11A	011	Position No. 80			
11B	012	Position No. 100			
12A	013	Position No. 200			
12B	014	Position No. 400			
13A	015	Position No. 800			
13B	300	Alarm	Turns off when an alarm occurs. (Contact A)		
14A	301	Ready	Turns on when the controller starts up normally and is in an operable state.		
14B	302	Positioning complete	Turns on when the movement to the destination is complete.		
15A	303	-	-		
15B	304	-	-		
16A	305	-	-		
16B	306	System battery error	Turns on when the system battery runs low (warning level).		
17A	307	Absolute encoder battery error	Turns on when the battery for the absolute encoder runs low (warning level).		
17B	N	0V input	Connect 0V.		

(\*1) The input needs to be set to OFF. Be sure to leave this disconnected.  
\*Note: With regard to PNP wiring diagram, please refer to SSEL manual.

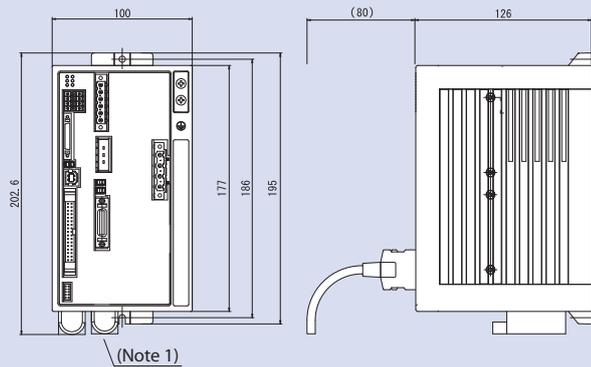
- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

## Table of specifications

	Item	Specifications
Basic Specifications	Connected actuator	RCS2 series actuator / single axis robot / linear motor
	Input Voltage	Single-phase AC90V to AC126.5V      Single-phase AC180V to AC253V
	Power Supply Capacity	Max. 1660VA (for 400W, 2-axis operation)
	Dielectric strength voltage	DC500V 10MΩ or higher
	Withstand voltage	AC500V 1 min.
	Rush current	Control Power 15A / Motor Power 37.5A      Control Power 30A / Motor Power 75A
Control specification	Vibration resistance	XYZ directions 10 to 57Hz, One side amplitude: 0.035mm (continuous), 0.075mm (intermittent) 58 to 150 Hz 4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> (continuous), 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> (intermittent)
	Number of control axes	1 axis / 2 axis
	Maximum total output of connected axis	400W      800W
	Position detection method	Incremental encoder / Absolute encoder
	Speed setting	1mm/sec and up, the maximum depends on actuator specifications
	Acceleration setting	0.01G and up, the maximum depends on the actuator
Program	Operating method	Program operation / Positioner operation (switchable)
	Programming language	Super SEL language
	Number of programs	128 programs
	Number of program steps	9999 steps
	Number of multi-tasking programs	8 programs
	Positioning Points	20000 points
Communication	Data memory device	FLASHROM (A system-memory backup battery can be added as an option)
	Data input method	Teaching pendant or PC software
	Number of I/O	24 input points / 8 output points (NPN or PNP selectable)
	I/O power	Externally supplied 24VDC ± 10%
	PIO cable	CB-DS-PIO □□□ (supplied with the controller)
	Serial communications function	RS232C (D-Sub Half-pitch connector) / USB connector
General specifications	Field Network	DeviceNet, CC-Link, ProfiBus
	Motor Cable	CB-XEU-MA □□□ (Max. 20m)
	Encoder cable	CB-XEU3-PA □□□ (Max. 20m)
	Protection function	Motor overcurrent, Motor driver temperature check, Overload check, Encoder open-circuit check Soft limit over, system error, battery error, etc.
	Ambient operating humidity and temperature	0 to 40°C 10 to 95% (non-condensing)
	Ambient atmosphere	Free from corrosive gases. In particular, there shall be no significant dust.
	Protection class	IP20
	Weight	1.4kg
	External dimensions	100mm (W) x 202.6mm (H) x 126mm (D)

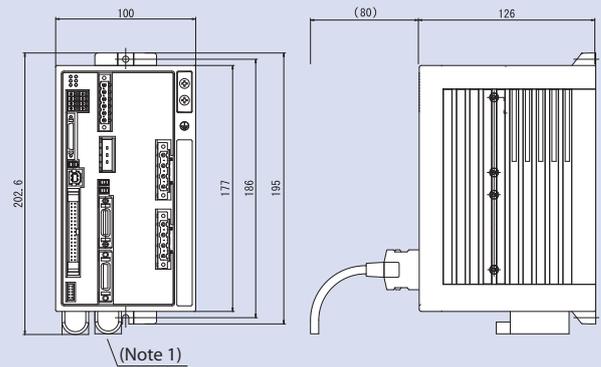
## External Dimensions

### SSEL 1-axis controller



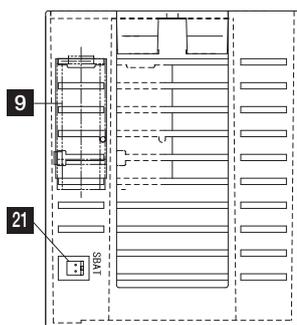
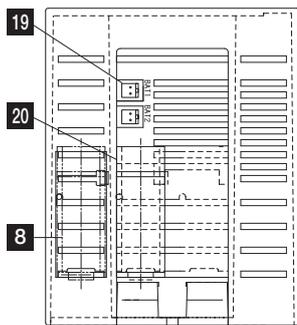
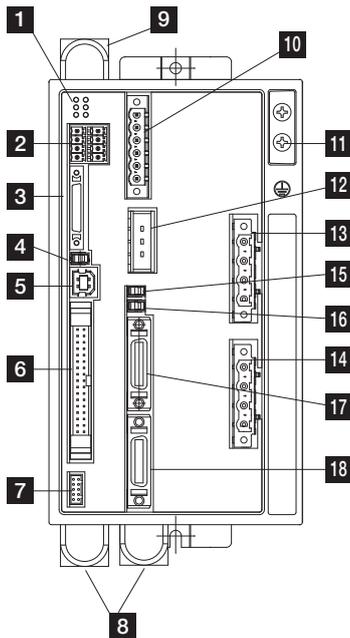
(Note 1) Absolute data back-up battery. Not installed with incremental specification.

### SSEL 2-axis controller



(Note 1) Absolute data back-up battery. Not installed with incremental specification.

Name of Each Part



**1 Status indicator LEDs**

These LEDs are used to indicate the operating condition of the controller.

The LED status indicators are as follows:

- PWR : Power is input to controller.
- RDY : The controller is ready to perform program operation.
- ALM : The controller is abnormal.
- EMG : An emergency stop is actuated and the drive source is cut off.
- SV1 : The axis 1 actuator servo is on.
- SV2 : The axis 2 actuator servo is on.

**2 System I/O connector**

Connector for emergency stop / enable input / brake power input, etc.

**3 Teaching pendant connector**

A half-pitch I/O 26-pin connector that connects a teaching pendant when the running mode is MANU. A special conversion cable is needed to connect a conventional Dsub, 25-pin connector.

**4 Mode switch**

This switch is used to specify the running mode of the controller. The left position indicates the MANU (manual operation) mode, while the right position indicates the AUTO (automatic operation) mode. Teaching can only be performed as manual operation, and automatic operation using external I/Os is not possible in the MANU mode.

**5 USB connector**

A connector for PC connection via USB. If the USB connector is connected, the TP connector is disabled and all communication inputs to the TP connector are cut off.

**6 I/O Connector**

A connector for interface I/Os.

34-pin flat cable connector for DIO (24IN/8OUT) interface.

I/O power is also supplied to the controller via this connector (Pin No. 1 and No. 34).

**7 Panel unit connector**

A connector for the panel unit (optional) that displays the controller status and error numbers.

**8 Absolute data backup battery**

When an absolute-type axis is operated, this battery retains position data even after the power is cut off.

**9 System memory backup battery (Option)**

This battery is needed if you wish to retain various data recorded in the SRAM of the controller even after the power is cut off.

This battery is optional. Specify it if necessary.

**10 Power supply connector**

AC power connector. Divided into the control power input and motor power input.

**11 Grounding screw**

Protective grounding screw. Always ground this screw.

**12 External regenerative resistor connector**

A connector for the regenerative resistor that must be connected when the built-in regenerative resistor alone does not offer sufficient capacity in high-acceleration/high-load operation, etc.

Whether or not an external regenerative resistor is necessary depends on the conditions of your specific application such as the axis configuration.

**13 Motor connector for axis 1**

Connects the motor cable of the axis 1 actuator.

**14 Motor connector for axis 2**

Connects the motor cable of the axis 2 actuator.

**15 Brake switch for axis 1**

This switch is used to release the axis brake. Setting it to the left position (RLS side) forcibly releases the brake, while setting it to the right position (NOM side) causes the controller to automatically control the brake.

**16 Brake switch for axis 2**

This switch is used to release the axis brake. Setting it to the left position (RLS side) forcibly releases the brake, while setting it to the right position (NOM side) causes the controller to automatically control the brake.

**17 Encoder connector for axis 1**

Connect the encoder cable of the axis 1 actuator.

**18 Encoder connector for axis 2**

Connect the encoder cable of the axis 2 actuator.

**19 Absolute-data backup battery connector for axis 1**

A connector for the battery that backs up absolute data for axis 1 when the actuator uses an absolute encoder.

**20 Absolute-data backup battery connector for axis 2**

A connector for the battery that backs up absolute data for axis 2 when the actuator uses an absolute encoder.

**21 System-memory backup battery connector**

A connector for the system-memory backup battery.

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

## Option

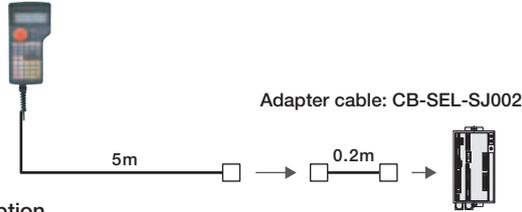
### Teaching Pendant

**Features** A teaching device for entering programs and positions, test runs, and monitoring.

**Model/Price**

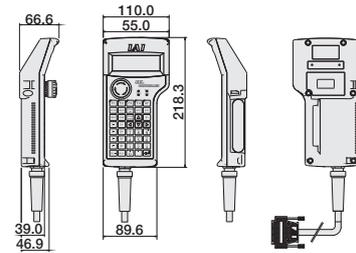
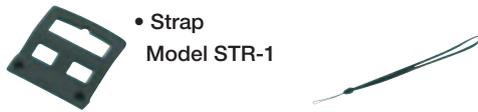
Model	Description
SEL-T-J	Standard type with adapter cable
SEL-TD-J	Deadman's switch type and adapter cable

**Configuration**



**SEL-T option**

- Wall-mounting hook Model HK-1
- Strap Model STR-1



**Specifications**

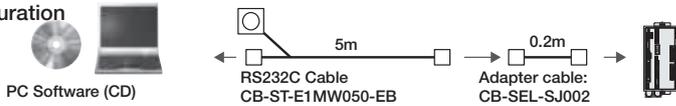
Item	SEL-T-J	SEL-TD-J
3-position Enable Switch	No	Yes
ANSI/UL standards	Non-compliant	Compliant
CE mark	Compliant	
Display	20 char. x 4 lines	
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	0~40°C 10~90% RH (non-condensing)	
Protective structure	IP54	
Weight	Approx. 0.4kg (not incl. cable)	

### PC Software (Windows Only)

**Features** A startup support software for entering programs/positions, performing test runs, and monitoring. More functions have been added for debugging, and improvements have been made to shorten the start-up time.

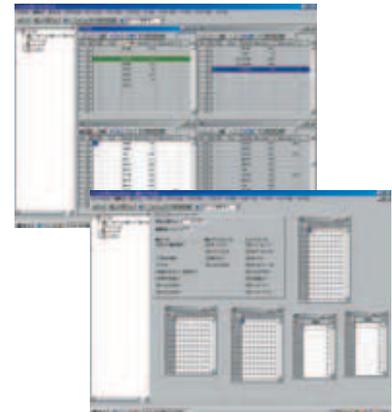
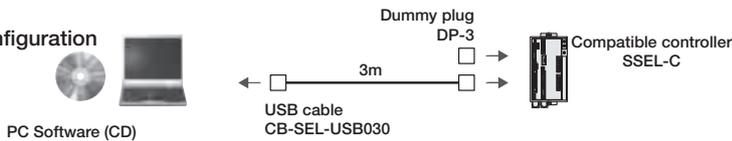
**Model** IA-101-X-MW-J (with RS232C cable + adapter cable)  
IA-101-X-MW (with RS232C cable)

**Configuration**



**Model** IA-101-X-USB (with USB cable)

**Configuration**



**Note:** Only versions 6.0.0.0 and later can be used with the SSEL controller.

### Regenerative Resistor Unit

**Features** A unit that converts the regenerative current, generated during the acceleration/deceleration of the motor, into heat. In the table on the right, check the total power output of the actuator to see if a regenerative resistor is needed.

**Model** REU-2 (for SCON/SSEL)

**Specifications**

Weight of main unit	0.9kg
Internal regenerative resistance	220Ω 80W
Main unit-Controller Connection Cable (included)	CB-SC-REU010 (for SSEL)

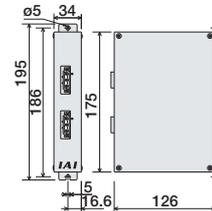
**Required Number of Units**

	Horizontal	Vertical
0 units	~200W	~200W
1 unit	~800W	~600W
2 units	~800W	~800W

\* Depending on the operating conditions, more regenerative resistors may be needed.

\* If 2 regenerative units are needed, acquire one REU-2 and one REU-1 (See P596).

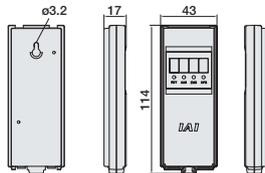
**Exterior Dimensions**



### Panel Unit

**Features** Display device that shows the error code from the controller or the currently running program number.

**Model** PU-1 (Cable length: 3m)



### Absolute Data Backup Battery

**Features** Battery for saving absolute data, when operating an actuator with an absolute encoder. Same as the battery used for system memory backup.

**Model** AB-5



### System Memory Backup Battery

**Features** This battery is required, for example, when you are using global flags in the program and you want to retain your data even after the power has been turned OFF.

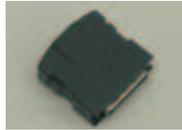
**Model** AB-5-CS (with case)  
AB-5 (Standalone battery)



Option

Dummy Plug

- Features** When connecting the SSEL controller to a computer with a USB cable, this plug is inserted in the teaching port to shut off the enable circuit. (Supplied with the PC software IA-101-X-USB)
- Model** **DP-3**



USB Cable

- Features** A cable for connecting the controller to the USB port to a computer. A controller with no USB port (e.g. XSEL) can be connected to the USB port of a computer by connecting an RS232C cable to the USB cable via a USB adapter. (See PC software IA-101-X-USBMW)
- Model** **CB-SEL-USB030** (Cable length: 3m)



Adapter Cable

- Features** An adapter cable to connect the D-sub 25-pin connector from the teaching pendant or a PC to the teaching connector (half-pitch) of the SSEL controller.
- Model** **CB-SEL-SJ002** (Cable length: 0.2m)



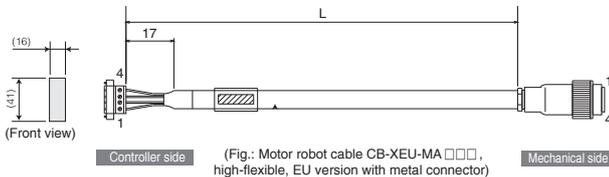
Spare parts

When you need spare parts after purchasing the product, such as when replacing a cable, refer to the list of models below.

Motor cable / EU motor robot cable

Model **CB-RCC-MA** [ ] [ ] [ ] / **CB-XEU-MA** [ ] [ ] [ ]

\* Enter the cable length (L) into [ ] [ ] [ ]. Compatible to a maximum of 30 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



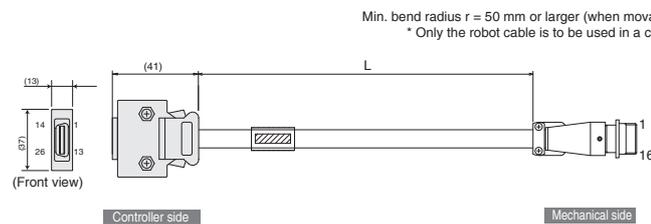
Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
0.75sq	Green	PE	1	1	U	Red	0.75sq (crimped)
	Red	U	2	2	V	White	
	White	V	3	3	W	Black	
	Black	W	4	4	PE	Green	

Encoder cable / EU encoder robot cable

Model **CB-RCS2-PA** [ ] [ ] [ ] / **CB-XEU3-PA** [ ] [ ] [ ]

\* Enter the cable length (L) into [ ] [ ] [ ]. Compatible to a maximum of 30 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

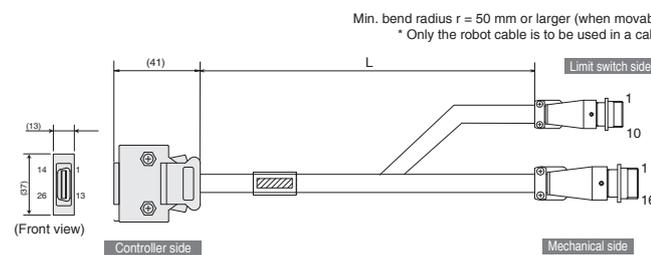
Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
-	-	E24V	10	1	A	Pink	AWG26 (crimped)
-	-	E24V	11	2	A	Green	
-	-	0V	12	3	B	White	
Gray/White	0V	LS	13	4	B	Blue/Red	
Brown/White	LS	26	6	5	Z	Orange/White	
-	-	CLERR	25	6	Z	Green/White	
-	-	OT	24	7	LS+	Brown/White	
-	-	RSV	23	8	SD	Blue	
-	-	-	9	9	SD	Blue	
-	-	-	18	10	BAT+	Black	
-	-	-	19	11	BAT-	Yellow	
Pink	A+	1	1	12	VCC	Green	
Purple	A-	2	2	13	GND	Brown	
White	B+	3	3	14	LS-	Gray/White	
Blue/Red	B-	4	4	15	BK-	Gray	
Brown/White	Z+	5	5	16	BK+	Red	
Green/White	Z-	6	6	17	GND	Black	
Blue	SRD+	7	7	18	BK-	Blue	
Orange	SRD-	8	8	19	BK+	Yellow	
Black	BAT+	14	14	20	GND	Black	
Gray	BAT-	15	15	21	BKR+	Red	
Green	VCC	16	16	22	BKR-	Blue	
Brown	GND	17	17	-	-	-	-
Gray	BKR+	20	20	-	-	-	-
Red	BKR-	21	21	-	-	-	-
Blue	BK+	22	22	-	-	-	-

(Fig.: Encoder robot cable CB-XEU3-PA [ ] [ ] [ ], high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

LS encoder cable / EU LS encoder robot cable for RCS2-RT6/RT6R/RT7R/RTC8/RTC10/RTC12/RA13R

Model **CB-RCS2-PLA** [ ] [ ] [ ] / **CB-XEU2-PLA** [ ] [ ] [ ]

\* Enter the cable length (L) into [ ] [ ] [ ]. Compatible to a maximum of 30 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

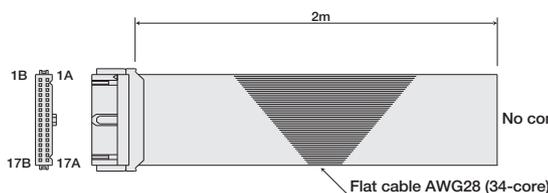
Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire	
-	-	E24V	12	1	A	White/Blue	AWG26 (crimped)	
White/Orange	E24V	12	2	2	A	White/Yellow		
White/Green	0V	13	3	3	B	White/Red		
Brown/Blue	LS	26	6	4	LS	White/Red		
Brown/Yellow	CLERR	25	6	5	CLERR	White/Black		
Brown/Red	OT	24	6	6	OT	White/Purple		
Brown/Black	RSV	23	9	7	RSV	White/Gray		
-	-	-	9	8	-	-		
-	-	-	18	9	-	-		
-	-	-	19	10	-	-		
White/Blue	A+	1	1	11	A	White/Blue		AWG26 (crimped)
White/Yellow	A-	2	2	2	A	White/Yellow		
White/Red	B+	3	3	3	B	White/Red		
White/Black	B-	4	4	4	B	White/Black		
White/Purple	Z+	5	5	5	Z	White/Purple		
White/Gray	Z-	6	6	6	Z	White/Gray		
Orange	SRD+	7	7	7	LS+	Brown/White		
Green	SRD-	8	8	8	SD	Blue		
Purple	BAT+	14	14	9	SD	Orange		
Gray	BAT-	15	15	10	SD	Green		
Red	VCC	16	16	11	BAT+	Purple		
Black	GND	17	17	12	BAT-	Gray		
Blue	BKR+	20	20	13	VCC	Red		
Yellow	BKR-	21	21	14	GND	Black		
-	-	-	22	15	BK-	Blue		
-	-	-	-	16	BK+	Yellow		

(Fig.: Limit switch encoder robot cable CB-XEU2-PLA [ ] [ ] [ ], high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

I/O Flat Cable

Model **CB-DS-PIO** [ ] [ ] [ ]

\* Enter the cable length (L) into [ ] [ ] [ ]. Compatible to a maximum of 10 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



Pin No.	Color	Wire	Pin No.	Color	Wire
1A	Brown 1	Flat cable crimped	9B	Gray 2	Flat cable crimped
1B	Red 1		10A	White 2	
2A	Orange 1		10B	Black 2	
2B	Yellow 1		11A	Brown-3	
3A	Green 1		11B	Red 3	
3B	Blue 1		12A	Orange 3	
4A	Purple 1		12B	Yellow 3	
4B	Gray 1		13A	Purple 3	
5A	White 1		13B	Blue 3	
5B	Black 1	14A	Purple 3		
6A	Brown-2	14B	Gray 3		
6B	Red 2	15A	White 3		
7A	Orange 2	15B	Black 3		
7B	Yellow 2	16A	Brown-4		
8A	Green 2	16B	Red 4		
8B	Blue 2	17A	Orange 4		
9A	Purple 2	17B	Yellow 4		

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /Flat Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

# X-SEL



Program controller  
For RCS2 series

## List of models

Multiaxial program controller for operating RCS2 series actuators. Up to 6 axes can be simultaneously controlled.

Type	KE	KET	P	Q
Name	General Purpose Standard Type	General Purpose Global Type	Large-Capacity Standard Type	Large-Capacity Global Type
External View				
Description	Standard type offering excellent expandability	Global type conforming to safety category 4	Large-capacity standard type capable of controlling up to six axes or 2400W	Large-capacity global type conforming to safety category 4
Maximum number of control axes	4-axis		6-axis	
Number of positions	3000 positions		20000 positions	
Total Number of Connectable W	800/1600W	800/1600W	1600/2400W	
Power Supply	Single-phase AC115V/Single-phase AC230V		Single-phase AC230V/3-phase A230V	
Safety Category	B	Category 4 compatible	B	Category 4 compatible
Safety Rating	CE	CE, ANSI	CE	CE, ANSI

(\*1) The maximum output for 1 shaft during vertical operation is limited to 600W.

(\*2) Axis 5 and axis 6 cannot control the RCS2-RA7/SRA7 series.

Model

[XSEL-KE/KET type]

\*To specify multiple options, enter them in alphabetical order. (Example: Brake + Home sensor -> BL)

\* Notation for 2 - 4 axes depends on the number of axes to be used.

**XSEL** - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - ( [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] ) - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]

Series      Type      Number of Axes      (Specs for 1st axis)      (Specs for axis 2 - 4)      (Slot 1)      (Slot 2)      (Slot 3)      (Slot 4)      I/O Cable Length      Power/Voltage

<b>KE</b> General purpose type			Motor	Encoder	Option	Motor	Encoder	Option	Standard I/O	Expansion I/O		
<b>KET</b> Safety-compliant, general purpose type												

1 Single-axis model	2 2-axis model	3 3-axis model	4 4-axis model
---------------------	----------------	----------------	----------------

<b>B</b> Brake	<b>C</b> Creep sensor	<b>HA</b> High Accel./Decel.	<b>L</b> Home sensor/LS-compatible	<b>M</b> Master axis spec	<b>S</b> Slave axis spec
<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute				

<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute
----------------------	-------------------

<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute
----------------------	-------------------

<b>N1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (NPN)	<b>P1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (PNP)
<b>DV</b> DeviceNet board	<b>CC</b> CC-Link board
<b>PR</b> Profibus board	<b>ET</b> Ethernet board

<b>E</b> Not used	<b>P1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (PNP)
<b>N1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (NPN)	<b>P2</b> Input 16/Output 32 (PNP)
<b>N2</b> Input 16/Output 32 (NPN)	<b>SA</b> Expansion SIO type A
	<b>SB</b> Expansion SIO type B
	<b>SC</b> Expansion SIO type C

<b>1</b> Single-phase AC115V	<b>2</b> Single-phase AC230V
<b>0</b> No cable	<b>2</b> 2m (standard)
	<b>3</b> 3m
	<b>5</b> 5m

\* If you selected DV, CC, PR, or ET for standard and expansion I/O select 0 (no cable) for the I/O cable length.

<b>20</b> 20W servo motor	<b>200</b> 200W servo motor	<b>20</b> 20W servo motor	<b>200</b> 200W servo motor
<b>30D</b> 30W servo motor for RCS2	<b>300</b> 300W servo motor	<b>30D</b> 30W servo motor for RCS2	<b>300</b> 300W servo motor
<b>30R</b> 30W servo motor for RS	<b>400</b> 400W servo motor	<b>30R</b> 30W servo motor for RS	<b>400</b> 400W servo motor
<b>60</b> 60W servo motor	<b>600</b> 600W servo motor	<b>60</b> 60W servo motor	<b>600</b> 600W servo motor
<b>100</b> 100W servo motor	<b>750</b> 750W servo motor	<b>100</b> 100W servo motor	<b>750</b> 750W servo motor
<b>150</b> 150W servo motor		<b>150</b> 150W servo motor	

[XSEL-P/Q type]

\* Notation for 2 - 6 axes depends on the number of axes to be used.

**XSEL** - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - ( [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] ) - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]

Series      Type      Number of Axes      (Specs for 1st axis)      (Specs for axis 2 - 6)      Dedicated network slot      (Slot 1)      (Slot 2)      (Slot 3)      (Slot 4)      I/O Cable Length      Power/Voltage

<b>P</b> Large-capacity type			Motor	Encoder	Option	Motor	Encoder	Option		Standard I/O	Expansion I/O	
<b>Q</b> Safety-compliant, large-capacity type												

1 Single-axis model	4 4-axis model
2 2-axis model	5 5-axis model
3 3-axis model	6 6-axis model

<b>B</b> Brake	<b>C</b> Creep sensor	<b>HA</b> High Accel./Decel.	<b>L</b> Home sensor/LS-compatible	<b>M</b> Master axis spec	<b>S</b> Slave axis spec
<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute				

<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute
----------------------	-------------------

<b>I</b> Incremental	<b>A</b> Absolute
----------------------	-------------------

<b>Blank</b> Not used	<b>DV</b> DeviceNet board
	<b>CC</b> CC-Link board
	<b>PR</b> Profibus board
	<b>ET</b> Ethernet board

<b>E</b> Not used	<b>N1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (NPN)
	<b>N2</b> Input 16/Output 32 (NPN)
	<b>P1</b> Input 32/Output 16 (PNP)
	<b>P2</b> Input 16/Output 32 (PNP)
	<b>S</b> With expansion I/O base

<b>2</b> Single-phase AC230V	<b>3</b> Three-phase AC230V
<b>2L</b> Dedicated linear single-phase AC230V	<b>3L</b> Dedicated linear 3-phase AC230V
<b>0</b> No cable	<b>2</b> 2m (standard)
	<b>3</b> 3m
	<b>5</b> 5m

\* Enter 2L or 3L when operating a linear motor actuator. Otherwise, enter 2 or 3.

\* If expansion I/O will not be used, enter E (not used) for slots 2 to 4. If you are using expansion I/O, enter the expansion I/O code in the desired slot. If an expansion I/O is specified, the controller chassis will come with the expansion I/O base. (See P592-593) If you will not be using the expansion I/O initially but will be adding it later, specify the chassis with I/O expansion board, but specify S for slots 2 to 4.

e.g. Expansion I/O on slot 2, remaining slots unused      XSEL-P-2-100A-100A-N1-N1EE-2-3  
Expansion I/O base attached, but not the expansion I/O      XSEL-P-2-100A-100A-N1-SSS-2-3

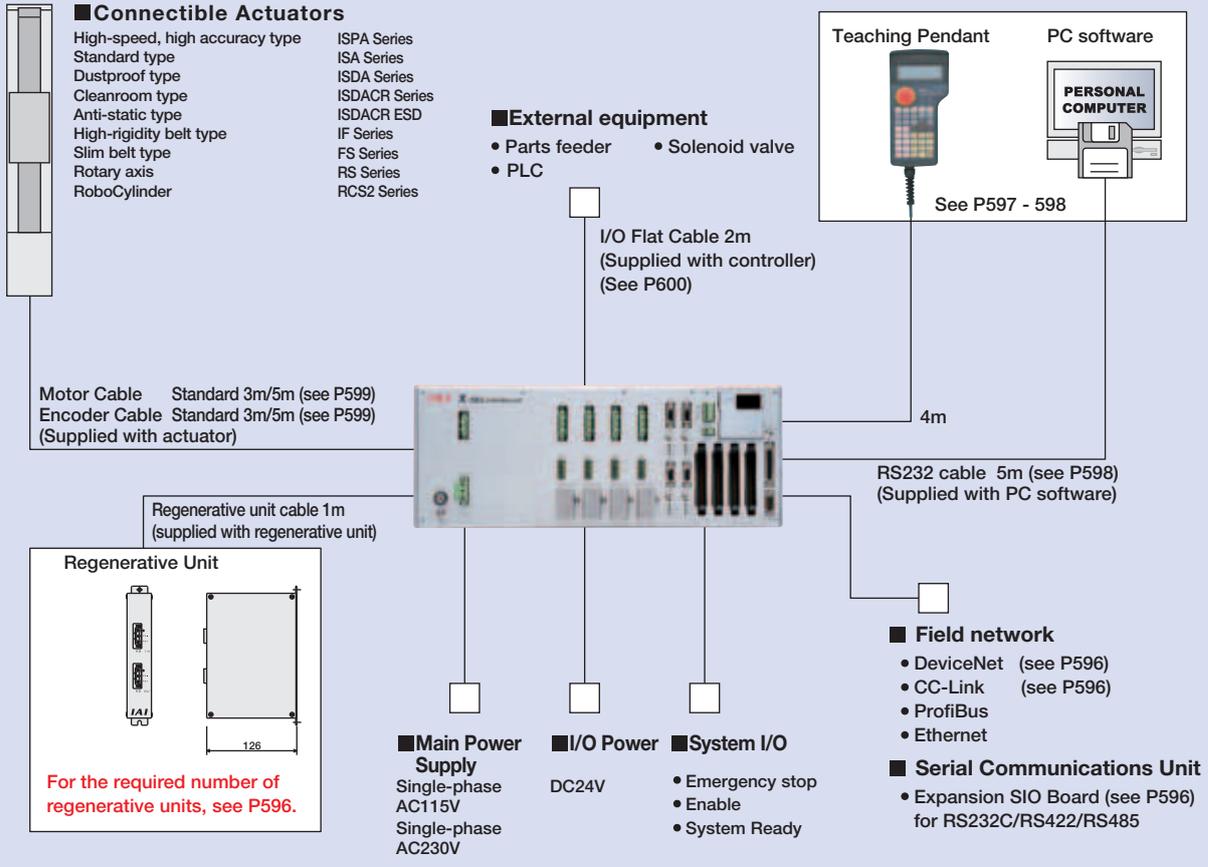
<b>12</b> 12W servo motor	<b>200</b> 200W servo motor	<b>12</b> 12W servo motor	<b>200</b> 200W servo motor
<b>20</b> 20W servo motor	<b>200S</b> For LSA-S10/N15	<b>20</b> 20W servo motor	<b>200S</b> For LSA-S10/N15
<b>30D</b> 30W servo motor for RCS2	<b>300</b> 300W servo motor	<b>30D</b> 30W servo motor for RCS2	<b>300</b> 300W servo motor
<b>30R</b> 30W servo motor for RS	<b>20S</b> For LSA-N19	<b>30R</b> 30W servo motor for RS	<b>20S</b> For LSA-N19
<b>60</b> 60W servo motor	<b>400</b> 400W servo motor	<b>60</b> 60W servo motor	<b>400</b> 400W servo motor
<b>100</b> 100W servo motor	<b>600</b> 600W servo motor	<b>100</b> 100W servo motor	<b>600</b> 600W servo motor
<b>150</b> 150W servo motor	<b>750</b> 750W servo motor	<b>150</b> 150W servo motor	<b>750</b> 750W servo motor
		<b>1000</b> For LSA-W21H (high-thrust type)	

Note:

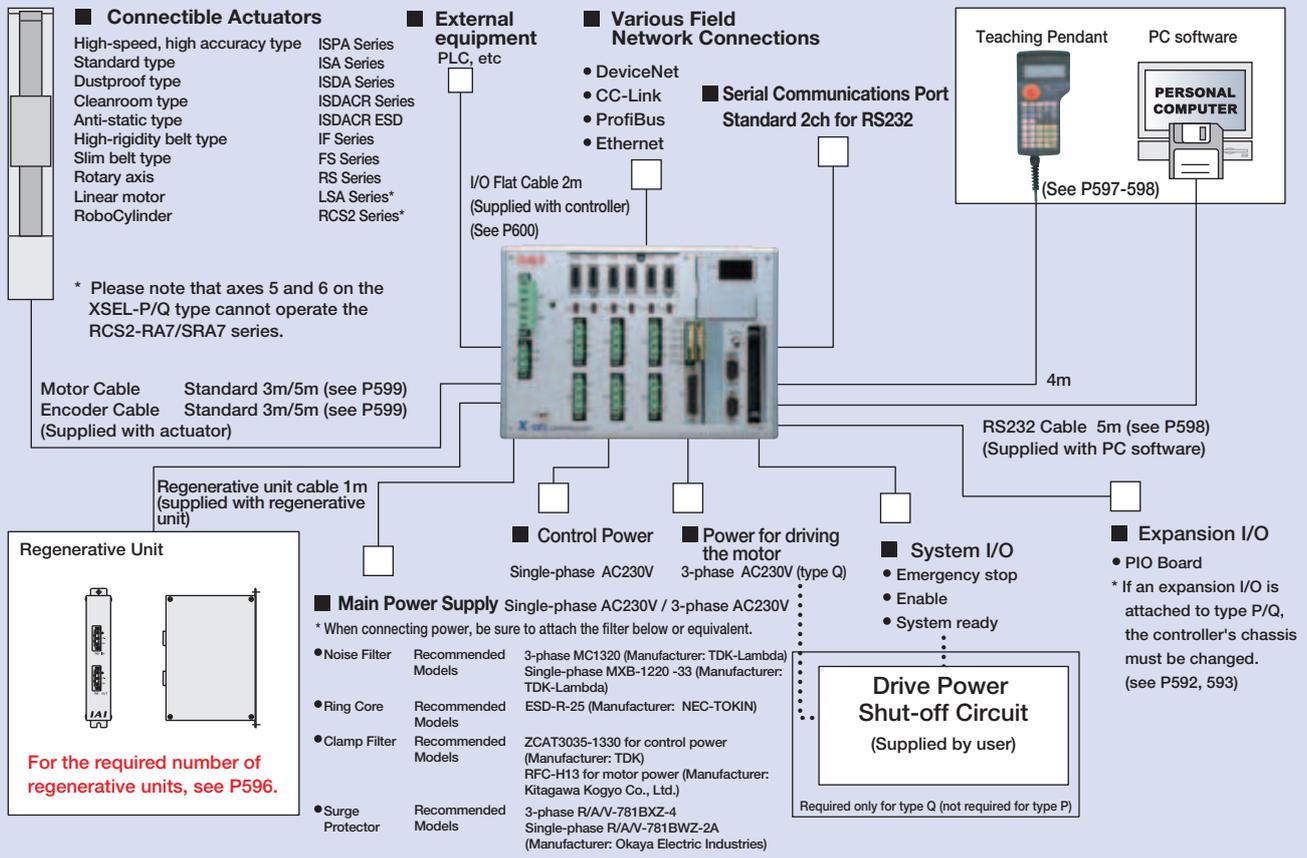
For axis 5 and 6 of XSEL-P/Q type, LSA series, and the RCS2-RA7 / SRA7 series actuators are unavailable.

**System configuration**

**KE (standard type) / KET (global type)**



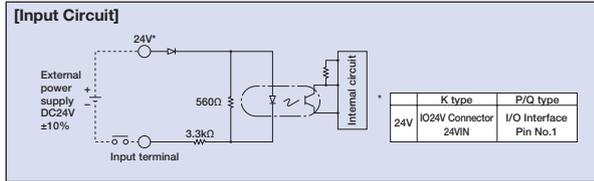
**P (large-capacity standard type) / Q (large-capacity global type)**



I/O wiring drawing

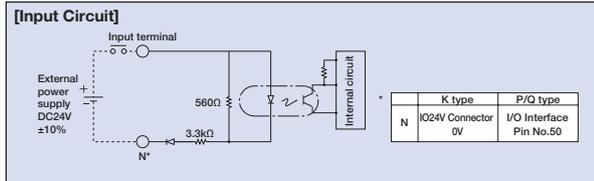
Input section External input specification (NPN specification)

Item	Specifications
Input voltage	DC24V ±10%
Input current	7mA / circuit
ON/OFF voltage	ON Voltage... Min DC16.0V / OFF Voltage... Max DC5.0V
Isolation method	Photocoupler
Externally Connected Equipment	(1) Non-Voltage Contact (Minimum load around DC5V, 1mA) (2) Photoelectric Proximity Sensor (NPN Type) (3) PLC Transistor Output (Open Collector Type) (4) PLC Contact Output (Minimum Load approx. DC5V, 1mA)



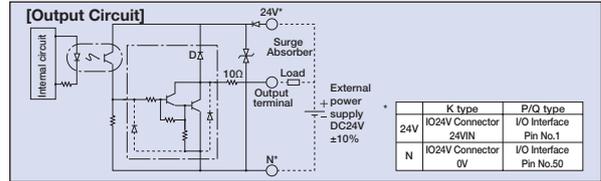
Input section External input specification (PNP specification)

Item	Specifications
Input voltage	DC24V ±10%
Input current	7mA / circuit
ON/OFF voltage	ON Voltage... Min DC8V / OFF Voltage... Max DC19V
Isolation method	Photocoupler
Externally Connected Equipment	(1) Non-Voltage Contact (Minimum load around DC5V, 1mA) (2) Photoelectric Proximity Sensor (PNP Type) (3) PLC Transistor Output (Open Collector Type) (4) PLC Contact Output (Minimum Load approx. DC5V, 1mA)



Output section External input specification (NPN specification)

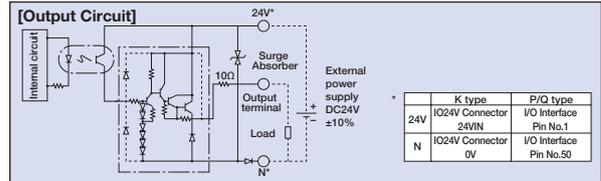
Item	Specifications
Load Voltage	DC24V
Max. load current	100mA / point 400 mA
Leak current	Peak (Total Current) TD62084 (or equivalent)
Isolation method	Max 0.1mA / point
Externally Connected Equipment	Photocoupler
Equipment	(1) Miniature Relay, (2) PLC Input Unit



Output section External input specification (PNP specification)

Item	Specifications
Load Voltage	DC24V
Max. load current	100mA / 1 point 400mA / 8 port (Note)
Leak current	Max 0.1mA / point
Isolation method	Photocoupler
Externally Connected Equipment	(1) Miniature Relay, (2) PLC Input Unit

(Note) 400mA is the maximum total load current for each set of the eight ports from output port No. 300. (The maximum total current output for output port No. 300+n to No. 300+n+7 must be 400mA, where n = 0 or a multiple of eight.)



I/O Signal table

Standard I/O Signal Table (when N1 or P1 is selected)

Pin No.	Classification	Port No.	Standard Settings
1		—	(P/Q type: 24V connection / K type: NC)
2		000	Program start
3		001	General Purpose Input
4		002	General Purpose Input
5		003	General Purpose Input
6		004	General Purpose Input
7		005	General Purpose Input
8		006	General Purpose Input
9		007	Program Specification (PRG No. 1)
10		008	Program Specification (PRG No. 2)
11		009	Program Specification (PRG No. 4)
12		010	Program Specification (PRG No. 8)
13		011	Program Specification (PRG No. 10)
14		012	Program Specification (PRG No. 20)
15		013	Program Specification (PRG No. 40)
16	Input	014	General Purpose Input
17		015	General Purpose Input
18		016	General Purpose Input
19		017	General Purpose Input
20		018	General Purpose Input
21		019	General Purpose Input
22		020	General Purpose Input
23		021	General Purpose Input
24		022	General Purpose Input
25		023	General Purpose Input
26		024	General Purpose Input
27	025	General Purpose Input	
28	026	General Purpose Input	
29	027	General Purpose Input	
30	028	General Purpose Input	
31	029	General Purpose Input	
32	030	General Purpose Input	
33	031	General Purpose Input	
34	Output	300	Alarm Output
35		301	Ready Output
36		302	Emergency Stop Output
37		303	General Purpose Output
38		304	General Purpose Output
39		305	General Purpose Output
40		306	General Purpose Output
41		307	General Purpose Output
42		308	General Purpose Output
43		309	General Purpose Output
44		310	General Purpose Output
45		311	General Purpose Output
46		312	General Purpose Output
47		313	General Purpose Output
48		314	General Purpose Output
49		315	General Purpose Output
50		—	(P/Q type: 0V connection/K type: NC)

Extension I/O Signal Table (when N1 or P1 is selected)

Pin No.	Classification	Standard Settings
1		(P/Q type: 24V connection / K type: NC)
2		General Purpose Input
3		General Purpose Input
4		General Purpose Input
5		General Purpose Input
6		General Purpose Input
7		General Purpose Input
8		General Purpose Input
9		General Purpose Input
10		General Purpose Input
11		General Purpose Input
12		General Purpose Input
13		General Purpose Input
14		General Purpose Input
15		General Purpose Input
16		General Purpose Input
17	Input	General Purpose Input
18		General Purpose Input
19		General Purpose Input
20		General Purpose Input
21		General Purpose Input
22		General Purpose Input
23		General Purpose Input
24		General Purpose Input
25		General Purpose Input
26		General Purpose Input
27		General Purpose Input
28	General Purpose Input	
29	General Purpose Input	
30	General Purpose Input	
31	General Purpose Input	
32	General Purpose Input	
33	General Purpose Input	
34	Output	General Purpose Output
35		General Purpose Output
36		General Purpose Output
37		General Purpose Output
38		General Purpose Output
39		General Purpose Output
40		General Purpose Output
41		General Purpose Output
42		General Purpose Output
43		General Purpose Output
44		General Purpose Output
45		General Purpose Output
46		General Purpose Output
47		General Purpose Output
48		General Purpose Output
49		General Purpose Output
50		—

Extension I/O Signal Table (when N2 or P2 is selected)

Pin No.	Classification	Standard Settings
1		(P/Q type: 24V connection / K type: NC)
2		General Purpose Input
3		General Purpose Input
4		General Purpose Input
5		General Purpose Input
6		General Purpose Input
7		General Purpose Input
8		General Purpose Input
9	Input	General Purpose Input
10		General Purpose Input
11		General Purpose Input
12		General Purpose Input
13		General Purpose Input
14		General Purpose Input
15		General Purpose Input
16		General Purpose Input
17		General Purpose Input
18		General Purpose Input
19		General Purpose Input
20	Output	General Purpose Output
21		General Purpose Output
22		General Purpose Output
23		General Purpose Output
24		General Purpose Output
25		General Purpose Output
26		General Purpose Output
27		General Purpose Output
28		General Purpose Output
29		General Purpose Output
30		General Purpose Output
31	General Purpose Output	
32	General Purpose Output	
33	General Purpose Output	
34	General Purpose Output	
35	General Purpose Output	
36	General Purpose Output	
37	General Purpose Output	
38	General Purpose Output	
39	General Purpose Output	
40	General Purpose Output	
41	General Purpose Output	
42	General Purpose Output	
43	General Purpose Output	
44	General Purpose Output	
45	General Purpose Output	
46	General Purpose Output	
47	General Purpose Output	
48	General Purpose Output	
49	General Purpose Output	
50	—	(P/Q type: 0V connection/K type: NC)

## Table of specifications

### ■ KE (General Purpose Standard Type) / KET (General Purpose Global Type)

Item	Description							
	KE (Standard) Type				KET (Global) Type			
Controller Series, Type	RCS2 / ISA / ISPA / ISP / ISDA / ISDACR / ISPDACR / IF / FS / RS							
Connecting actuator	RCS2 / ISA / ISPA / ISP / ISDA / ISDACR / ISPDACR / IF / FS / RS							
Compatible Motor Output (W)	20 / 30 / 60 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 300 / 400 / 600 / 750							
Number of control axes	1-axis	2-axis	3-axis	4-axis	1-axis	2-axis	3-axis	4-axis
Maximum Connected Axes Output (W)	Max 800	Max. 1600 (When power supply voltage is 230V) Max. 800 (When power supply voltage is 115V)			Max 800	Max. 1600 (When power supply voltage is 230V) Max. 800 (When power supply voltage is 115V)		
Input Voltage	115V Specification: Single-phase AC100 to 115V 230V Specification: Single-phase AC200 to 230V							
Motor Power Input	±10%							
Power Supply Frequency	50Hz/60Hz							
Power Supply Capacity	Max 1670VA	Max 3120VA	Max 3220VA	Max 3310VA	Max 1670VA	Max 3120VA	Max 3220VA	Max 3310VA
Position detection method	Incremental Encoder (Serial encoder) Absolute encoder with a rotational data backup (Serial encoder)							
Speed setting	1mm/sec and up, the maximum depends on actuator specifications							
Acceleration setting	0.01G and up, the maximum depends on the actuator							
Programming language	Super SEL language							
Number of programs	64 Programs							
Number of program steps	6000 Steps (total)							
Number of multi-tasking programs	16 Programs							
Number of Positions	3000 positions							
Data memory device	FLASH ROM+SRAM Battery Backup							
Data input method	Teaching pendant or PC software							
Standard Input/Output	32 points (total of dedicated inputs + general-purpose inputs) / 16 points (total of dedicated outputs + general-purpose outputs)							
Expansion Input/Output	48 points per unit (3 more units can be installed)							
Serial communications function	Teaching Pendant+ Expansion SIO Board Installable (optional)							
Other Input/Output	System I/O (Emergency Stop Input, Enable Input, System Ready Output)							
Protection function	Motor overcurrent, Motor driver temperature check, Overload check, Encoder open-circuit check soft limit over, system error, battery error, etc.							
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	Temperature 0 to 40°C, Humidity 30 to 85%							
Ambient atmosphere	Free from corrosive gases. In particular, there shall be no significant dust.							
Weight	6.0kg		7.0kg		6.0kg		7.0kg	
Accessory	I/O Flat Cable							

### ■ P (Large-Capacity Standard Type) / Q (Large-Capacity Global Type)

Item	Description											
	P (Standard) Type						Q (Global) Type					
Controller Series, Type	RCS2 / ISA / ISPA / ISP / ISDA / ISDACR / ISPDACR / IF / FS / RS / LSA											
Connecting actuator	RCS2 / ISA / ISPA / ISP / ISDA / ISDACR / ISPDACR / IF / FS / RS / LSA											
Compatible Motor Output	20 / 30 / 60 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 300 / 400 / 600 / 750											
Number of Controlled Axes	1-axis	2-axis	3-axis	4-axis	5-axis	6-axis	1-axis	2-axis	3-axis	4-axis	5-axis	6-axis
Maximum Connected Axes Output (W)	Max 2400W (The single-phase AC230V specification is 1600W)											
Control Power Input	Single-phase AC170V to AC253V						Single-phase AC170V to AC253V					
Motor Power Input	Single-phase/3-phase AC180V to AC253V						Single-phase/3-phase AC180V to AC253V					
Power Supply Frequency	50 / 60Hz											
Insulation Resistance	10MΩ or more (between the power-supply terminal and I/O terminals, and between all external terminals and case, at 500VDC)											
Withstand Voltage	AC1500V (1 minute)						AC1500V (1 minute)					
Power Supply Capacity (*1)	Max 1744VA	Max 3266VA	Max 4787VA	Max 4878VA	Max 4931VA	Max 4998VA	Max 1744VA	Max 3266VA	Max 4787VA	Max 4878VA	Max 4931VA	Max 4998VA
Position detection method	Incremental Encoder (Serial encoder) Absolute encoder with a rotational data backup (Serial encoder)											
Safety Circuit Configuration	Redundancy not supported						Double Redundant Enabled					
Drive Source Breaker System	Internal cutoff relay						External Safety Circuit					
Enable Input	B Contact Input (Internal Power Supply Model)						B Contact Input (External Power Supply Model, Double Redundant)					
Speed setting	1mm/sec and up, the maximum depends on actuator specifications											
Acceleration/Deceleration Setting	0.01G and up, the maximum depends on the actuator											
Programming language	Super SEL language											
Number of programs	128 Programs											
Number of program steps	9999 Steps (total)											
Number of multi-tasking programs	16 Programs											
Number of Positions	20000 Positions (Total)											
Data memory device	FLASH ROM+SRAM Battery Backup											
Data input method	Teaching pendant or PC software											
Standard Input/Output	48-point I/O PIO Board (NPN/PNP), 96-point I/O PIO Board (NPN/PNP), 1 board can be installed											
Expansion Input/Output	48-point I/O PIO Board (NPN/PNP), 96-point I/O PIO Board (NPN/PNP), Up to 3 boards can be installed											
Serial communications function	Teaching Pendant (25-pin D-sub) Port + 2ch RS232C Port (9-pin D-sub x 2)											
Protection function	Motor overcurrent, overload, motor driver temperature check, overload check encoder open-circuit check, soft limit over, system error, battery error, etc.											
Ambient Operating Temp. Humidity, Atmosphere	0 to 40°C, 10 to 95% (non-condensing). Free from corrosive gases. In particular, there shall be no significant dust.											
Weight (*2)	5.2kg			5.7kg			4.5kg			5kg		
Accessory	I/O Flat Cable											

\*1 When the connected axes represent the maximum wattage.

\*2 Including the absolute-data backup battery, brake mechanism and expansion I/O box.

External Dimensions

■ KE (General Purpose Standard Type) / KET (General Purpose Global Type)

	1/2-axis specification	3/4-axis specification	Side View
KE type (standard)			
KET type (global)			

■ P (Large-capacity Standard Type) / Q (Large-capacity Global Type)

The XSEL-P/Q types have different shapes and dimensions in accordance with the controller specifications (encoder type, with/without brake, and with/without I/O expansion). The 4 layouts below are available. Confirm dimensions to match the desired type and number of axes.

**Caution**  
The specifications of the single phase 230V in Q type is the exterior dimension of P type.

[P Type]

		Basic Layout (Incremental Specification)	With brake/absolute unit	Basic Layout + I/O expansion base	With brake/absolute unit + I/O expansion base	Side View
Controllers Specifications	Encoder	Incremental	Absolute	Incremental	Absolute	
	Brake	None	Yes	None	Yes	
	I/O	Standard only	Standard only	Standard + Expansion	Standard + Expansion	
Single phase Specifications	1 to 4 axis Specifications					
	5 to 6 axis Specifications					
3 phases Specifications	1 to 4 axis Specifications					
	5 to 6 axis Specifications					

- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /FlatType
- Mini
- Standard
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

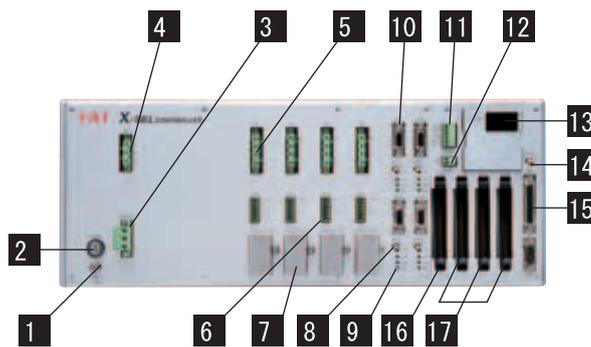
## External dimensional drawing

### [Q Type]

		Basic Layout (Incremental Specification)	With brake/absolute unit	Basic Layout + I/O expansion base	With brake/absolute unit + I/O expansion base	Side View
Controllers Specifications	Encoder	Incremental	Absolute	Incremental	Absolute	
	Brake	None	Yes	None	Yes	
	I/O	Standard only	Standard only	Standard + Expansion	Standard + Expansion	
Single phase Specifications	1 to 4 axis Specifications					
	5 to 6 axis Specifications					
3 phase Specifications	1 to 4 axis Specifications					
	5 to 6 axis Specifications					

Part Names

K type (General)



**1** FG Connection Terminal

A terminal for connecting to the FG terminal on the enclosure. The PE of the AC input are connected to the enclosure inside the controller.

**2** Fuse Holder

This is the single-pole fuse holder for overcurrent protection in the AC input.

**3** Main Power Input Connector

This connector is for the AC230V single-phase input.

**4** Regeneration Resistance Unit Connector

This connector is for the regenerative resistance unit (optional/REU-1) that is connected when there is insufficient capacity with the built-in regenerative resistor for high-acceleration/high-loads, etc.

**5** Motor Cable Connector

A connector for the motor power-supply cable of the actuator.

**6** Actuator Sensor Input Connector

A connector for axis sensors such as LS, CREEP and OT.

**7** Absolute-data backup battery

This is the encoder backup battery unit when an absolute encoder is used. This battery is not connected for a non-absolute axis.

**8** Brake Release Switch (Brake-equipped specification only)

Locking toggle switch for releasing the axis brake. Pull the switch forward and then tilt it up or down. Set the switch to the top position (RLS) to forcibly release the brake, or to the bottom position (NOM) to have the brake automatically controlled by the controller.

**9** Axis Driver Status LED

This LED is for monitoring the operating status of the driver CPU that controls the motor drive. Features the following three LEDs.

Name	Color	Function description
ALM	Orange	Indicates when an error has been detected by the driver.
SVON	Green	Indicates that the servo is ON and the motor is driven.
BATT ALM	Orange	Indicates low absolute battery charge.

**10** Encoder sensor cable connector

15-pin D-sub connector for the actuator encoder cable.

**11** System I/O Connector

A connector for three input/output points including two inputs used to for the controller operation, and one system status output.

Name		
EMG	Emergency stop input	ON=operation enabled, OFF=emergency stop
ENB	Safety Gate Input	ON=operation enabled, OFF=servo OFF
RDY	System Ready Relay Output	This signal outputs the status of this controller. Cascade connection is supported. Short=ready, Open=not ready

**12** I/O 24V Power Connector

**16, 17** This connector is for supplying external I/O power to the insulator when DI and DOs are installed in the I/O boards.

**13** Panel Window

This window has a 4-digit, 7-segment LED and five LED lamps showing the system status.

**14** Mode switch

This is a locking toggle switch for designating the controller operating mode. Pull the switch forward and then tilt it up or down. The top position indicates the MANU (manual operation) mode, while the bottom position indicates the AUTO (automatic operation) mode. Teaching can only be performed in manual operation, and automatic operation using external I/Os is not possible in the MANU mode.

**15** Teaching Connector

This is a 25-pin D-sub connector for connecting a teaching pendant or PC cable to enter programmed positions.

**16** Standard I/O Slot (Slot 1)

A 32-point input / 16-point output PIO board is installed as standard equipment.

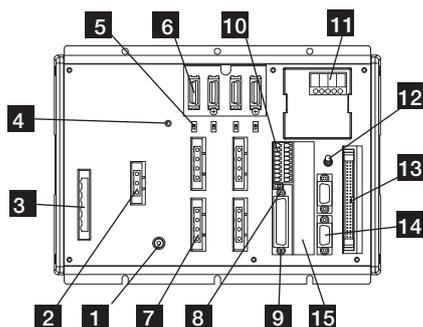
**17** Expansion I/O Slots (Slot 2, Slot 3, Slot 4)

Install an expansion I/O board. (Option)

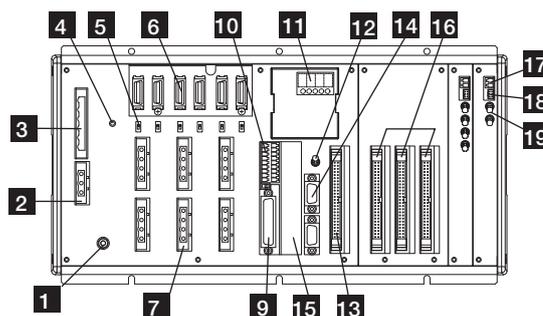
- Slider Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Rod Type
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Table/Arm /FlatType
- Mini
- Standard
- Controllers Integrated
- Gripper/ Rotary Type
- Linear Motor Type
- Cleanroom Type
- Splash-Proof
- Controllers
- PMEC /AMEC
- PSEP /ASEP
- ROBO NET
- ERC2
- PCON
- ACON
- SCON
- PSEL
- ASEL
- SSEL
- XSEL
- Pulse Motor
- Servo Motor (24V)
- Servo Motor (230V)
- Linear Motor

## Part Names

P type (4-axis)



Q type (Absolute, brake unit + expansion base, 6-axis)



### 1 FG Connection Terminal

A terminal for connecting to the FG terminal on the enclosure. The PE of the AC input are connected to the enclosure inside the controller.

### 2 External regeneration unit connector

A connector for the regenerative resistor that must be connected when the built-in regenerative resistor alone does not offer sufficient capacity in high-acceleration/ high-load operation, etc. Whether or not an external regenerative resistor is necessary depends on the conditions of your specific application such as the axis configuration.

### 3 AC Power Input Connector

AC230V 3-phase input connector. It consists of six terminals including motor power-supply, control power-supply and PE terminals. Standard equipment only includes a terminal block.

Due to risk of electrical shock, do not touch this connector while power is supplied.

### 4 Control Power Monitor LED

A green light illuminates while the control power supply is properly generating internal controller power.

### 5 Enable/Disable Switch for Absolute Battery

This switch is for enabling/disabling the encoder backup using the absolute data backup battery. The encoder backup has been disabled prior to shipment. After connecting the encoder/axis-sensor cables, turn on the power, and then set this switch to the top position.

### 6 Encoder/Axis Sensor Connector

A connector for axis sensors such as LS, CREEP and OT.  
\* LS, CREEP, and OT are options.

### 7 Motor connector

A connector for driving the motor in the actuator.

### 8 Teaching Pendant Type Selection Switch

This switch is for selecting the type of teaching pendant to connect to the teaching connector. Switch between an IAI standard teaching pendant and the ANSI-compatible teaching pendant. Operate the switch on the front face of the board in accordance with the teaching pendant used.

### 9 Teaching Connector

The teaching interface is used for connecting the IAI teaching pendant or the software on a PC to operate and configure the system, etc.

### 10 System I/O connector

A connector for managing the safety operation functions of the controllers. Controllers of the global specification let you configure a safety circuit conforming to safety categories of up to 4 using this connector and an external safety circuit.

### 11 Panel Window

This window consists of a 4-digit, 7-segment LED and five LED lamps showing the system status.

### Description of five LEDs

Name	Status when LED is lit
RDY	CPU Ready (programs can be run)
ALM	CPU Power (System Down Level Error) CPU Hardware Problem
EMG	Emergency stop status, CPU hardware problem, or power system hardware problem
PSE	Power supply hardware problem
CLK	System clock problem

### 12 Mode switch

This is a locking toggle switch for designating the controller operating mode. Pull the switch forward and then tilt it up or down. The top position indicates the MANU (manual operation) mode, while the bottom position indicates the AUTO (automatic operation) mode. Teaching can only be performed in manual operation, and automatic operation using external I/Os is not possible in the MANU mode.

### 13 Standard I/O connector

50-pin flat connector structure, comprised of 32 input / 16 output DIOs.

### Overview of Standard I/O Interface Specifications

Item	Details
Connector Name	I/O
Applicable connector	50-Pins, Flat Connector
Power Supply	Power is supplied through connector pins No. 1 and No. 50.
Input	32 points (including general-purpose and dedicated inputs)
Output	16 points (including general-purpose and dedicated inputs)
Connected to	External PLC, sensors, etc.

### 14 General-purpose RS232C Port Connector

This port is for connecting general-purpose RS232C equipment. (2-channels are available)

### 15 Field network board slot

A slot that accepts a fieldbus interface module.

### 16 Expansion I/O Board (optional)

Slots that accept optional expansion I/O boards.

### 17 Brake Power Input Connector

A power input connector for driving the actuator brake. DC 24V must be supplied externally. If this power supply is not provided, the actuator brake cannot be released. Be certain that power is supplied to the brake-equipped axis. Use a shielded cable for the brake power cable, and connect the shielding on the 24V power supply side.

### 18 Brake Release Switch Connector

A connector for the switch that releases the actuator brake externally to the controller. Shorting the COM terminal and BKMR1\* terminal of this connector will release the brake. Use this method if you wish to manually operate the actuator after the controller has experienced a power failure or malfunction.

### 19 Brake Switch

Locking toggle switch for releasing the axis brake. Pull the switch forward and then tilt it up or down. Setting it to the top position (RLS side) forcibly releases the brake, while setting it to the bottom position (NOM side) causes the controller to automatically control the brake.

Option

Regenerative Resistance Unit

Model **REU-1**

Details

This unit converts to heat the regenerative current produced when the motor decelerates. Although the controller has a built-in regenerative resistor, its capacity may not be enough if the axis is positioned vertically and the load is large. In this case, one or more regenerative units will be required. (Refer to the table at right)

Specifications

Item	Specifications
Main Unit dimensions	W34mm × H195mm × D126mm
Main Unit Weight	900g
Built-in regenerative resistor	220Ω 80W
Accessory	Controller Connection Cable (Model No. CB-ST-REU010) 1m

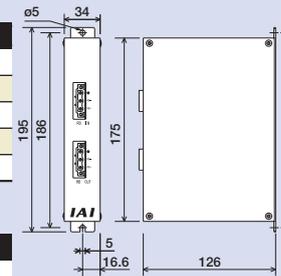
Installation Standards Determined by the total motor capacity of vertical axes connected.

Horizontal Application

Number of connecting units	P/Q Type	K Type
0 pc	to 100W	to 800W
1 pc	to 600W	to 1200W
2 pc	to 1200W	to 1600W
3 pc	to 1800W	-
4 pc	to 2400W	-

Vertical Application

Number of connecting units	P/Q Type	K Type
0 pc	to 100W	to 400W
1 pc	to 600W	to 800W
2 pc	to 1000W	to 1200W
3 pc	to 1400W	When exceeding 1200W, please contact IAL.
4 pc	to 2000W	
5 pc	to 2400W	



Absolute Data Retention Battery (for XSEL-KE/KET)

Model **IA-XAB-BT**

Features

A battery that retains the data stored in an absolute type controller. Replace when the controller battery alarm illuminates.

Packaging

1 Unit (One battery is required for each axis. Specify a quantity for the number of axes used.)



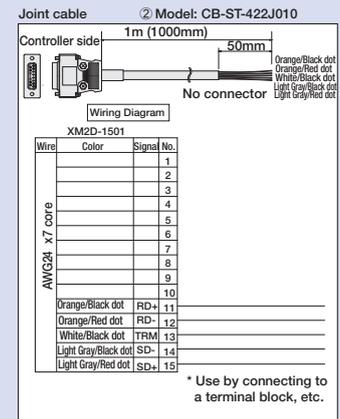
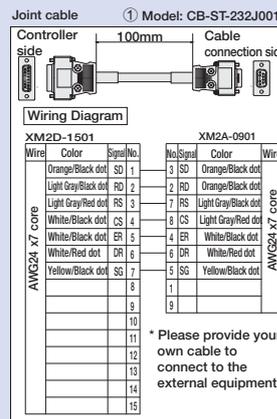
Expansion SIO Board (for XSEL-KE/KET)

Model/Specifications IA-105-X-MW-A (for RS232C connection) (Board + joint cables (1), 2 included)  
IA-105-X-MW-B (for RS422 connection) (Board + joint cables (2), 1 included)  
IA-105-X-MW-C (for RS485 connection) (Board + joint cables (2), 1 included)

Details

Board for serial communications with external equipment.

This board has two port channels and implements three communication modes using the supplied joint cable(s).



Absolute Data Retention Battery (for XSEL-P/Q)

Model **AB-5**

Features

Absolute data retention battery for operating actuators under absolute specification.



Expansion PIO Board

Details

An optional board for adding I/O (input/output) points. With the general-purpose and large-capacity types, up to three expansion PIO boards can be installed in the expansion slots. (With the compact types, only one expansion PIO board can be installed in the expansion slot, provided that the controller is of 3 or 4-axis specification.)

DeviceNet Connection Board

A board for connecting the XSEL controller to DeviceNet.

Item	Specifications			
Number of I/O Points	1 board, 256 input points / 256 output points *Only 1 can be installed			
Communication Standard	Interface module certified under DeviceNet 2.0 (certification to be obtained)			
	Group 2 Only Server			
Communication specifications	Insulated node operating on network power supply			
	Master-Slave connection		Bit strobe	
			Polling	
Communication Rate	500k/250k/125kbps (Selectable by DIP switch)			
	Communication Rate	Maximum network length	Maximum branch length	Total branch length
	500 kbps	100m	6m	39m
250 kbps	250m	78m		
125 kbps	500m	156m		
(Note) When a large DeviceNet cable is used				
Communication Power Supply	24VDC (supplied from DeviceNet)			
Low Current Communication Power Supply	60mA or higher			
Number of Reserved Nodes	1 node			
Connector	MSTBA2.5/5-G.08AUM by Phoenix Contact (*1)			

(\*1) The connector on the cable (SMSTB2.5/5-ST-5.08AU by Phoenix Contact) is a standard accessory.

CC-Link Connection Board

A board for connecting the XSEL controller to CC-Link.

Item	Specifications				
Number of I/O Points	1 board, 256 input points / 256 output points *Only 1 can be installed				
Communication Standard	CC-Link Ver1.10 (certified)				
Communication Rate	10M/5M/2.5M/625k/156kbps (switched using a rotary switch)				
Communication method	Broadcast polling method				
Asynchronous	Frame synchronization method				
Encoding Format	NRZI				
Transmission path type	Bus Format (EIA RS485 Compliant)				
Transmission Format	HDLC Compliant				
Error control method	CRC (X <sup>16</sup> +X <sup>12</sup> +X <sup>5</sup> +1)				
Number of Reserved Stations	1 to 3 Stations (Remote Device Stations)				
Communication cable length	Communication Rate (bps)	10M	5M	2.5M	625k 156k
	Communication cable length	100	160	400	900 1200
Connector (Controller-side)	MSTBA2.5/5-G.08AUM by Phoenix Contact (*1)				

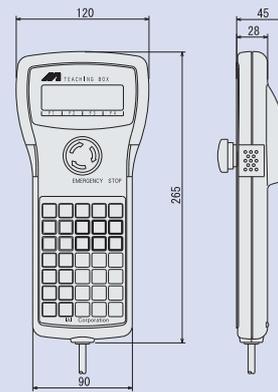
(\*1) The connector on the cable (SMSTB2.5/5-ST-5.08AU by Phoenix Contact) is a standard accessory.

## Part Names

### Teaching Pendant

**Model** IA-T-X (standard)  
IA-T-XD (with deadman switch)

### Dimensions



- Features**
- A teaching device that has program/position input, test operation, monitoring function, etc.
  - Interactive, easy to operate.
  - For higher safety, a deadman switch version is also available.

### Specifications

Item	Specifications
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	Temperature 0 to 40°C, Humidity: 85 %RH or lower
Ambient Operating atmosphere	Free from corrosive gases. In particular, there shall be no significant powder dust.
Weight	Approx. 650g
Cable Length	4m
Indication	20 characters x 4 lines LCD display

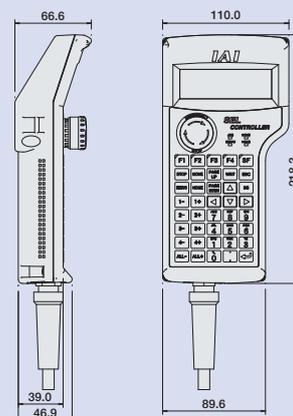
### Note:

\* Versions older than 1.13 cannot be used with XSEL-P/Q.  
\* Versions older than 1.08 cannot be used with SCARA.

### ANSI standard / CE mark compatible teaching pendant (dedicated universal type)

**Model** SEL-T  
SEL-TD (Corresponding to ANSI)  
SEL-TG (Corresponding to ANSI and safety category)

### Dimensions



- Features** Splash-proof type that corresponds to protection level IP54. Improved operationability with separate keys for different functions. In addition, SEL-TD / SEL-TG has a 3-position enable switch and corresponds to ANSI standard.

### Specifications

Item	Specifications
Ambient Operating Temp./Humidity	Temperature: 0 to 40°C Humidity: 30 to 85%RH or lower (non-condensing)
Protection mechanism	IP54 (Cable connector excluded)
Weight	400g or lower (Cable connector excluded)
Cable Length	5m
Indication	32 characters x 8 lines LCD display
Safety Rating	CE mark, ANSI standard (*)

(\*) only SEL-TD / SEL-TG corresponds to ANSI standard.

### Teaching pendant controller correspondence table

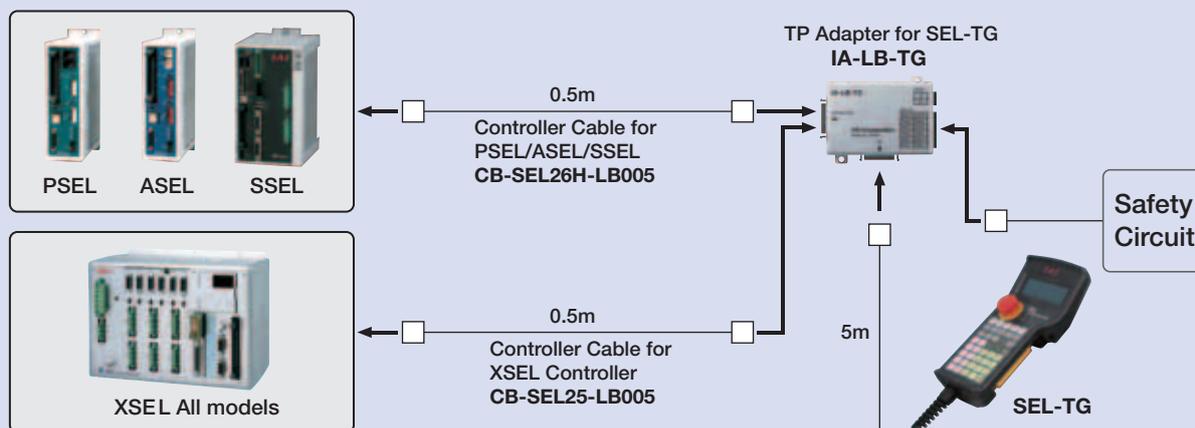
		IA-T-X	IA-T-XD	SEL-T	SEL-TD	SEL-TG
		Standard	With a deadman switch	Standard	Safety Category Compliant	Safety Category Compliant
Program Controllers	PSEL/ASEL/SSEL	○ (Note 1)	○ (Note 1)	○ (Note 1)	○ (Note 1)	◎
	XSEL-P	○	○	○	○	◎
	XSEL-Q	-	-	○	◎	◎
	XSEL-KET	○	○	○	◎	◎
	XSEL-KE	○	○	○	○	○
	XSEL-KETX	○	○	○	○	○
	XSEL-PX	○	○	○	○	◎
	XSEL-QX	-	-	○	◎	◎

\* ◎ corresponds to safety category B to 4.

○ does not correspond to safety category, but connection is available.

(Note 1) To connect to PSEL/ASEL/SSEL, a conversion cable is necessary.

### SEL-TG wiring drawing



PC software (Windows dedicated)

**Model** IA-101-X-MW(EB)\*

\*Set with emergency stop box: IA-101-X-MW-EB

**Note:**

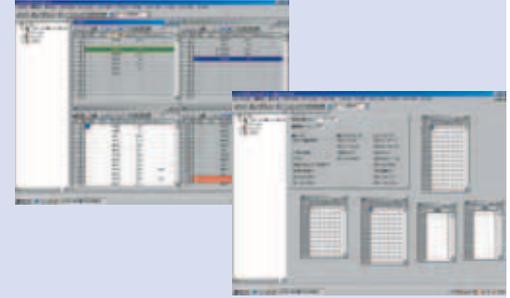
- \* Versions older than 3.0.0 cannot be used with XSEL-P/Q.
- \* Versions older than 2.0.0 cannot be used with SCARA.
- \* Please use IA-101-XA-MW for safety category 4-compliant controller.

**Features**

A startup support software program offering program/position input function, test operation function, monitoring function, and more.  
The functions needed for debugging have been enhanced to help reduce the startup time.

**Details**

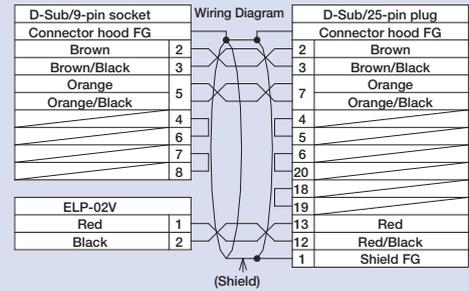
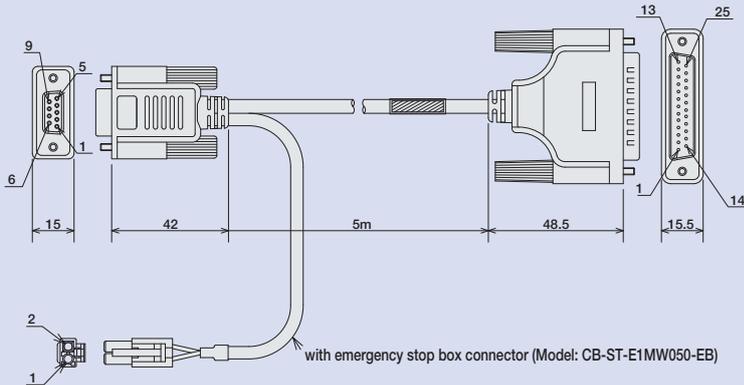
Software (CD-ROM)  
(Corresponding to Windows98, NT, 2000, ME, and XP)  
PC connecting cable 5m, model: CB-ST-9-25 (with emergency stop box: CB-ST-E1MW050-EB)



PC connecting cable single unit (Model: CB-ST-9-25)

**Note:**

When ordering a PC connecting cable separately for maintenance purposes, specify model CB-ST-9-25 for only the cable. When ordering a PC connecting cable and an emergency stop box as a set, specify model CB-ST-E1MW050-EB.



Safety Category 4-compatible PC Software

**Model** IA-101-XA-MW-EB\*

**Features**

A startup support software program offering program/position input function, test operation function, monitoring function, and more.  
The functions needed for debugging have been enhanced to help reduce the startup time.  
PC connecting cable is compatible to safety category 4 by duplicating the emergency stop circuits.

**Details**

Software (CD-ROM)  
(Accessory)  
(Corresponding to Windows98, NT, 2000, ME, and XP)  
PC connecting cable 5m, model: CB-ST-9-25-Q (with emergency stop box: CB-ST-A1MW050-EB)

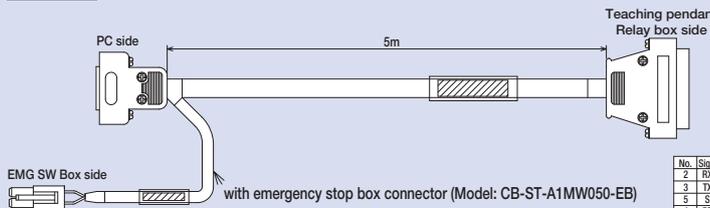
**Dimensions**

PC connecting cable single unit (Model: CB-ST-9-25-Q)

\* Set with emergency stop box cannot be used with XSEL-KE/P/PX.

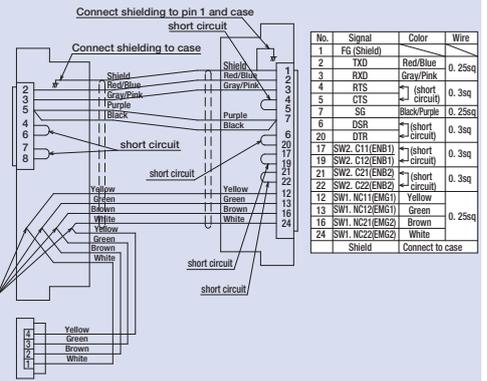
**Note:**

When ordering a PC connecting cable separately for maintenance purposes, specify model CB-ST-9-25-Q for only the cable. When ordering a PC connecting cable and an emergency stop box as a set, specify model CB-ST-A1MW050-EB.



No.	Signal	Color	Wire
2	R/D	Red/Blue	0.25sq
3	T/D	Gray/Pink	0.25sq
5	SG	Purple/Black	
4	DTR	(short circuit)	0.3sq
6	DSR	(short circuit)	0.3sq
7	RTS	(short circuit)	0.3sq
8	CTS	(short circuit)	0.3sq
	Shield	Connect to case	

No.	Signal	Color	Wire
1	SW1. NC1(EMG1)	White	
2	SW1. NC2(EMG1)	Brown	0.25sq
3	SW1. NC2(EMG2)	Green	
4	SW1. NC2(EMG2)	Yellow	



USB-compatible PC software

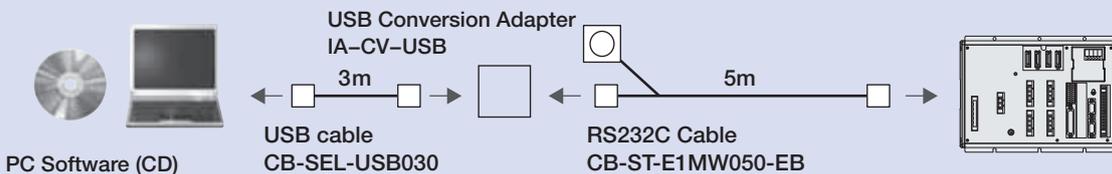
**Model** IA-101-X-USBMW

**Features**

Software available by PC USB port by connecting a USB conversion adaptor to a RS232C cable.

**Details**

Software (CD-ROM)  
\* Corresponding to Windows98, NT, 2000, ME, and XP  
PC connecting cable 5m + Emergency stop box + USB conversion adaptor + USB cable 3m



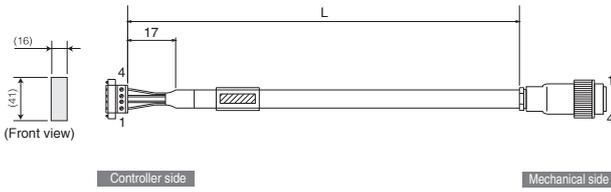
## Spare Parts

When you need spare parts after purchasing the product, such as when replacing a cable, refer to the list of models below.

### Motor cable / EU motor robot cable

Model **CB-RCC-MA**    / **CB-XEU-MA**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into    . Compatible to a maximum of 20 meters.  
Ex.: 080 = 8 m



(Fig.: Motor robot cable CB-XEU-MA    , high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

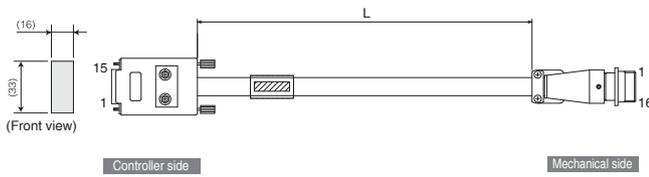
Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
0.75sq	Green	PE	1	1	U	Red	0.75sq (crimped)
	Red	U	2	2	V	White	
	White	V	3	3	W	Black	
	Black	W	4	4	PE	Green	

Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

### Encoder cable / EU encoder robot cable (for XSEL-KE/KET)

Model **CB-RCBC-PA**    / **CB-XEU-PA**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into    . Compatible to a maximum of 15 meters.  
Ex.: 080 = 8 m



(Fig.: Encoder robot cable CB-XEU-PA    , high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
0.15sq (crimped)	-	-	1	1	SD	Blue	0.15sq (soldered)
	-	-	2	2	SD	Orange	
	-	-	3	3	-	-	
	-	-	4	4	-	-	
	-	-	5	5	-	-	
	-	-	6	6	-	-	
	-	-	7	7	-	-	
	Blue	SD	7	8	-	-	
	Orange	SD	8	9	-	-	
	Black	BAT+	9	10	VCC	Green	
	Yellow	BAT-	10	11	GND	Brown	
	Green	VCC	11	12	BAT+	Black	
	Brown	GND	12	13	BAT-	Yellow	
	Gray	BK-	13	14	-	-	
	Red	BK+	14	15	BK-	Gray	
-	-	15	16	BK+	Red		

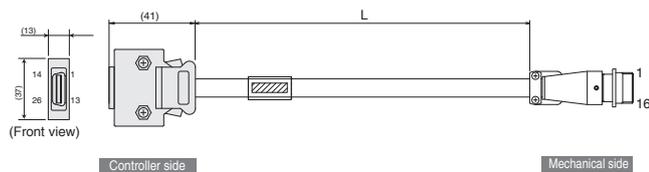
The shield is connected to the hood by a clamp. Ground wire and shield braiding. A shield is connected to shield soldered part.

Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

### Encoder cable / EU encoder robot cable (for XSEL-P/Q)

Model **CB-RCS2-PA**    / **CB-XEU3-PA**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into    . Compatible to a maximum of 20 meters.  
Ex.: 080 = 8 m



(Fig.: Encoder robot cable CB-XEU3-PA    , high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
AWG26 (soldered)	-	-	10	1	A	Pink	AWG26 (crimped)
	-	-	11	2	A	Green	
	-	-	12	3	B	White	
	-	-	13	4	B	Blue/Red	
	-	-	14	5	Z	Orange/White	
	-	-	15	6	Z	Green/White	
	-	-	16	7	LS+	Brown/White	
	-	-	17	8	SD	Blue	
	-	-	18	9	SD	Orange	
	-	-	19	10	BAT+	Black	
	Pink	A+	1	11	BAT-	Yellow	
	Purple	A-	2	12	VCC	Green	
	White	B+	3	13	GND	Brown	
	Blue/Red	B-	4	14	LS-	Gray/White	
	Orange/White	Z+	5	15	BK-	Gray	
	Green/White	Z-	6	16	BK+	Red	
	Blue	SRD+	7	17	-	-	
	Orange	SRD-	8	18	-	-	
	Black	BAT+	14	19	-	-	
	Yellow	BAT-	15	20	-	-	
	Green	VCC	16	21	-	-	
	Brown	GND	17	22	-	-	
Gray	BKR+	20	-	-	-		
Red	BKR+	21	-	-	-		
-	-	22	-	-	-		

The shield is connected to the hood by a clamp. Ground wire and shield braiding. The shield is connected to the hood by a clamp.

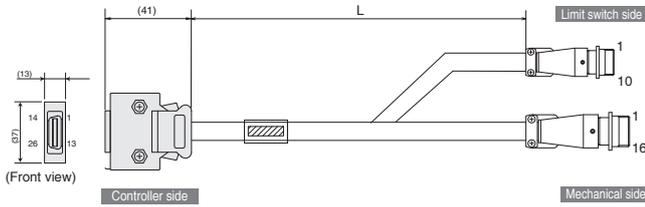
Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

Spare Parts

Rotary dedicated LS encoder cable / EU LS encoder robot cable for RCS2-RT6/RT6R/RT7R/RTC8/RTC10/RTC12/RA13R

Model **CB-RCS2-PLA**    / **CB-XEU2-PLA**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into . Compatible to a maximum of 30 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



(Fig.: Limit switch encoder robot cable CB-XEU2-PLA   , high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

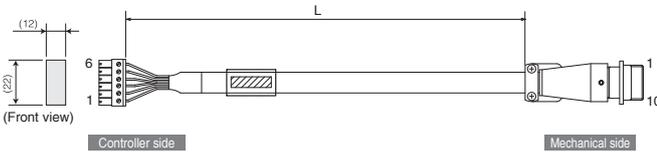
Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
-	-	-	10	1	E24 V	White/Blue	-
-	-	-	11	2	0 V	White/Yellow	-
White/Orange	E24 V	12	-	4	LS	White/Red	AWG26 (crimped)
White/Green	0 V	13	-	5	CLEEP	White/Black	-
Brown/Blue	LS	26	-	6	OT	White/Purple	-
Brown/Yellow	CLEEP	25	-	7	RSV	White/Gray	-
Brown/Red	OT	24	-	(3/8/9/10)	-	-	-
Brown/Black	RSV	23	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-
White/Blue	A+	1	-	1	A	White/Red	AWG26 (crimped)
White/Yellow	A-	2	-	2	B	White/Red	-
White/Red	B+	3	-	3	Z	White/Purple	-
White/Black	B-	4	-	4	-	-	-
White/Purple	Z+	5	-	5	Z	White/Purple	-
White/Gray	Z-	6	-	6	-	-	-
Green	SRD+	7	-	7	-	-	-
Orange	SRD-	8	-	8	-	-	-
Purple	BAT+	14	-	9	SD	Orange	-
Gray	BAT-	15	-	10	SD	Green	-
Red	VCC	16	-	11	BAT+	Purple	-
Black	GND	17	-	12	BAT-	Gray	-
Blue	BKR-	20	-	13	VCC	Red	-
Yellow	BKR+	21	-	14	GND	Black	-
-	-	-	22	15	BK-	Blue	-
-	-	-	-	16	BK+	Yellow	-

The shield is connected to the hood by a clamp.

LS encoder cable / EU LS robot cable for XSEL-KE/KET when using a homing sensor

Model **CB-RCBC-PLA**    / **CB-XEU-LC**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into . Compatible to a maximum of 20 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



(Fig.: Limit switch robot cable CB-XEU-LC   , high-flexible, EU version with metal connector)

Min. bend radius  $r = 50$  mm or larger (when movable type is used)  
\* Only the robot cable is to be used in a cable track

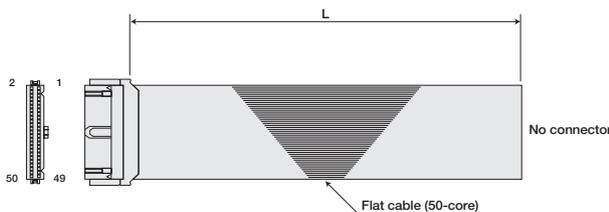
Wire	Color	Signal	No.	No.	Signal	Color	Wire
Sky blue	24VOUT	6	-	1	24V OUT	Sky blue	AWG 24 (crimped)
Purple	N	5	-	2	n	Purple	-
Lime green	LS	4	-	3	-	-	-
Orange	CREEP	3	-	4	LS	Lime green	-
Gray	OT	2	-	5	CREEP	Orange	-
1B/Sky blue	RSV	1	-	6	O.T	Gray	-
-	-	-	-	7	RSV	1B/Sky blue	-
-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-

Note: \*1B\* means 1 black dot mark

I/O flat cable (for XSEL-KE/KET/P/Q)

Model **CB-X-PIO**

\* Enter the cable length (L) into . Compatible to a maximum of 10 meters. Ex.: 080 = 8 m



Number	Color	Wire	Number	Color	Wire	Number	Color	Wire
1	Brown 1	-	18	Gray 2	-	35	Green 4	-
2	Red 1	-	19	White 2	-	36	Blue 4	-
3	Orange 1	-	20	Black 2	-	37	Purple 4	-
4	Yellow 1	-	21	Brown-3	-	38	Gray 4	-
5	Green 1	-	22	Red 3	-	39	White 4	-
6	Blue 1	-	23	Orange 3	-	40	Black 4	-
7	Purple 1	-	24	Yellow 3	-	41	Brown-5	-
8	Gray 1	-	25	Green 3	-	42	Red 5	-
9	White 1	-	26	Blue 3	-	43	Orange 5	-
10	Black 1	-	27	Purple 3	-	44	Yellow 5	-
11	Brown-2	-	28	Gray 3	-	45	Green 5	-
12	Red 2	-	29	White 3	-	46	Blue 5	-
13	Orange 2	-	30	Black 3	-	47	Purple 5	-
14	Yellow 2	-	31	Brown-4	-	48	Gray 5	-
15	Green 2	-	32	Red 4	-	49	White 5	-
16	Blue 2	-	33	Orange 4	-	50	Black 5	-
17	Purple 2	-	34	Yellow 4	-	-	-	-

## ■ Notes on Specifications in this Catalog (All Models)

### 1. Speed

This refers to the set speed when moving the slider (or rod, arm, output axis) of the actuator. The slider accelerates from rest to the specified speed, and continues to move at that speed until it decelerates to a stop at the specified target position.

#### <Note>

- ① For models equipped with a pulse motor (ERC2, RCP3, and RCP2), the maximum speed changes with the weight of the load being transported.  
When selecting an actuator, refer to the "Speed vs. Load Capacity" (on each product page).
- ② If the axis has a short stroke, or if it has a long stroke but the travel distance is short, the specified speed may not be reached.
- ③ As the stroke becomes longer, the maximum speed decreases, due to hazardous RPMs.  
For details, see "■ Stroke vs. Maximum Speed" on each product page.
- ④ For the RCP2 high-speed slider type (HS8C/HS8R) and belt type, vibration and/or resonance may occur when operated at low speeds. Therefore, use these models at 100mm/s or faster.
- ⑤ For PMEC/AMEC controllers, a minimum speed is set for each actuator.  
See the instructions manual for the PMEC/AMEC controllers.
- ⑥ When calculating the time travelled, take into account the time taken to accelerate, decelerate, and converge, as opposed to only the time travelled at the specific speed.

### 2. Acceleration/Deceleration

Acceleration is the rate of change in speed from rest until a specified speed is reached.

Deceleration is the rate of change in speed from the specified speed to a state of rest.

Both are specified in "G" in programs ( $0.3G = 2940\text{mm/sec}^2$ ).

\* For rotary type,  $0.3G = 2940 \text{ degrees/sec}^2$

#### <Note>

- ① Increasing the acceleration (deceleration) speeds up acceleration (deceleration), shortening the travel time.  
However, caution should be exercised, as excessively high acceleration/deceleration may cause an error or a malfunction.
- ② The rated acceleration (deceleration) is 0.3G (2.0G, if the lead is 2.5, 3, or 4, or if used vertically)  
With the exception of the high-acceleration/deceleration model, use the actuators at or below the rated acceleration.
- ③ For models such as RCS2-SRA7 and RCS2-RA13R, use the actuator at or below the acceleration (deceleration) mentioned in "Notes on Selection" on the respective product page.

### 3. Duty

IAI's actuators should be used at a duty of 50% or below.

If used at over 50% duty, an excessive load error may occur depending on the load, speed, or acceleration.

### 4. Positioning Repeatability

A JIS B6192-compliant method for evaluating performance.

In this method, a positioning operation (stopping of the actuator at target point) is repeated seven times from the same direction, each time measuring the end position. Then the difference between the maximum and minimum values is calculated.

By using this measuring method for both end-points and the mid-point of the maximum stroke, the largest calculated value is multiplied by 1/2 and expressed with a  $\pm$ .

## 5. Lead Screw

When using a lead screw type actuator, note the following:

### <Note>

- ❶ This type is suited for applications with low frequency of use. (As a point of reference, one motion per 10 seconds, 24 hours per day, 240 days per year = approximately 5 years)
- ❷ This is suited for applications in which the load capacity and load requirements are low. (1kg or less)
- ❸ Use for applications that do not require a positioning repeatability smaller than  $\pm 0.05\text{mm}$ .
- ❹ Set up in a place that allows for easy maintenance.

## 6. Home Position

The home position is the reference point from which the actuator determines the target position.

Note that if the home position becomes misaligned, the target position also shifts by the same amount.

### <Note>

- ❶ Actuators with an incremental encoder must be homed upon power-on.
- ❷ During homing operation, the slider (rod, table) moves to actuator's mechanical end, and then reverses. Therefore, watch for any interference with its surroundings.
- ❸ By default, the home position is on the motor-side (i.e. the open side on the gripper type, or the left side on the rotary type (looking down at the output shaft.)) Optionally, the home position can be moved to the opposite side (i.e. away from the motor). To change the home position after the actuator has been delivered, it must be sent back to IAI for adjustment.
- ❹ Models without the option code "NM" do not support reversed home position.

## 7. Encoder Type (Incremental/Absolute/Simple Absolute)

There are two types of encoders that can be used in an actuator, "incremental" and "absolute" encoders.

Incremental encoder .....When an incremental encoder is powered off, its coordinate data is erased. Therefore, homing is necessary each time it is powered back on.

Absolute encoder .....When an absolute encoder is powered off, it uses a battery to store its coordinate data. Therefore, homing is not necessary when it is powered back on. However, note that it cannot be operated once the battery for storing data runs out.

### <Note>

In addition to the above two types of encoders, there is the "simple absolute" type, which is an incremental encoder with a dedicated simple absolute unit connected to the actuator's controller, for storing its coordinate data. This eliminates the need for homing upon power-on. Note that the simple absolute actuators (encoders) fall under the incremental type and not the absolute type.

## 8. Encoder Pulse Number

The pulse number of the encoder varies depending on the actuator. See the table below for the pulse number of each actuator.

Series	Type	Encoder Pulse Number	Series	Type	Encoder Pulse Number
RCP3	All models	800	RCA	All models	800
RCP2	All models	800	RCL	SA1L/RA1L	715
RCA2	RN□N/RP□N/GS□N/ GD□N/SD□N/TCA□N/ TWA□N/TFA□N	1048		SA2L/RA2L	855
	All other models	800		SA3L/RA3L	1145
			RCS2	SRA7BD	3072
				All other models	16384

## 9. Motor

Different motors are used depending on the series.

- ERC2/RCP2 (CR)/RCP3: Pulse motor
- RCA (CR)/RCA2: Servo motor (24V)
- RCS2 (CR): Servo motor (230V)

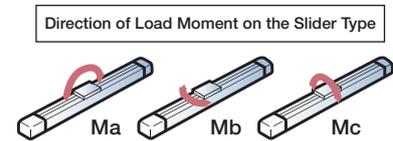
Pulse motors and 24V servo motors may exhibit slight vibration when the motor is excited while the servo is on.

# RoboCylinder Series Cautionary Notes

## ■ Notes on Specifications in this Catalog (All Models)

### 10. Allowable Load Moment (Ma, Mb, Mc)

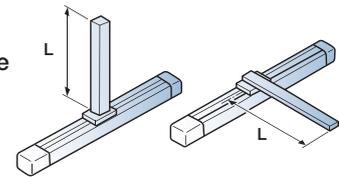
Models with a built-in linear guide have static and dynamic allowable moments. Please note that using the guide with a load moment that exceeds specification will result in shorter service life of the guide.  
(See page A-5 for details on load moment and its calculation method)



### 11. Overhang Load Length (L)

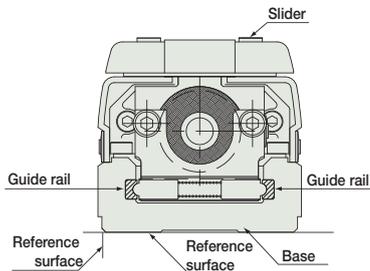
When mounting a workpiece or a bracket at an offset distance from the center of actuator/slider, the overhang load length indicates the maximum offset at which the actuator can operate smoothly.

Please make sure to keep the overhang load length within the allowable value, as exceeding the allowable value for for each model may cause vibration or shorten the service life .



### 12. Actuator Body Precision

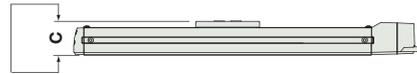
Below are the measures of precision for the body of the slider-type RoboCylinder. Moreover, the side and bottom surfaces of the actuator's base provide references for the run of the slider, and hence can be used as a guide to ensure parallel mounting of the actuator.



\* Parallelism does not apply to RCP2W-SA16C, due to its sliding guide.

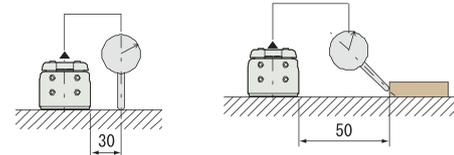
Parallelism: Base Underside & Load Surface (Top Side)

ERC2:  $\leq \pm 0.1\text{mm/m}$   
RCP2/RCA/RCS2:  $\leq \pm 0.05\text{mm/m}$



Parallelism When Mounted onto a Frame (Fixed onto a Smooth Surface\*1)

ERC2:  $\leq \pm 0.1\text{mm/m}$   
RCP2/RCA/RCS2:  $\leq \pm 0.05\text{mm/m}$



Condition: The above values were measured at 20°C. \*1: 0.05mm or less deviation from flatness.

### 13. Rod Type (Rod End vibration)

The standard rod-type actuators do not take into account any vibration or load resistance (The non-rotational accuracy values documented in the actuator specifications are initial values, and the backlash will increase with operation). If the rod vibrates or if the non-rotational accuracy fluctuates, or if there is a force being applied from any direction other than the actuator's linear movement, use the guide-equipped actuator type, or use an external guide.

### 14. Vertical Setup and Use

When using the actuator in a vertical setup, add the optional brake to prevent the slider (or rod) from falling and breaking the machine when the power is turned off or an emergency stop is activated.

However, when mounting a brake-equipped RoboCylinder, be aware that the slider (or rod) will not move unless it is connected to the controller and the brake is released.

### 15. Moving the Slider Manually

For ball screws with a low (1, 2.5, 3, 4) lead, the actuator's slider cannot be moved by hand, even if the power and/or servo is off, due to high sliding resistance.

To move the slider on a low-lead actuator, use the teaching box or the JOG function of the computer software.

---

## 16. Actuator Cable

---

The actuator cable is the cable that extends from the rear of the actuator's motor.

Secure the actuator cable in place so that it does not move, as any force exerted on the actuator cable may cause a malfunction. If the cable must support bending motion, use a motor-encoder cable, designed for robots.

---

## 17. Motor-Encoder Cable

---

The motor-encoder cable is the cable that connects the actuator and the controller.

Depending on the actuator type, some models use a motor-encoder cable that is split into a separate motor cable and an encoder cable, and other models use an integrated motor-encoder cable.

Moreover, there are two different specifications of this cable: The standard cable specification and the robot cable specification, which has an outstanding flex resistance.

To use in a cable track, be sure to use the robot cable, using caution not to bend beyond the minimum bend radius  $R$  for the cable. (The minimum bend radius  $R$  is specified for each cable on the respective pages.)

To check the cable type for each model, see "Table of Actuator-Controller Connection Cable Types" on page A-39.

---

## 18. About the Splash-Proof Actuator Cable

---

Although the scope of protective construction of the splash-proof type includes the cable, the connector at the end of the actuator cable is not splash proof. Therefore, secure the end of the actuator cable in a place that is not prone to water spills. (For this reason, the actuator cable for a splash-proof model is 2m long)

---

## 19. Service Life

---

The service life of the actuator is directly related to the service life of the components that make up the actuator (guide, ball screw, motor, etc.).

Moreover, the service life for these components changes significantly depending on the usage requirements.

For example, each guide has an allowable load moment (see page A-5). If the guide is hypothetically used at half the moment of the allowable moment, its service life is eight times more than the specified service life.

If used conservatively, it can be used for 10 years or more.

Therefore, when selecting a model, it is recommended that you select a model with more head room.

---

## 20. Warranty

---

The warranty period expires upon elapse of one of the following periods, whichever occurs first.

- 18 months after shipment from IAI factory in Japan
- 12 months after delivery to the location specified
- 2500 hours after start of operation

IAI will repair free of charge any actuator defects due to craftsmanship or material that may occur during the above warranty period despite use under appropriate conditions. Note, however, that defects resulting from handling or use in any condition or environment not specified in the catalog, operation manual are excluded from the scope of warranty. The warranty covers only the actuator delivered by IAI or by IAI authorized distributors, and any secondary losses arising from a failure of the delivered product is excluded from the scope of warranty. The defective actuator must be sent in for repair.

# Considerations when Switching from Air Cylinders

## Air Cylinder and RoboCylinder

Air cylinders are devices used to push and grasp objects by means of supplying and releasing compressed air. Air cylinders are used widely in all industries, mainly for transfer equipment, assembly systems, various automation systems, etc.

Air cylinders generally have diameters of between 4mm and 320mm, and their lengths (strokes) can also be set in fine steps. There are several tens to hundreds of thousands of different air cylinder products, which makes it easy to select optimal models for a variety of applications. However, since product lines are overly complex, many with identical specs, it can be difficult to

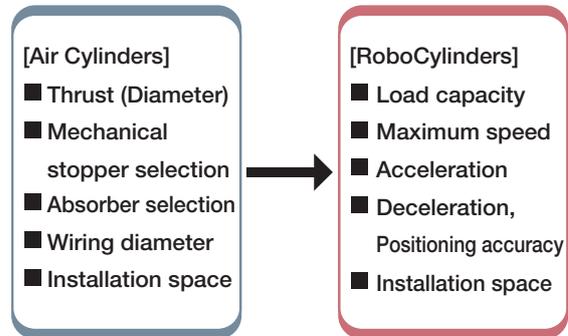
select the best model for your specifications. For this reason, there are many cases where air cylinders are selected largely out of past experience and familiarity. RoboCylinders are easy-to-use electric cylinders offering a variety of functions not achievable with air cylinders. The RoboCylinder product family makes it easy for you to select the model that best suits the needs of your application. However, the controls and configuration possibilities of RoboCylinders are completely different from air cylinders.

This section explains some of the key points to consider when switching from air cylinders to RoboCylinders.

## Overview of Switching

The following explains the differences in the basic items to be checked when selecting RoboCylinders and air cylinders.

Since both are linear motion actuators, there are some common matters that must be taken into consideration. However, the different configurations and controls described above result in different designations for adjustments and check items between the two. A comparison of these various items is shown at right.



The above diagram shows that the two have different mechanical viewpoints to consider.

## Installation Space

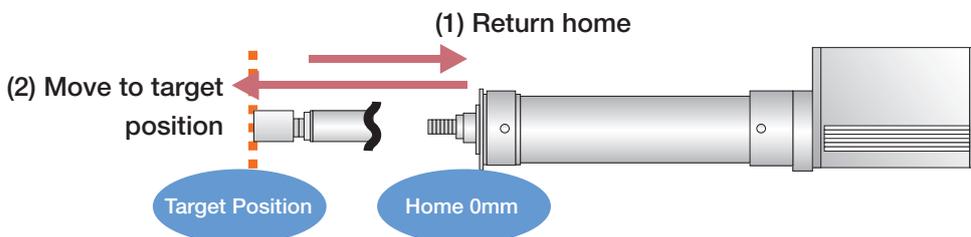
RoboCylinders are driven by a motor. Compared with air cylinders, simply from a size perspective, the RoboCylinder requires more attention paid to space requirements for installation.

## Home Return

Unlike air cylinders, RoboCylinder operation is based on a “coordinates” concept. A home return operation is necessary at the beginning of operation because operations are controlled in movement quantities that are always referenced against a home point (0 point).

Specifically, in the case of incremental specifications, bear in mind that a pushing operation to the actuator stroke end will be performed as the initial operation when the power is turned ON.

- Incremental Specification: Return home operation after power is turned ON
- Absolute Specification : Absolute reset operation during initialization



## Critical Rotating Speed

The ball screw inevitably deflects due to bending and its own deadweight. The RoboCylinder operates at high speeds causing the ball screw to rotate faster, and as the rotations increase the screw deflection also increases until the rotating axis is ultimately damaged. Hazardous rotational speeds that may damage the rotary axis are referred to as “critical speeds”, “whirling speeds” or “whipping speeds”.

Ball screw type RoboCylinders operate linearly as the ball screw is rotated with the end of the ball screw supported by a bearing. Although the maximum speed is specified for each RoboCylinder in accordance with the actuator type, some models with certain strokes have their maximum speed set in consideration of the aforementioned critical rotating speeds.

## General Purpose (Types, Modes, Parameters)

RoboCylinders offer the “air-cylinder specification (or air cylinder mode)” that allows the RoboCylinder to be used just like an air cylinder. When using these, it is possible to operate the actuator by simple ON/OFF control by an external signal in exactly the same way as an air cylinder. This type or mode may be sufficient in the case of a simple swap-out, but a variety of types and parameters have been introduced for customers who desire higher value-added uses.

Feel free to contact IAI to discuss features to match your use conditions and needs when the equipment is actually installed.

## Maintenance

The key maintenance points of air cylinders and RoboCylinders are compared.

Air cylinders require periodic maintenance performed according to the frequency and conditions of use. Although air cylinders offer a certain level of flexibility in that minor damage or malfunction can be ignored by means of increasing the source air pressure and moving the cylinder with a greater force, ignoring maintenance will inevitably shorten the service life of the air cylinder. On the other hand, RoboCylinders have a more complex structure and use a greater number of parts and are therefore seen as requiring cumbersome maintenance work. This is wrong. RoboCylinders are clearly easier to use and offer longer life than air

cylinders. Of course, RoboCylinders also require lubrication of sliding parts just as air cylinders do. However, RoboCylinders are equipped with a lubrication unit (AQ Seal) for ball screw and the sliding parts of the guides. This ensures a long maintenance-free period (5000 km of traveled distance, or three years). After 5000 km or travel or 3 years, greasing every 6 months to 1 year as instructed in the Operating Manual will vastly prolong the service life of the product. In addition, absolute type controllers are currently equipped with a position retention battery. Since this is a consumable part, it must be periodically replaced (for periods that vary with the product).

### [Primary Maintenance Tasks]

#### [Air Cylinders]

- Lubricating sliding parts
- Replacing gasket
- Draining
- Replacing absorber

#### [RoboCylinders]

- Lubricating ball screw and guide (after AQ seals have worn out)
- Replacing battery (absolute encoder types only)

## Operation

Air cylinders are generally operated with the use of a direction control valve to determine the direction of reciprocating motion, as well as a flow control valve (speed controller) to determine the speed. Immediately after their system is started up, many users operate the air cylinder at low speed by restricting the flow control valve.

The same procedure is also recommended for RoboCylinders after the system is started up. With RoboCylinders, “speed setting” replaces the flow control valve. Operate your RoboCylinder at speeds where safety is ensured, and then change to the desired speed after safety is confirmed.

# Service Life and Moment

One of the main factors related to an actuator's service life is the "load rating".

There are two types of load rating: A static load is the weight of a load that leaves a small amount of indentation when the load is applied. A dynamic load is the weight of a load that maintains a constant survival probably of the guide when the load is applied while moving a constant distant.

Guide manufacturers rate dynamic load values to maintain a 90% survival rate at a travel distance of 50km. However, when taking account the speed of movement and work rate, the actual travel distance needs to be 5000 to 10000km. While the life of a guide is sufficiently long for radial loads, it is actually the moment load that is offset from the guide center that is most problematic to its service life.

The service life for IAI actuators as documented in this catalog shows the allowable dynamic moment based on a 5000 or 10000km service life.

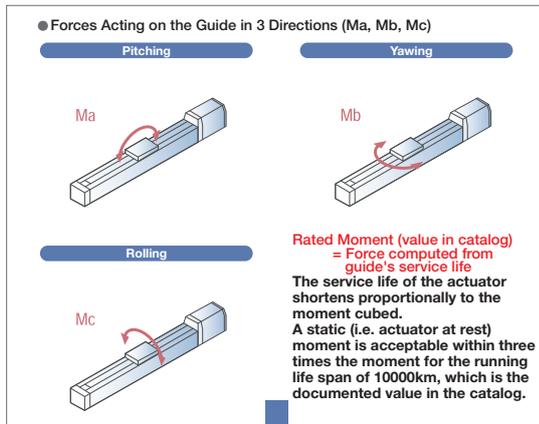
IAI uses the following equation calculate the service life: (for 10000km service life)

$$L_{10} = \left( \frac{C_{IA}}{P} \right)^3 \cdot 10000\text{km}$$

$L_{10}$  : Service life (90% Survival Probability)  
 $C_{IA}$  : Allowable Dynamic Moment in IAI Catalog  
 $P$  : Moment used

## Allowable Dynamic Moment

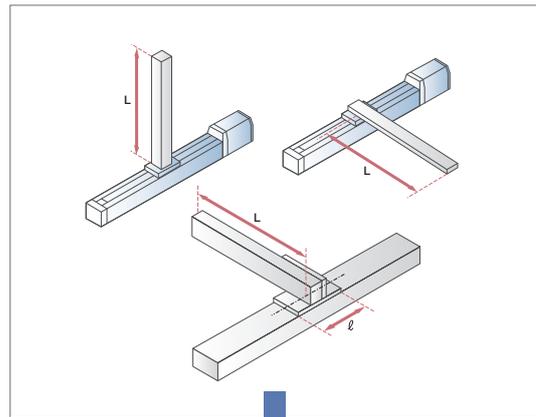
The allowable dynamic moment is the maximum offset load exerted on the slider, calculated from the guide service life. The direction in which force is exerted on the guide is categorized into 3 directions -  $M_a$  (pitch),  $M_b$  (yaw),  $M_c$  (roll) - the tolerance for each of which are set for each actuator. Applying a moment exceeding the allowable value will reduce the service life of the actuator. Use an auxiliary guide when working within or in excess of these tolerances.



The allowable dynamic moment is calculated from the service life of the guide.

## Overhang load length

An overhang load length is specified for a slider-type actuator to indicate the length of overhang (offset) from the actuator. When the length of an object mounted to the slider actuator exceeds this length, it will generate vibration and increase the settling time. So, pay attention to the allowable overhang length as well as the allowable dynamic moment.



The allowable overhang load length is determined by the slider length.

An overhang that exceeds the allowable overhang length will generate vibration and increase settling time.

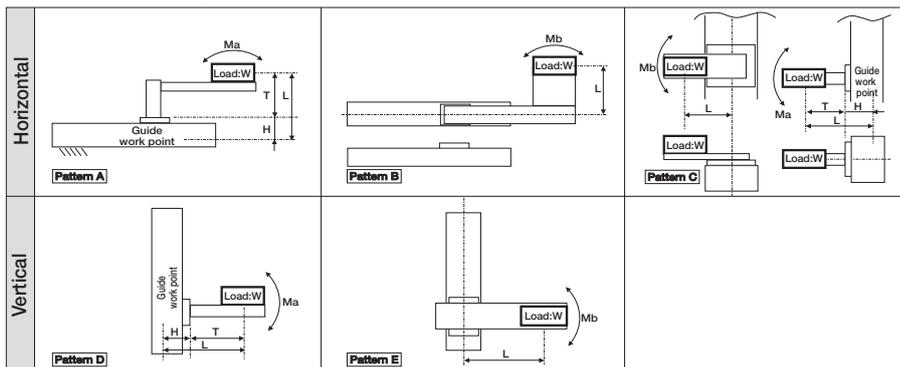
**$L/l = 5$  or less**

\* Between 3 to 4 for a camera-equipped measuring machine.

● For example:  
 $L/l = 1.2$  Mechanical machine  
 $L/l = 3$  Measuring machine  
 $L/l = 5$  Robot

## How to calculate allowable dynamic moment

$$M_2 \text{ (N}\cdot\text{m)} = W \text{ (kg)} \times L \text{ (mm)} \times a \text{ (G)} \times 9.8/1000$$



- W : Load
- L : Distance from work point to the center of gravity of payload ( $L=T+H$ )
- T : Distance from top surface of slider to the center of gravity of payload
- H : Distance from guide work point to the top surface of slider
- a : Specified acceleration

# Allowable Dynamic Moment and Allowable Static Moment

There are two types of moment that can be applied to the the guide: the allowable dynamic moment and the allowable static moment.

The allowable dynamic moment is calculated from the travel life (when flaking occurs) when moved with the moment load applied. In contrast, the static moment is calculated from the load that causes permanent deformation to the steel ball or its rolling surface (i.e. rated static moment), taking into account the rigidity and deformity of the base.

## [Allowable Dynamic Moment]

IAI's catalog contains the allowable dynamic moments based on a load coefficient of 1.2 and 10000km or 5000km. This value is different from the so-called basic rated dynamic moment, which is based on a 50km travel life. To calculate the basic rated dynamic moment for a 50km travel life, use the following equation.

$$M_{50} = f_w \times M_S \div \left(\frac{50}{S}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \dots \dots \text{Equation 1}$$

$M_S$  : Allowable dynamic moment at an assumed travel distance (catalog value)  
 $S$  : IAI catalog assumed travel life (5000km or 10000km)  
 $f_w$  : Load coefficient (=1.2)  
 $M_{50}$  : Basic rated dynamic moment (50km travel life)

The allowable dynamic moments mentioned in the catalog (10000km or 5000km life) are based on a load coefficient  $f_w=1.2$ . To calculate the service life of a guide with a different load coefficient, use Table 1 below to determine the load coefficient that matches your requirements.

Table 1: Load Coefficients

Operation and Load Requirements	Load Coefficient $f_w$
Slow operation with light vibration/shock (1500mm/s or less, 0.3G or less)	1.0~1.5
Moderate vibration/shock, abrupt braking and accelerating (2500mm/s or less, 1.0G or less)	1.5~2.0
Operation with abrupt acceleration/deceleration with heavy vibration/shock (2500mm/s or faster, 1.0G or faster)	2.0~3.5

$$L_{10} = \left(\frac{C_{IA}}{P} \cdot \frac{1.2}{f_w}\right)^3 \times S \dots \dots \text{Equation (2)}$$

- $L_{10}$  : Service life (90% Survival Probability)
  - $C_{IA}$  : Allowable dynamic moment in IAI Catalog (5000km or 10000km)
  - $P$  : Moment used ( $\leq C_{IA}$ )
  - $S$  : IAI catalog assumed travel life (5000km or 10000km)
  - $f_w$  : Load coefficient (from Table 1)

## [Allowable Static Moment]

The maximum moment that can be applied to a slider at rest.

These values are calculated by taking the basic rated static moment of the slider and multiplying with the safety rate that takes into consideration any effects from the rigidity and deformity of the base.

Therefore, if a moment load is applied to the slider at rest, keep the moment within this allowable static moment. However, use caution to avoid adding any unexpected shock load from any inertia that reacts on the load.

## [Basic Rated Static Moment]

The basic rated static moment is the moment value at which the sum of the permanent deformation at the center of contact between the rolling body (steel ball) and the rolling surface (rail) is 0.0001 times the diameter of the rolling body.

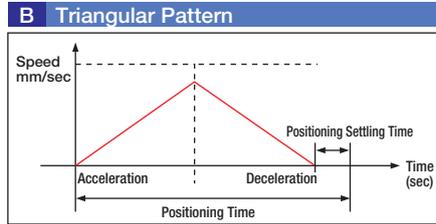
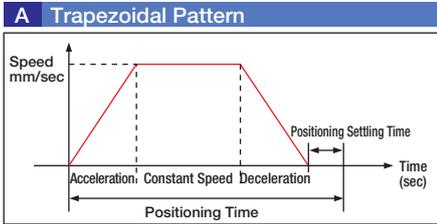
These values are simply calculated strictly from the permanent deformation done to the steel ball and its rolling surface. However, the actual moment value is restricted by the rigidity and deformation of the base. Hence, the allowable static moment the actual moment that can be applied statically, taking into account those factors.

# Technical Information

## How to calculate positioning time

The actuator positioning time can be found from an equation.

Depending on the distance to be moved and the amount of acceleration/deceleration to be applied, the positioning operation can follow one of two patterns, shown below:



First confirm the movement pattern as trapezoidal or triangular, then calculate the positioning time using the respective equation.

## Confirming the Movement Pattern

Whether a movement pattern is trapezoidal or triangular can be determined by whether the peak speed reached after accelerating over a distance at a specified rate is greater than or less than the specified speed.

$$\text{Peak speed (Vmax)} = \sqrt{\text{Distance travelled S (mm)} \times \text{Specified acceleration}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\text{Smm} \times 9800 \text{mm/sec}^2 \times \text{Acceleration setting (G)}}$$

If  $V_{max} > V$ : Trapezoidal pattern

If  $V_{max} < V$ : Triangular pattern, where  $V_{max}$  is the peak speed reached and  $V$  is the speed that was specified.

## Method of Calculating the Positioning Time

### A Trapezoidal Pattern

$$\text{Positioning Time (T)} = \frac{\text{Distance (mm)}}{\text{Speed (mm/sec)}} + \frac{\text{Speed (mm/sec)}}{\text{Accel. (mm/sec}^2)} + \text{Positioning Settling Time}$$

### B Triangular Pattern

$$\text{Positioning Time} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{\text{Distance (mm)}}{\text{Accel. (mm/sec}^2)}} + \text{Positioning Settling Time}$$

$$\text{Accel. Time} = \frac{\text{Speed* (mm/sec)}}{\text{Accel. (mm/sec}^2)}$$

$$\text{Distance Accelerated} = \frac{\text{Accel. (mm/sec}^2) \times (\text{Accel. Time (sec)})^2}{2}$$

\* Here, "Speed" refers to the specified speed in the trapezoid pattern, and the peak speed in the triangle pattern.

**Note**

- The acceleration is calculated by the following: Acceleration setting in the controller (G) × 9800mm/sec<sup>2</sup>. If the acceleration setting in the controller is 0.3G, then 0.3 × 9800mm/sec<sup>2</sup> = 2940mm/sec<sup>2</sup>.
- The positioning settling time is the time required to determine the completion of movement to the target position, typically around 0.15sec for ball screw types and 0.2sec for belt types.

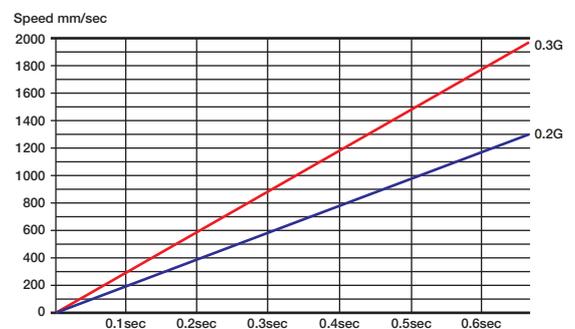
## Positioning time (sec)

Accel. Setting	Specified Speed (mm/sec)	Distance Moved (mm)																		
		10	20	30	40	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	1000	1100	1300	1400
0.3G	100	0.13	0.23	0.33	0.43	0.53	1.03	1.53	2.03	2.53	3.03	3.53	4.03	4.53	5.03	6.03	10.03	11.03	13.03	14.03
	200	0.12	0.17	0.22	0.27	0.32	0.57	0.82	1.07	1.32	1.57	1.82	2.07	2.32	2.57	3.07	5.07	5.57	6.57	7.07
	300	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.24	0.27	0.44	0.6	0.77	0.94	1.1	1.27	1.44	1.6	1.77	2.1	3.44	3.77	4.44	4.77
	400	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.39	0.51	0.64	0.76	0.89	1.01	1.14	1.26	1.39	1.64	2.64	2.89	3.39	3.64
	500	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.47	0.57	0.67	0.77	0.87	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.37	2.17	2.37	2.77	2.97
	600	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.54	0.62	0.7	0.79	0.87	0.95	1.04	1.2	1.87	2.04	2.37	2.54
	700	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.6	0.67	0.74	0.81	0.88	0.95	1.1	1.67	1.81	2.1	2.24
	800	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.65	0.71	0.77	0.83	0.9	1.02	1.52	1.65	1.9	2.02
	900	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.64	0.7	0.75	0.81	0.86	0.97	1.42	1.53	1.75	1.86
	1000	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.64	0.69	0.74	0.79	0.84	0.94	1.34	1.44	1.64	1.74
1750	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.64	0.69	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.9	1.17	1.37	1.56	1.65	
2000	0.12	0.16	0.2	0.23	0.26	0.37	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.64	0.69	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.9	1.17	1.22	1.33	1.48	

Note: Does not include the positioning settling time (0.15sec for ball screw, and 0.2sec for belt).

Triangular Pattern

## Acceleration time

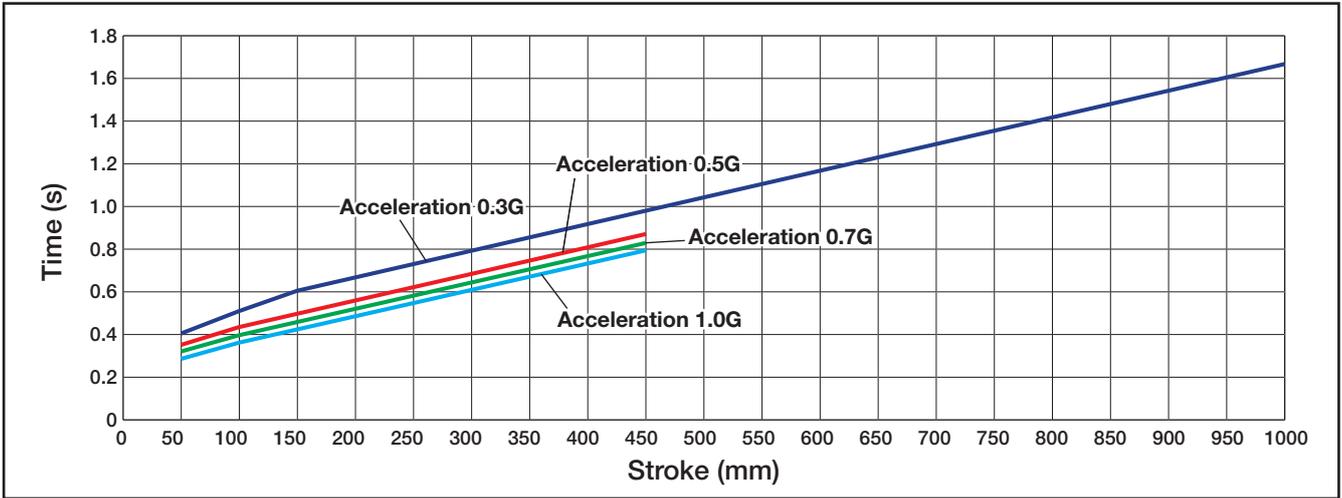


# Reference Chart of Movement Time per Speed/Acceleration

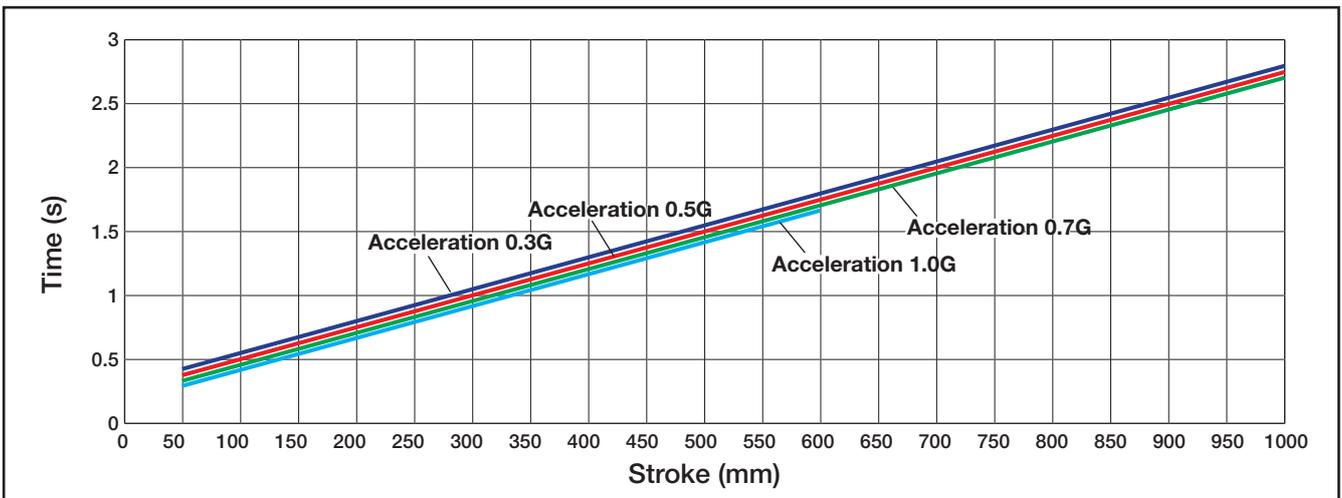
The charts below show the estimated time required for the movement per speed/acceleration. Please use it as a reference for cycle time.

(Note) Stroke indicates the one-sided and unidirectional movement distance. For RCP2, RCP3 and ERC2, please note that the maximum speed varies depending on load capacity.

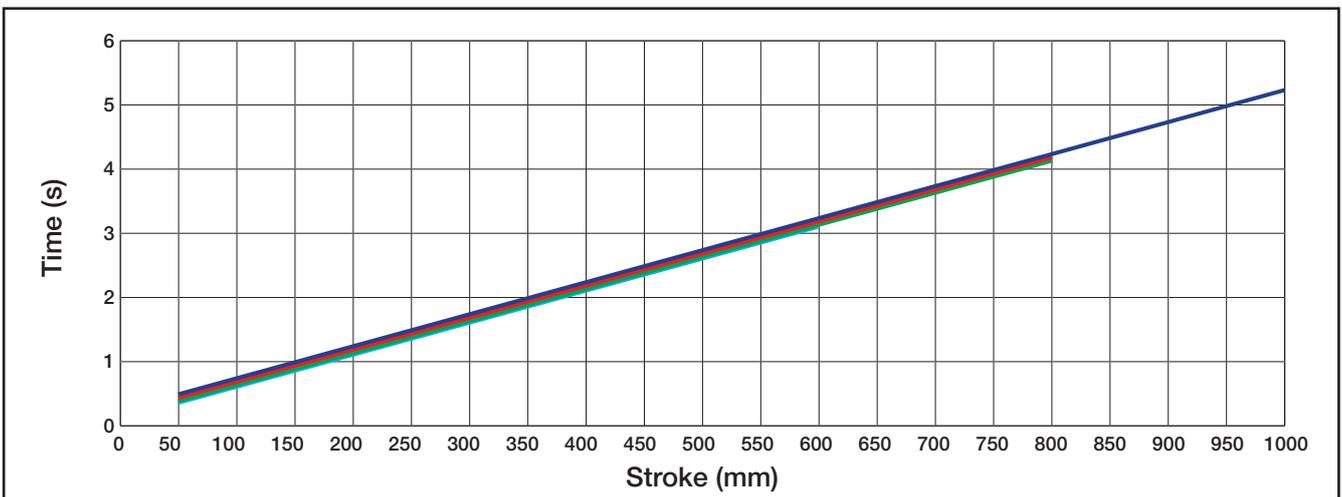
## Speed 800mm/s



## Speed 400mm/s

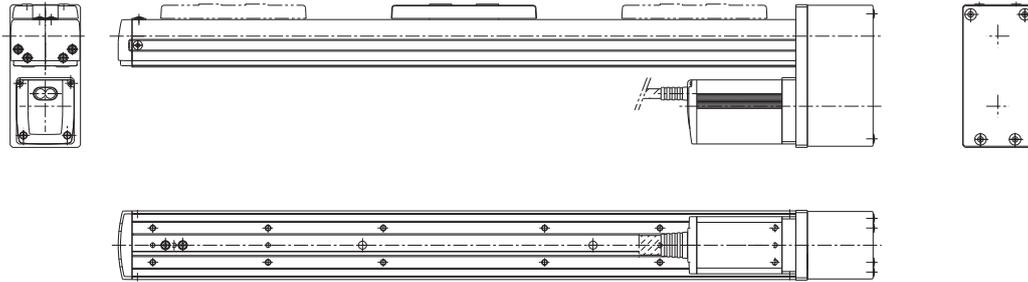


## Speed 200mm/s



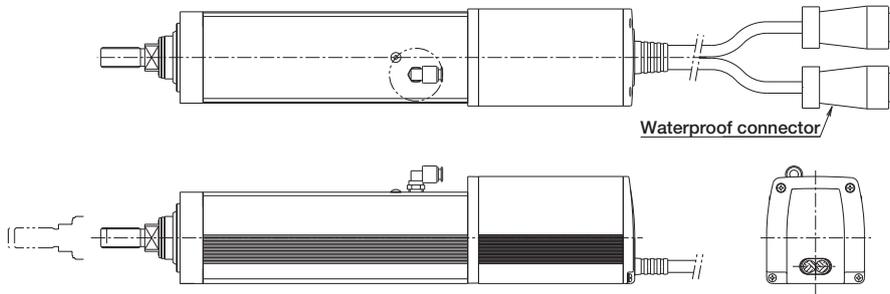
Side-Mount Motor Orientation

Ex.) Side-Mount Motor to the Bottom



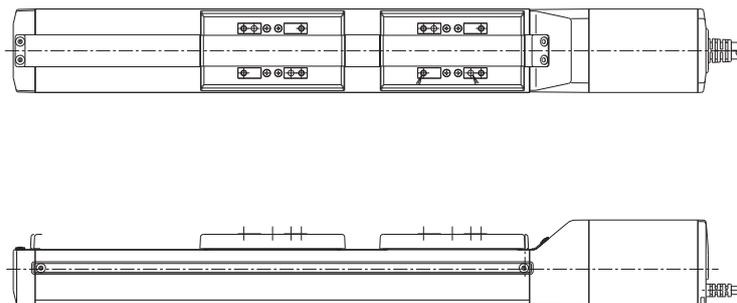
Special Connector

Ex.) Change motor-encoder connector to waterproof connector



Special Slider

Double Slider Specification (Add non-driven slider)



# Explanation of Terms

(This terminology is related to IAI products, and so the definitions are more limited than usual.)

## 10,000km service life

Around 10000 hours are guaranteed for actual use in the field. When considering the speed, work ratio, etc, this translates to a distance of 5000 to 10000km. While the life of a guide is sufficiently long for radial loads, it is the uneven loads due to moment loads that are problematic to its service life. For this reason, the 10000km service life is established by specifying the rated dynamic load moment that can guarantee 10000km of travel distance.

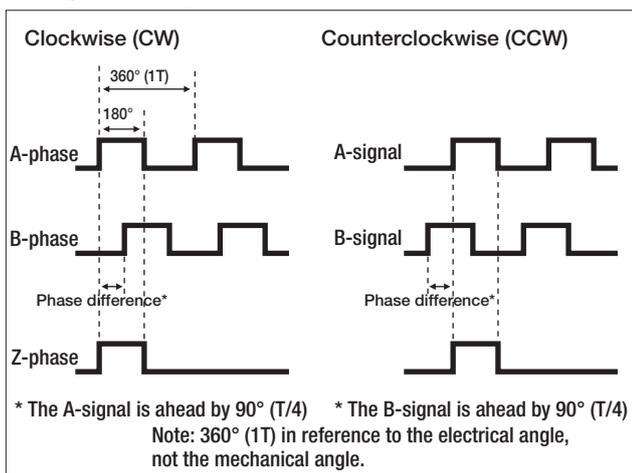
## 50km service life

A way of expressing the allowable load capacity, submitted by the guide manufacturer. This is the value at which the probability of the guide not breaking (i.e. survival probability) when used with this allowable radial load (basic dynamic rated load) is 90%. Calculating the actual distance of travel, considering the motion velocity and work rate, etc, an actual industrial equipment, it is necessary to ensure 5000km to 10000km of travel. From that viewpoint, this data is difficult to understand and difficult to utilize.

## A-phase (signal) output / B-phase (signal) output

The direction of rotation (CW or CCW) of the axis is determined from the phase difference between the A-phase and the B-phase of the incremental encoder output, as shown in the diagram below. In a clockwise rotation, the A-phase is ahead of the B-phase.

### ■ Diagram of Output Modes

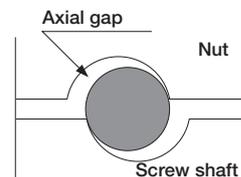


## Absolute positioning accuracy

When positioning is performed to an arbitrary target point specified in coordinate values, the difference between the coordinate values and the actual measured values.

## Backlash

As shown in the figure on the right, there is a gap between the nut and the ball (steel ball) and the screw shaft. Even if the screw shaft moves, the nut will not move the extent of the gap. The mechanical play in the



The direction of this slider movement is called the backlash. The measurement method used is to feed the slider, then use the reading for the slight amount of movement time shown on a test indicator as a standard. Also, in that condition, without using the feed device, move the slider in the same direction with a fixed load, then without the load. Then find the difference between the standard value and the time when the load was removed. This measurement is conducted at the midpoint of the distance of movement and at points nearly at the two ends. The maximum value obtained among the values is used as the measurement value.

## Bellows

A cover to prevent the infiltration of dust or debris from outside.

## Brake

Primarily used for the vertical axis to prevent the slider from dropping when the servo is turned off. The brake activates when the power is turned off.

## C10

One of the grades of a ball screw. The lower the number, the higher the precision. Grade C10 has a typical movement error of ±0.21mm for a 300mm stroke.

## CCW (Counterclockwise rotation)

Abbreviation for counterclockwise rotation. It describes a rotation to the left, as viewed from above, i.e. opposite of the rotation of a clock's hands.

# Explanation of Terms

## Cleanliness

Grade of cleanliness for cleanrooms according to ISO standard. ISO class 4 (equivalent to US FED STD class 10) indicates an environment in which there are fewer than 10 pieces of debris 0.5µm or smaller per cubic foot.

## Coupling

A component used as a joint to join a shaft to another shaft. e.g. The joint between the ball screw and the motor.

## Creep sensor

An optional sensor to allow high-speed homing operation.

## Critical speed

Ball screw resonance with slider speed (No. of ball screw rotations). The maximum physical speed limit that can be utilized.

## CW (Clockwise rotation)

Abbreviation for clockwise rotation.

It describes a rotation to the right, as viewed from above, i.e. same as the rotation of a clock's hands.

## Cycle time

The time taken by one process.

## Dispenser

A device that controls the flow rate of a liquid. This is integrated into devices for applying adhesives, sealants, etc.

## Duty

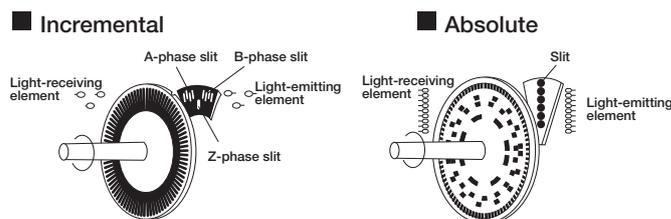
Indicates the work ratio in the equipment industry. (e.g. The time that the actuator operates in one cycle.)

## Dynamic brake

A brake that uses the motor's regenerative energy.

## Encoder

A device for recognizing the RPM and the direction of a rotation by shining a light onto a disc with slits, and using a sensor to detect whether the light is ON or OFF as the disc is rotated. (i.e. a device that converts rotation into pulses.) The controller uses this signal from the encoder to determine the position and speed of the slider.



An incremental encoder detects the rotational angle and the RPM of the axis from the number of output pulses. To detect the rotational angle and the RPM, a counter is needed to cumulatively add the number of output pulses. An incremental encoder allows you to electrically increase the resolution by using the rise and fall points on the pulse waveform to double or quadruple the pulse generation frequency.

An absolute encoder detects the rotation angle of the axis from the state of the rotation slit, enabling you to know the absolute position at all times, even when the rotating slit is at rest. Consequently, the rotational position of the axis can always be checked even without a counter. In addition, since the home position of the input rotation axis is determined at the time it is assembled into the machine, the number of rotations from home can always be accurately expressed, even when turning the power ON during startup or after a power outage or an emergency stop.

## Excess voltage

Voltage applied to motor that exceeds regulation value when commanded speed is too fast.

## External operation mode

This is the operation mode started by a start signal from an external device (PLC, etc.). This is also called automatic operation.

## Flexible hose

Tube for SCARA Robot MPG cable that the user passes wiring through.

### Gain

The numeric value of an adjustment of the controller's reaction (response) when controlling the servo motor. Generally, the higher the gain the faster the response, and the lower it is the slower the response.

### Gantry

A type of two-axis (X and Y) assembly in which a support guide is mounted to support the Y-axis, so that heavier objects can be carried on the Y-axis.

### Grease

High-viscosity oil applied to contact surfaces to make the guide and the ball screw move smoothly.

### Greasing

Injection or application of grease to sliding parts.

### Guide

A mechanism for guiding (supporting) the slider of the actuator. A bearing mechanism that supports linear motions.

### Guide module

An axis in a two-shaft assembly that is used in parallel with the X-shaft to support the end of the Y-shaft when the Y-shaft overhang is long. Typical models include the FS-12WO and FS-12NO.

### Home

Reference point for actuator operation. The pulse counts are determined and recorded for all positions the actuator moves to / from home.

### Home accuracy

The amount of variation among the positions when home return is performed (if home varies, all positions vary).

### Key slotted

A rotary shaft or mounting component is machined with a slot for key mounting.

(Key: One means of preventing positional slip in the rotation direction of the rotary axis and the mounting component)

### Lead

The lead of the feed screw is the distance moved after the motor (hence the feed screw) has rotated one turn.

### Understanding lead value

The lead value changes the actuator speed and thrust.

- Speed: With an AC230V servo motor, the rated rpm is 3000rpm. In other words, this is 50 revolutions per second. In this case, with a 20mm screw lead, the speed is 50 revolutions/sx20mm/revolution = 1000mm/s.
- Thrust: If the lead is large, then the thrust is small; and vice-versa.

### Load capacity (Payload)

The weight of objects that can be moved by the actuator's slider or rod.

### Lost Motion [mm]

First, for one position, run with positioning straight in front and then measure that position. Next, make a movement in the same direction by issuing a command. Then, issue the same command for movement in a negative direction from the position. Conduct positioning in the negative direction and measure that position. Again, issue a command for a movement in the negative direction, and issue the same command for a positioning movement straight ahead from that position. Then measure that position.

Using this method, repeat measurement in positive and negative directions, seven times each. Conduct positioning for each and obtain the deviation from the average value for each stop position. Determine the position for the center of the movements in these measurements and positions nearly at both ends. The measurement value will be the maximum value among those obtained. (Complies with JIS B6201)

### Mechanical end

Position where actuator slider comes to mechanical stop. Mechanical stopper. (Example: Urethane rubber)

### Offline

A state in which the PC software is started without the RS232 cable connected to the controller.

# Explanation of Terms

## Offset

To shift from a position.

## Online mode

The state in which the PC software is started with the RS232 cable connected to the controller.

## Open collector output

A system with no overload resistance in the voltage output circuit, that outputs signals by sinking the load current. Since this circuit can turn the load current ON/OFF regardless of voltage potential to which the current is connected, it is useful for switching an external load and is widely used as a relay or ramp circuit or the like for switching external loads, etc.

## Open loop system

A type of control system. This system only outputs commands and does not take feedback.

A typical example of this is the stepping motor. Since it does not compare each actual value against the commanded value, even if a loss of synchronization (i.e signal error) occurs, the controller would not be able to correct it.

## Operation

Operation.

## Overhang

The state in which the object that is mounted onto the actuator extends out to the front/rear, left/right, or above/below the axis of movement.

## Overload check

A check for overload. (One of the protection functions)

## Override

A setting for the percentage with respect to the running speed. (e.g. If VEL is set to 100mm/sec, an override setting of 30 will yield 30mm/sec)

## Pitch error [pitch deviation or lead deviation]

Due to problems in the manufacturing, such as the heat treatment process used, the deviations of the ball screws, which are a key mechanical element of the actuator, are not always small when inspected closely. A JIS rating is used to indicate the qualitative accuracy of these items.

These items made for the market must meet tolerance values set as Class C10.

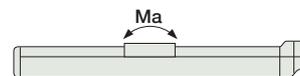
The accuracy required to meet the C10 standard is to be within a margin of error of  $\pm 0.21\text{mm}$  for every 300mm of length. Generally the screw pitch error deviation accumulates in a plus or minus direction. One method of improving these items is to grind them in a finishing process.

[e.g.] When positioning 300mm from home:

The machine accepts a set position of  $300 \pm 0.21$ . Supposing that the actual stop position is 300.21, if this position is repeatable and maintained at  $300.21 \pm 0.02$  using a JIS6201-compliant method, then the repeatability standard for accuracy is met.

## Pitching

Forward-backward motion along the axis of the slider's movement. (Direction of  $M_a$ )



## PLC

Abbreviation for Programmable Logic Controller.

(Also referred to as sequencers or programmable controllers).

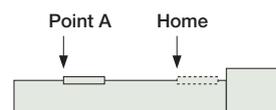
These are controllers that can be programmed to control production facilities and equipment.

## Positioning band

The span within which a positioning operation is deemed as complete with respect to the target point. This is specified by a parameter. (PEND BAND)

## Positioning repeatability

The variation in stop position accuracy for repeated positioning toward the same point.



## Positioning settling time

The gap between the actual movement time and the ideal calculated value for movement. (Positioning operation time; processing time for internal controller operations.) The broader meaning includes the time for convergence of the mechanical swing.

### Radial load

Load up to down in a direction 90° to horizontal slider.

### Regenerative energy

Energy, generated by the motor's rotation. When the motor decelerates, this energy returns to the motor's driver (controller). This energy is called regenerative energy.

### Regenerative resistance

The resistance that discharges the regenerative current. The regenerative resistance required for IAI's controllers is noted in the respective page of each controller.

### Rolling

An angular movement around the axis of the slider's movement. (Mc direction)



### SCARA

SCARA is an acronym for Selective Compliance Assembly Robot Arm, and refers to a robot that maintains compliance (tracking) in a specific direction (horizontal) only, and is highly rigid in the vertical direction.

### Screw type

The types of screws for converting rotary motion of a motor to linear motion are summarized on the right.

IAI's single-axis robots and electric cylinders use rolled ball screws as a standard feature.

		Characteristics
Ball screw	Polished	Screws are polished for good precision, but expensive
	Rolled	Since the screws are rolled, they can be mass produced
Lead screw		Cheap, but poor precision and short life. Also not suitable for high-speed operation.

### SEL language

The name of IAI's proprietary programming language, derived from an acronym for SHIMIZUKIDEN ECOLOGY LANGUAGE.

### Semi-closed loop system

A system for controlling the position information or velocity information sent from the encoder with constant feedback to the controller.

### Servo-free (servo OFF)

The state in which the motor power is OFF. The slider can be moved freely.

### Servo-lock (servo ON)

The state in which, opposite to the above, the motor power is turned ON. The slider is continually held at a determined position.

### Slider mounting weight [kg]

The maximum mounting weight of the slider when operating normally, without major distortion in the velocity waveform or current waveform, when operated at the specified acceleration/deceleration factor (factory settings).

### Software limit

A limit in the software beyond which a given set stroke will not advance.

### Stainless sheet

A dust-proof sheet used in slider types.

### Stepper motor (Pulse motor)

A motor that performs angular positioning in proportion to an input pulse signal by means of open loop control.

### Thrust load

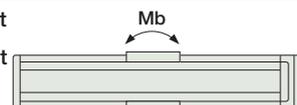
The load exerted in the axial direction.

### Work rate

The ratio between the time during which the actuator is operating and the time during which it is stopped. This is also called duty.

### Yawing

Motion at an angle in a left-right direction along slider movement axis. (Mb direction)



Along with pitching, laser angle measurement system is used for measurement, and the reading is the indication of maximum difference.

### Z-phase

The phase (signal) that detects the incremental encoder reference point, used to detect the home position during homing operation.

Searching for the Z-phase signal for the reference during homing is called the "Z-phase search".

## Cable exit direction

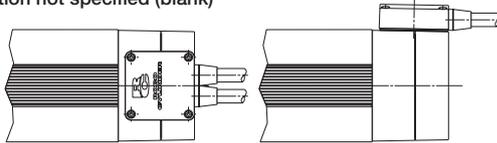
### Models A1, A2, and A3

**Applicable models** RCP2 / RCP2W-RA10C RCS2-RA5C / RA5R / SRA7BD

**Description** Specify this option when you wish to change the direction from which the actuator cable is taken out.

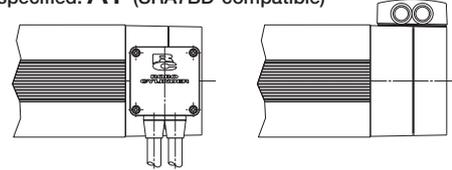
#### Actuator cable taken out from motor side (standard)

Option not specified (blank)



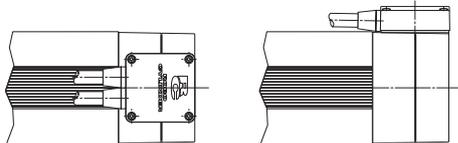
#### Actuator cable taken out from left

Option specified: **A1** (SRA7BD-compatible)



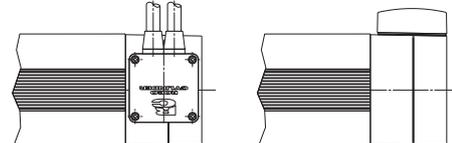
#### Actuator cable taken out from rod side

Option specified: **A2** (RA5C/RA5R/SRA7BD-compatible)



#### Actuator cable taken out from right

Option specified: **A3** (SRA7BD-compatible)



## Brake

### Models B, BE, BL and BR

**Applicable models**

All slider-type models (excluding RCP3-SA2A□ / SA2B□ and RCP2-BA6 / BA7)  
 All rod-type models (excluding RCP2-RA2C / RA3C, RCA2-RN□N, RP□N, GS□N, GD□N, SD□N and RCA / RCS2 built-in types)  
 All table-type models (excluding TCA□N, TWA□N and TFA□N)  
 All arm-type and flat-type models (the arm type is a standard feature)  
 Linear Motor Rod type  
 All cleanroom type models  
 Dust-proof / Splash-proof type (excluding RCP2W-SA16C, RCAW-RA3 / 4D and RCS2W-RA4D)

**Description**

A retention mechanism used on an actuator positioned vertically to prevent the slider from dropping and damaging the part, etc., when the power or servo is turned off.

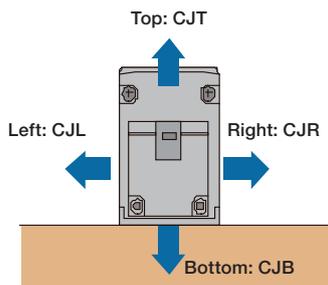
## Cable exit direction

### Models CJT, CJR, CJL, CJB and CJO

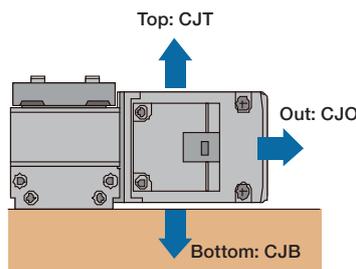
**Applicable models** RCP3 (RCA2)-SA3C / SA4C / SA5C / SA6C / SA3R / SA4R / SA5R / SA6R  
 RCP3 (RCA2)-TA4C / TA5C / TA6C / TA7C / TA4R / TA5R / TA6R / TA7R

**Description**

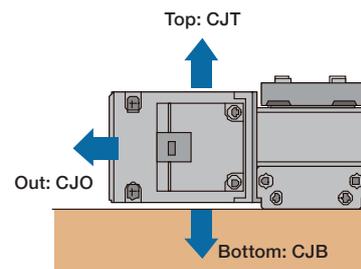
The direction of the motor-encoder cable mounted on the actuator can be changed vertically or horizontally.



Straight Type



Side-Mounted Motor Type  
Mounted on left side (ML)



Side-Mounted Motor Type  
Mounted on right side (MR)

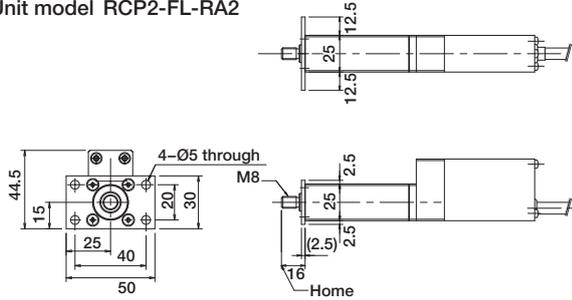
## Front flange

### ■ Models FL

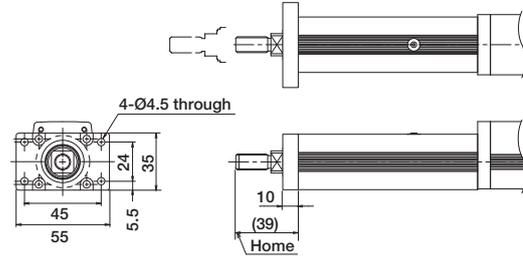
**Applicable models** All rod type models (excluding RCP3 and RCA2)

**Description** A bracket for affixing the actuator using bolts from the actuator side.

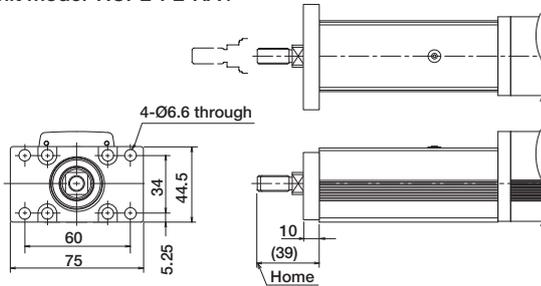
RCP2-RA2C  
Unit model RCP2-FL-RA2



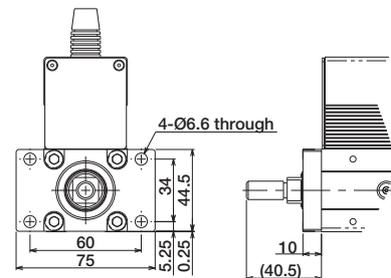
RCP2-RA3C  
Unit model RCP2-FL-RA3



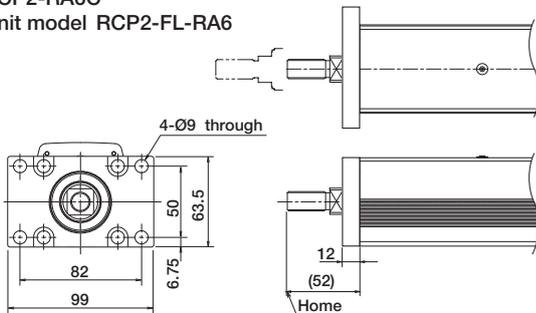
RCP2-RA4C  
Unit model RCP2-FL-RA4



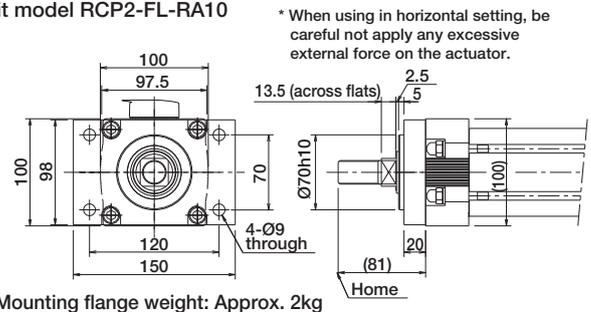
RCP2/RCA-SRA4R  
Unit model RCP2-FL-SRA4



RCP2-RA6C  
Unit model RCP2-FL-RA6

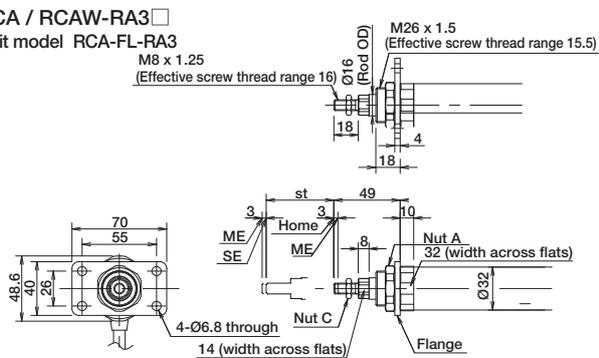


RCP2 / RCP2W-RA10C  
Unit model RCP2-FL-RA10

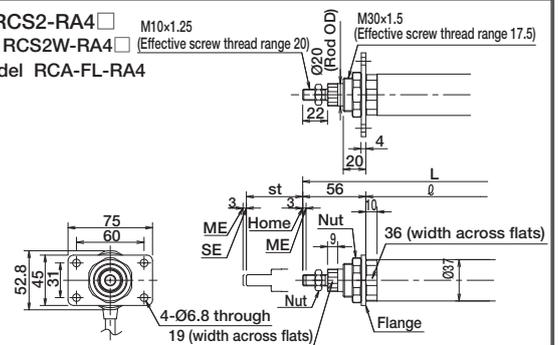


Mounting flange weight: Approx. 2kg

RCA / RCAW-RA3  
Unit model RCA-FL-RA3



RCA / RCS2-RA4  
RCAW / RCS2W-RA4  
Unit model RCA-FL-RA4





RCA / RCAW-RA4C and RA4D  
RCS2 / RCS2W-RA4C / RA4D  
Unit model RCA-FLR-RA4

st	L1
50	137
100	187
150	237
200	287
250	337
300	487

m dimension		m	
RCA	Increment.	20w	30w
RCA	Absol.	67.5	82.5
RCS2	Increment./Absol.	80.5	95.5

RCA / RCAW-RA3R  
Unit model RCA-FL-RA3

\* On the side-mounted motor type, the same flanges can be used on the front and rear.

st	L1	L2
50	120	218
100	170	268
150	220	318
200	270	368

RCA / RCAW-RA4R  
RCS2 / RCS2W-RA4R  
Unit model RCA-FL-RA4

\* On the side-mounted motor type, the same flanges can be used on the front and rear.

st	L1	L2
50	125	234
100	175	284
150	225	334
200	275	384
250	325	434
300	375	484

## Foot

### Models FT

\* See the mounting pitch dimensions on the actuator drawing for mounting pitch dimensions between foot brackets.

Applicable models	Slider Type
	RCA (RCACR)-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C / SA4D / SA5D / SA6D RCS2 (RCS2CR)-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C All rod-type models (excluding RCA2-RN□N / RP□N / GS□N / GD□N / SD□N)
Description	A bracket for affixing the actuator using bolts from the top side.
	With a slider type subject to large moment load, install foot brackets at all mounting holes in the actuator. If the number of foot brackets is not sufficient, the actuator may deflect, resulting in a shorter service life.

RCA / RCACR-SA4C RCS2 / RCS2CR-SA4C  
Unit model RCA-FT-SA4

\* If orders are placed using the actuator option symbol (FT), 2 foot brackets will be provided. To add foot brackets, order the necessary number of additional "unit models".

RCA / RCACR-SA5C RCS2 / RCS2CR-SA5C  
Unit model RCA-FT-SA5

\* If orders are placed using the actuator option symbol (FT), 2 foot brackets will be provided. To add foot brackets, order the necessary number of additional "unit models".

RCA / RCACR-SA6C RCS2 / RCS2CR-SA6C  
Unit model RCA-FT-SA6

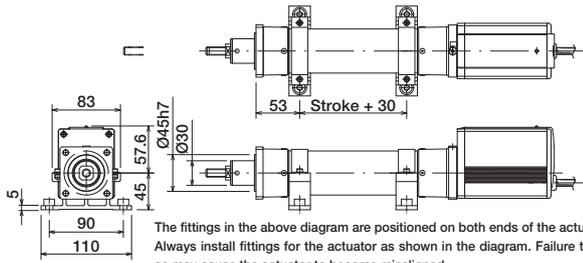
\* If orders are placed using the actuator option symbol (FT), 2 foot brackets will be provided. To add foot brackets, order the necessary number of additional "unit models".

ERC2-RA6C / RGS6C / RGD6C  
Unit model ERC2-FT-RA6

The fittings in the above diagram are positioned on both ends of the actuator. Always install fittings for the actuator as shown in the diagram. Failure to do so may cause the actuator to become misaligned.

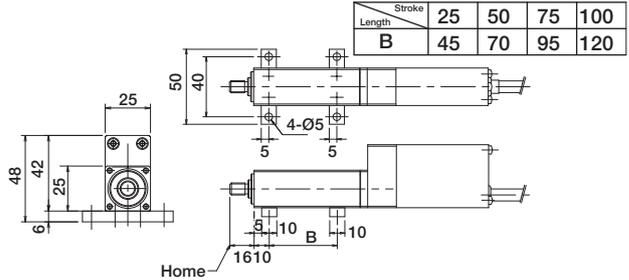
\* Mounting bolt (M6) is not provided.

**ERC2-RA7C / RGS7C / RGD7C**  
Unit model ERC2-FT-RA7

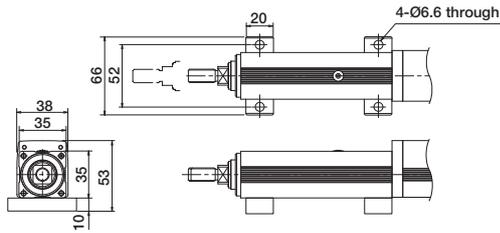


The fittings in the above diagram are positioned on both ends of the actuator. Always install fittings for the actuator as shown in the diagram. Failure to do so may cause the actuator to become misaligned.

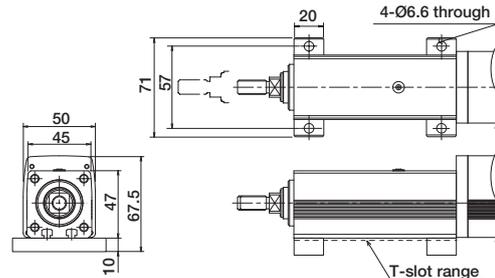
**RCP2-RA2C**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-RA2



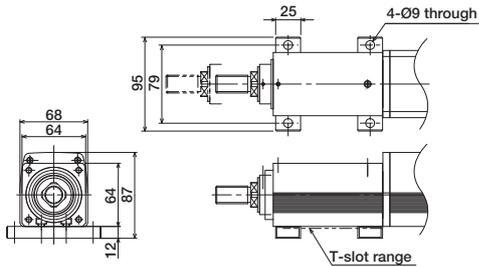
**RCP2-RA3C / RGD3C**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-RA3



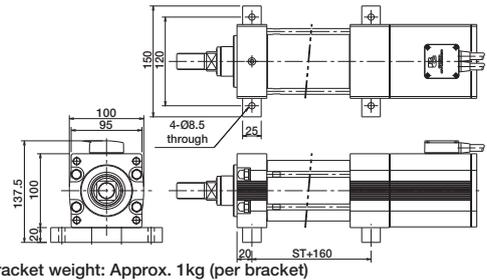
**RCP2-RA4C / RGS4C / RGD4C / RCP2W-RA4C**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-RA4



**RCP2-RA6C / RGS6C / RGD6C / RCP2W-RA6C**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-RA6

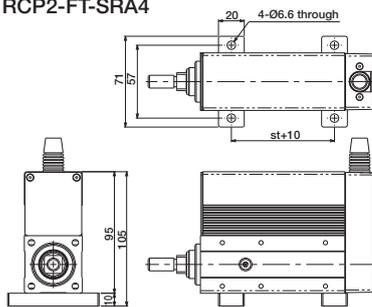


**RCP2-RA10C / RCP2W-RA10C**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-RA10

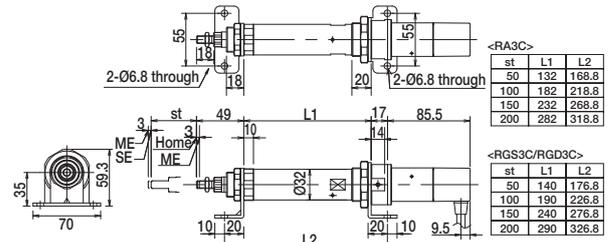


Foot bracket weight: Approx. 1kg (per bracket)

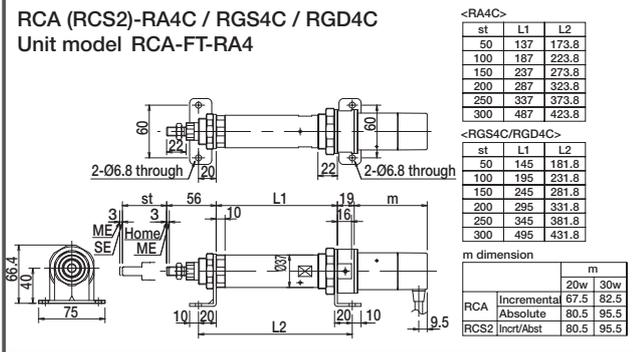
**RCP2 / RCA-SRA4R**  
Unit model RCP2-FT-SRA4



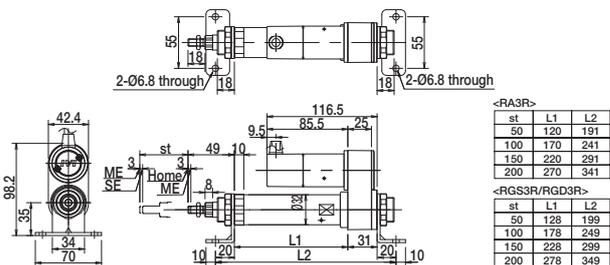
**RCA-RA3C / RGS3C / RGD3C**  
Unit model RCA-FT-RA3



**RCA (RCS2)-RA4C / RGS4C / RGD4C**  
Unit model RCA-FT-RA4



**RCA / RA3R / RGS3R / RGD3R**  
Unit model RCA-FT-RA3R



**RCA (RCS2)-RA4R / RGS4R / RGD4R**  
Unit model RCA-FT-RA4R

Dimensions: 2-Ø6.8 through, 20, 80, 50.5, 113.2, 3, 3, st, 56, 115.5, 82.5, 26, 9.5, 10, 10, 20, 33, 20, 10.

<RA4R>		
st	L1	L2
50	125	198
100	175	248
150	225	298
200	275	348
250	325	398
300	375	448

<RGS4R/RGD4R>		
st	L1	L2
50	133	206
100	183	256
150	233	306
200	283	356
250	333	406
300	383	456

**RCS2-RA5C / RA5R / RGS5C / RGD5C**  
Unit model RCS2-FT-RA5

Dimensions: 20, 80, 68, 55, 5.5, 84.5, 12, 4-Ø7 through.

**RCS2-SRA7BD**  
Unit model RCS2-FT-SRA7

Dimensions: 4x2-Ø7 through, 100, 88, 75, 20, 16.5, 15, 107.

**RCS2-RA13R**  
Unit model RCS2-FT-RA13

Dimensions: D-13.5 through, 180, 190, 35, A, Bx100 P, C, 128, 311.

st	A	B	C	D
50	40	2	42.5	6
100	65	2	67.5	6
150	40	3	42.5	8
200	65	3	67.5	8

**Foot (Mounted on right side face/left side face)**

■ Models FT2 (Mounted on right side face)  
FT4 (Mounted on right side face)

Applicable models	RCP2 (RCA)-SRA4R
Description	A bracket for affixing the actuator using bolts from the top side. RCP2(RCA)-SRA4R can be mounted on the side face also.

**RCP2 / RCA-SRA4R**  
Unit model RCP2-FTS-SRA4

Dimensions: 45, 55, 10, 121, 107, 20, 4-Ø6.6 through, st+10.

Guide mounting direction (for single-guide type only)

■ Models GS2, GS3 and GS4

Applicable models	RCP2 (RCA)-SRGS4R RCS2-RGS5C / SRA7BD
Description	For the single-guide model, the mounting position of the rod can be selected from the right (GS2), bottom (GS3), or left side (GS4).

High acceleration/deceleration

■ Models HA

Applicable models	RCA-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C / RA3C / RA4C RCS2-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C / SA7C / RA4C / RA5C
Description	Option to increase to 1G the standard acceleration rate of 0.3G. An actuator with 1G of acceleration can be operated with the same load capacity as the 0.3G unit. The controller settings are different from the standard specification, so when operating with high acceleration, the controller also needs to be set to the high acceleration specification.

Home check sensor

■ Models HS

Applicable models	Slider Type	RCA (RCACR)-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C, RCS2 (RCS2CR)-SA4C / SA5C / SA6C
	Rod Type	RCA-SA4R / SA5R / SA6R and RCS2-SA4R / SA5R / SA6R RCA-RA3C / RA3D / RA3R / RA4C / RA4D / RA4R and RCS2-RA4C / RA4D / RA4R
Description	When an actuator is instructed to return home, this sensor checks to make sure that the slider moves to the home position. * This cannot be used with the reversed-home specification for rod types.	

Connector cable exit direction

■ Models K1, K2 and K3

Applicable models	RCA2-RN□NA / RP□NA / GS□NA / GD□NA / TCA□NA / TWA□NA / TFA□NA RCS2-RN5N / RP5N / GS5N / GD5N / SD5N / TCA5N / TWA5N / TFA5N
Description	Connector cable outlet direction can be changed to left (K1), from the front to the rear (K2) and to right (K3).

Limit switch

■ Models L

Applicable models	Rotary Type RCS2-RT6 / RT6R / RT7R
Description	When home return is performed, the home will be determined after the actuator reverses following contact with the mechanical end. This optional sensor is used to detect this reversing.(However, with the rotary type, all models will have the standard settings.)

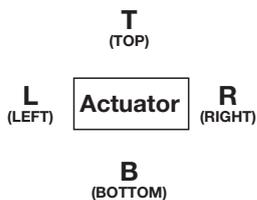
Low power compatible

■ Models LA

Applicable models	RCA / RCA2 / RCACR / RCA Series, all models
Description	This option decreases the power capacity of the controller. With the standard specification and high-speed acceleration specification, the maximum is 5.1A, but if the low-power specification is selected, the maximum decreases to 3.4A. (The maximum values differ for some models, so see the power capacities of the ACON/ASEL controllers for details.)

## Side-Mounted Motor Orientation

### ■ Models MB, ML, MR and MT



**Applicable models** All side-mounted motor type models

**Description** These abbreviations specify the motor reversing direction of the motor reversing type. Viewed from the motor side, downward reversing is MB (arm type only), leftward reversing is ML (all models), rightward reversing is MR (all models), and upward reversing is MT (limited to RCS2-RA13R). The arm type is MB, but for other models, ML is standard. (MT has different criteria for RCS2-RA13R.)

## No cover

### ■ Models NCO

**Applicable models** RCP3 (RCA2)-SA3C / SA4C / SA5C / SA6C / SA3R / SA4R / SA5R / SA6R

**Description** By removing the cover from the actuator, the cost reduction can be achieved and the maintainability can be enhanced.

## Reversed-home specification

### ■ Models NM

**Applicable models** All slider-type models  
 All rod-type, table-type, arm-type, and flat-type models  
 (\* excluding RCP2-RA2C / SRA4R / RA10C, RCA2-RN / RP / GS / GD / SD / TCA / TWA / TFA □N, RCA-SRA4R and RCS2-RA5C / RA5R / SRA7BD / RA13R)

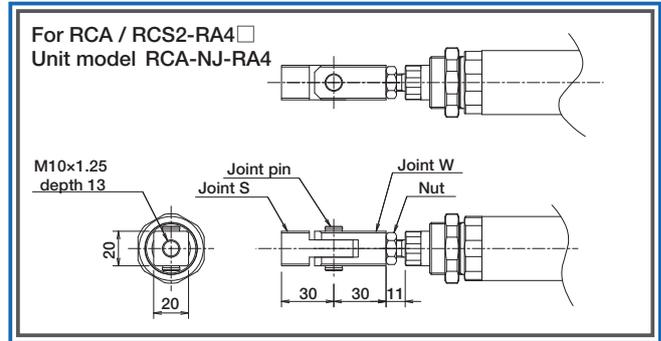
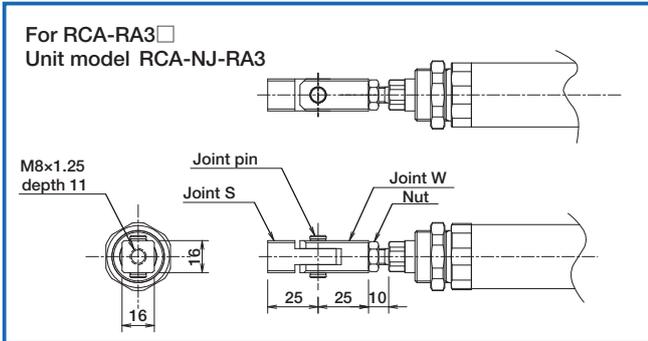
**Description** The normal home position is set by the slider and rod on the motor side, but there is the option for the home position to be on the other side to accommodate variations in device layout, etc. (Note: Home position settings are factory settings. Changes to these settings after the product is delivered will require shipping the product back to IAI for re-setting.)

Knuckle joint

■ Models NJ

Applicable models Rod Type RCA-RA3C / RA3D / RA3R / RA4C / RA4D / RA4R  
RCS2-RA4C / RA4D / RA4R

Description Clevis or trunnion fittings give rotational freedom of movement for the ends of the actuator rods.



Clevis

■ Models QR

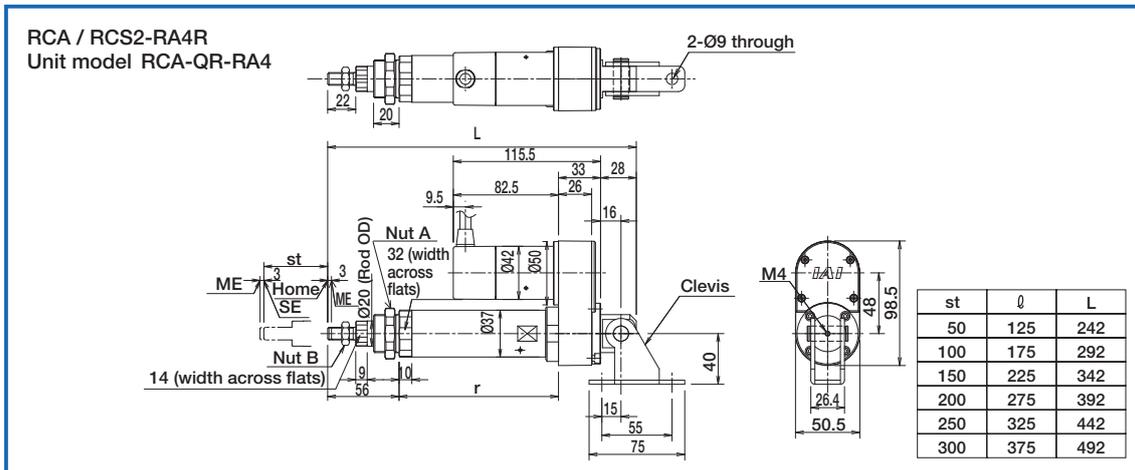
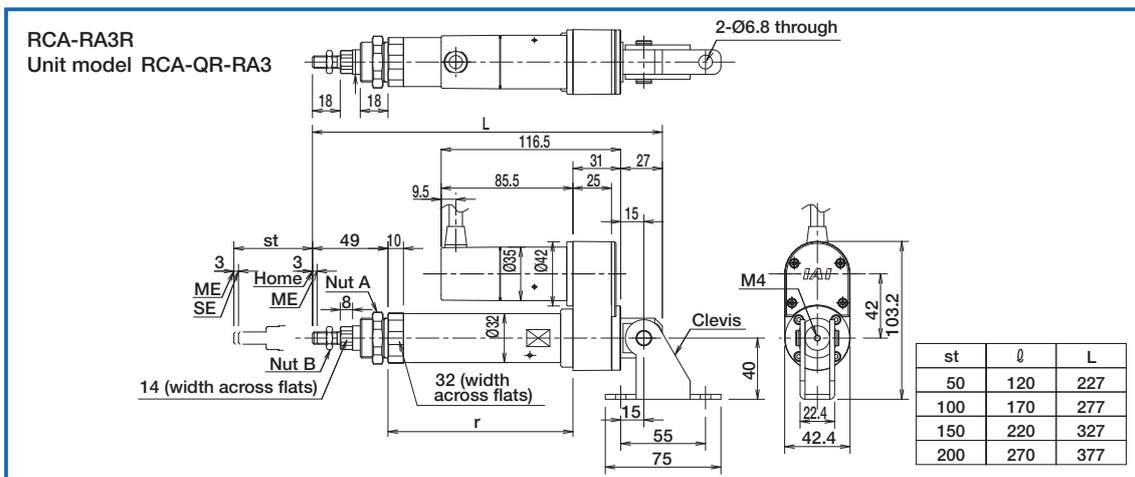
Applicable models Rod Type RCA-RA3R / RA4R  
RCS2-RA4R

Description A bracket for aligning the cylinder movement when the load installed at the tip of the rod moves in a direction different from the rod.



Caution

If the rod is to be moved with a clevis bracket attached to it, use a guide type or install an external guide to prevent the rod from receiving any load other than from its moving direction.





Front trunnion

■ Models TRF

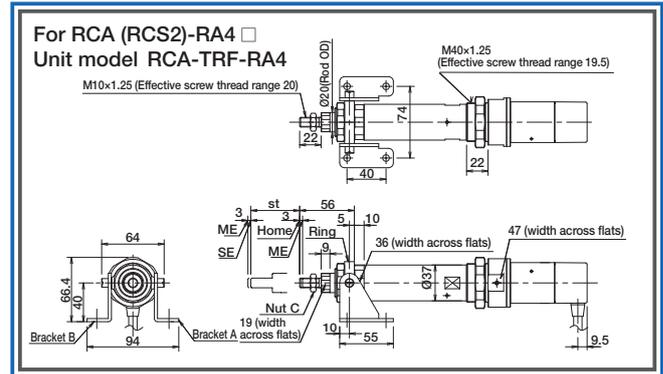
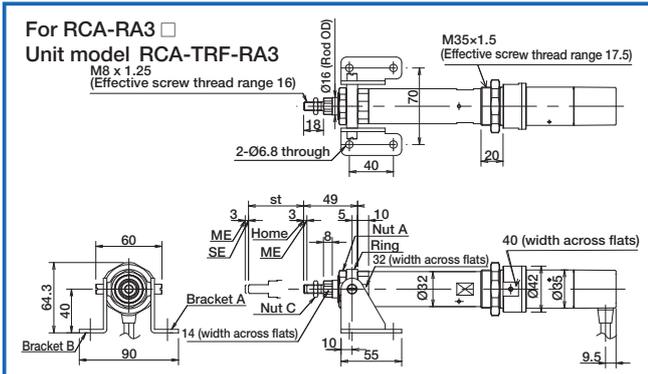
Applicable models Rod Type RCA-RA3C / RA3D / RA3R / RA4C / RA4D / RA4R  
RCS2-RA4C / RA4D / RA4R

Description A bracket for aligning the cylinder movement when the load installed at the tip of the rod moves in a direction different from the rod.



Caution

If a rod is moved with a trunnion bracket mounted to it, use a guide type or install an external guide so no load is applied to the rod in a direction other than the proper direction the rod travels.



Rear trunnion

■ Models TRR

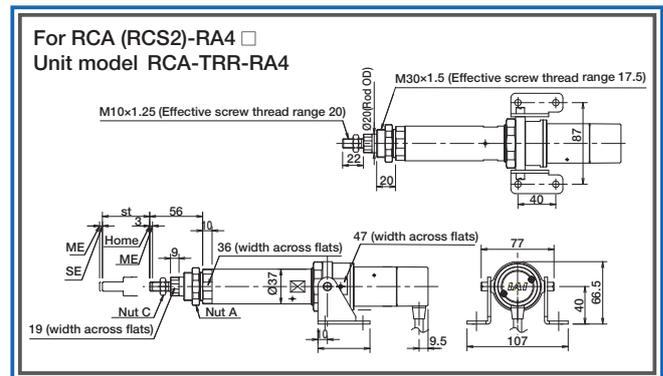
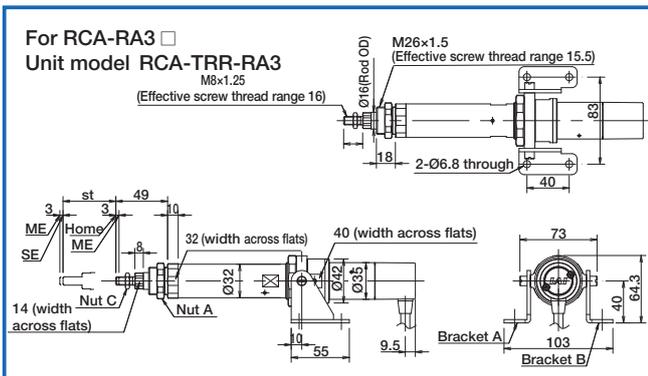
Applicable models Rod Type RCA-RA3C / RA3D / RA4C / RA4D  
RCS2-RA4C / RA4D

Description A bracket for aligning the cylinder movement when the load installed at the tip of the rod moves in a direction different from the rod.



Caution

If a rod is moved with a trunnion bracket mounted to it, use a guide type or install an external guide so no load is applied to the rod in a direction other than the proper direction the rod travels.



Vacuum joint mounted on opposite side

■ Models VR

Applicable models All cleanroom type models

Description Looking from the motor side, the standard position for the vacuum joint is on the left side of the actuator, but this option allows users to change the position to the opposite side (right side).

# Selection Guide (Push Force / Continuous Operation Thrust)

RCS2 Series

Ultra-high-thrust Rod Type

The following three conditions must be met when using this device.

**Condition 1:** The pushing time must be **less than the time determined**.

**Condition 2:** One cycle of **continuous thrust** must be less than the rated thrust for an ultra-high-thrust actuator.

**Condition 3:** There must be **one pushing operation** in one cycle.

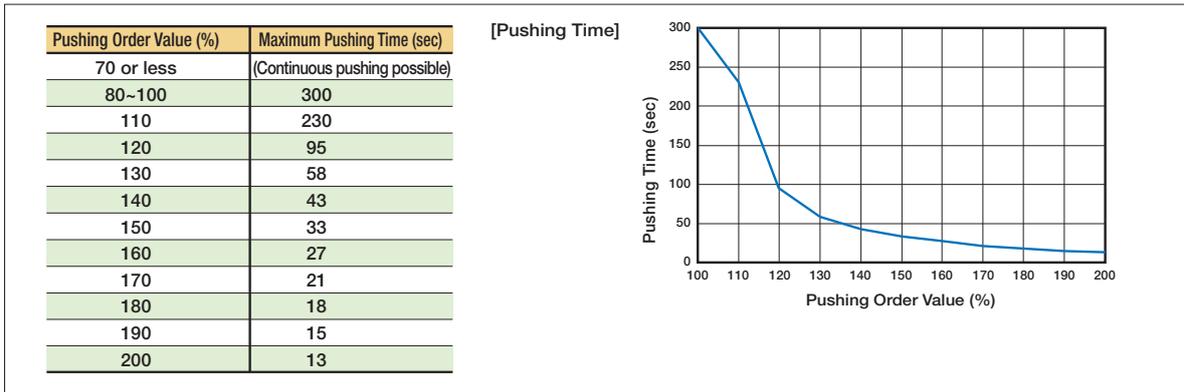
### Selection Method

#### Condition 1. Pushing Time

The maximum pressing time for each pressing order must be determined as shown in the table below. The pressing time used must be less than the time indicated in the table below.

Actuator malfunction could result if the process is used without adhering to the table below.

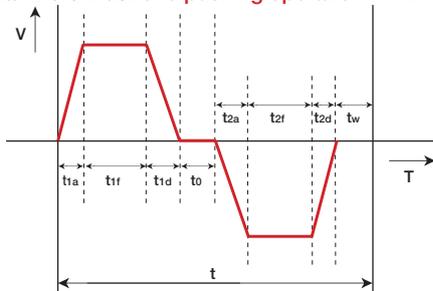
Table 1



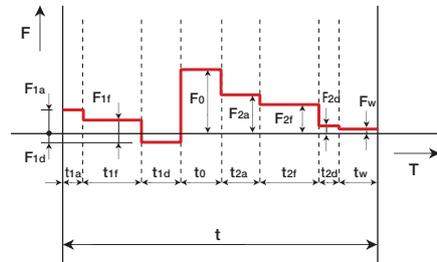
#### Condition 2. Continuous Operation Thrust

Confirm that 1 cycle of continuous operation thrust Ft, based on a consideration of load and duty, is less than that of the rated thrust for a ultra-high-thrust actuator.

Note that there must be **one pushing operation** within one cycle.



Re-plot this using the thrust values as the vertical axis



- t : Operation duration per cycle (s)
- t<sub>1a</sub> : Acceleration duration1
- t<sub>1f</sub> : Constant speed duration1
- t<sub>1d</sub> : Deceleration duration1
- t<sub>0</sub> : Pushing duration
- t<sub>2a</sub> : Acceleration duration2
- t<sub>2f</sub> : Constant speed duration2
- t<sub>2d</sub> : Deceleration duration2
- t<sub>w</sub> : Waiting duration

- F<sub>1a</sub> : Thrust1 needed for acceleration
- F<sub>1f</sub> : Thrust1 needed for motion at constant speed
- F<sub>1d</sub> : Thrust1 needed for deceleration
- F<sub>0</sub> : Thrust needed for pushing
- F<sub>2a</sub> : Thrust2 needed for acceleration
- F<sub>2f</sub> : Thrust2 needed for motion at constant speed
- F<sub>2d</sub> : Thrust2 needed for deceleration
- F<sub>w</sub> : Thrust needed for waiting

Use the equation below to calculate the continuous operation thrust Ft for one cycle.

$$F_t = \sqrt{\frac{F_{1a}^2 \times t_{1a} + F_{1f}^2 \times t_{1f} + F_{1d}^2 \times t_{1d} + F_0^2 \times t_0 + F_{2a}^2 \times t_{2a} + F_{2f}^2 \times t_{2f} + F_{2d}^2 \times t_{2d} + F_w^2 \times t_w}{t}}$$

\* For horizontal use, it is not necessary to calculate the thrust needed for constant speed motion and for waiting.

● Since F<sub>1a</sub>/F<sub>2a</sub>/F<sub>1d</sub>/F<sub>2d</sub> will change with the direction of motion, use the equations below.

- Horizontal use (for both accel./decel.) F<sub>1a</sub> = F<sub>1d</sub> = F<sub>2a</sub> = F<sub>2d</sub> = (M+m) × d
- Vertical use, downward acceleration F<sub>1a</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 - (M+m) × d
- Vertical use, constant downward speed F<sub>1f</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 + α(\*1)
- Vertical use, downward deceleration F<sub>1d</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 + (M+m) × d
- Vertical use, upward acceleration F<sub>2a</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 + (M+m) × d
- Vertical use, constant upward motion F<sub>2f</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 + α(\*1)
- Vertical use, upward deceleration F<sub>2d</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8 - (M+m) × d
- Vertical use, waiting F<sub>w</sub> = (M+m) × 9.8

- M : Moveable weight (kg)
- m : Loaded weight (kg)
- d : Accel./decel. (m/s<sup>2</sup>)
- α : Thrust (taking into account the travel resistance by the external guide.)

Moveable weight for ultra-high-thrust actuator: 9kg

\*1 If an external guide is attached, it is necessary to consider travel resistance.

- The method of calculating  $t_{\square a}$ , which is the acceleration duration, will vary for ① trapezoidal pattern vs. ② triangular pattern movements. Whether a movement pattern is trapezoidal or triangular can be determined by whether the peak speed reached after accelerating over a distance at a specified rate is greater than or less than the specified speed.

Peak Speed (Vmax)=  $\sqrt{\text{Distance Moved (m)} \times \text{Set Acceleration (m/s}^2\text{)}}$

Set Speed < Peak Speed → ① Trapezoidal Pattern

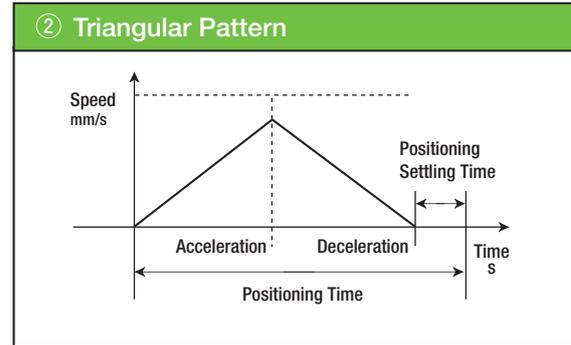
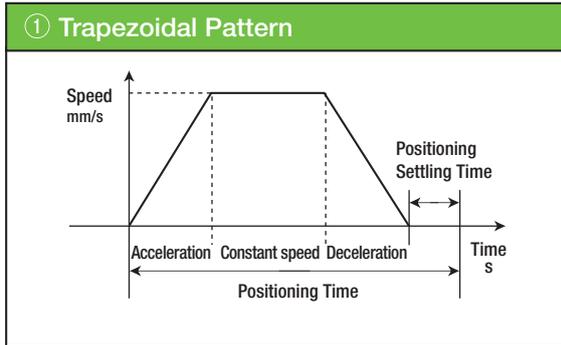
Set Speed > Peak Speed → ② Triangular Pattern

① For trapezoidal pattern,

$t_{\square a} = V_s/a$   $V_s$  : Set speed (m/s)  $a$  : Ordered acceleration (m/s<sup>2</sup>)

② For triangular pattern

$t_{\square a} = V_t/a$   $V_t$  : Peak speed (m/s)  $a$  : Ordered acceleration (m/s<sup>2</sup>)



- $t_{\square f}$  is the time taken to move at constant speed. You can calculate this time by computing the distance moved at constant speed.  $t_{\square f} = L_c/V$   $L_c$  : Distance moved at constant speed (m)  $V$  : Commanded acceleration (m/s)

\* Distance moved at constant speed = total distance – accelerated distance – decelerated distance    Accel./decel. distance =  $V^2/2a$

- $t_{\square d}$  is the deceleration time. This is the same as the acceleration time, if the magnitude of acceleration and deceleration are the same.  $t_{\square d} = V/a$   $V$  : Set speed (trapezoidal pattern) or Peak speed (triangular pattern)(m/s)  $a$  : Commanded deceleration (m/s<sup>2</sup>)

If the continuous operation thrust Ft by this method is less than the rated thrust, then operation is possible.

Rated thrust for ultra-high-thrust actuator with 2.5 lead: 5100N

Rated thrust for ultra-high-thrust actuator with 1.25 lead: 10200N

Operation is possible if both of the above operating conditions 1 and 2 are met.

If either condition cannot be met, make adjustments such as shortening the pushing operation time or decreasing the duty.

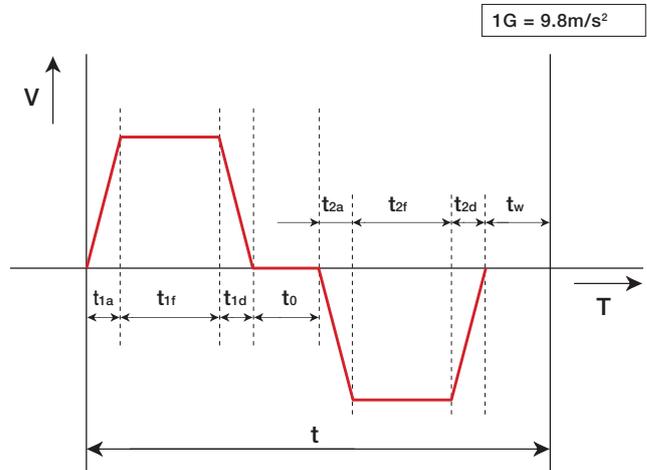
### Sample Problem

- Select an operation pattern by using the selection method described above.

#### Operating Conditions

- Model used : Ultra-high-thrust actuator with 1.25 lead
- Mounting orientation : Vertical
- Speed : 62mm/s
- Acceleration : 0.098m/s<sup>2</sup> (0.01G, same value for deceleration.)
- Distance moved : 50mm
- Payload : 100kg
- Push order value : 200% (2000kgf)
- Pushing Time : 3 seconds
- Wait time : 2 seconds
- Push down 50mm, then raise 50mm, and finally wait 2 seconds. The conditions for downward and upward motions are identical.

Plotting the above operation yields the graph on the right.



# Selection Guide (Push Force / Continuous Operation Thrust)

Using the selection method:

**Condition 1. Confirm push operation time**

By comparing our push time of 3 seconds with the maximum push time for a push order value of 200%, which is 13 seconds (see Table 1 on page A-71), **it is clear that the pressing time is acceptable.**

**Condition 2. Calculate the continuous operation thrust**

Substitute the above operational pattern to the previously mentioned equation for continuous operation thrust.

$$F_t = \sqrt{\frac{F_{1a}^2 \times t_{1a} + F_{1f}^2 \times t_{1f} + F_{1d}^2 \times t_{1d} + F_0^2 \times t_0 + F_{2a}^2 \times t_{2a} + F_{2f}^2 \times t_{2f} + F_{2d}^2 \times t_{2d} + F_w^2 \times t_w}{t}}$$

At this point, by looking at the motion pattern for  $t_{1a}/t_{1d}/t_{2a}/t_{2d}$ , the peak speed ( $V_{max}$ ) =  $\sqrt{0.05 \times 0.098} \rightarrow 0.07m/s$ , which is greater than the set speed, 62mm/s (0.06m/s). Hence this is a trapezoidal pattern.

Hence,  $t_{1a}/t_{1d}/t_{2a}/t_{2d} = 0.062 \div 0.098 \rightarrow 0.63s$

Next, calculate  $t_{1f}/t_{2f}$ :

Distance moved at constant speed =  $0.05 - \{(0.062 \times 0.062) \div (2 \times 0.098)\} \times 2 \rightarrow 0.011m$ , so  $t_{1f}/t_{2f} = 0.011 \div 0.062 \rightarrow 0.17s$ .

Also, calculating the  $F_{1a}/F_{1f}/F_{1d}/F_{2a}/F_{2f}/F_{2d}$  from the equations yields the following:

$$F_{1a} = F_{2d} = (9+100) \times 9.8 - (9+100) \times 0.098 \rightarrow 1058N$$

$$F_{1d} = F_{2a} = (9+100) \times 9.8 + (9+100) \times 0.098 \rightarrow 1079N$$

$$F_{1f} = F_{2f} = f_w = (9+100) \times 9.8 \rightarrow 1068N$$

By substituting these values to the continuous operation thrust equation,

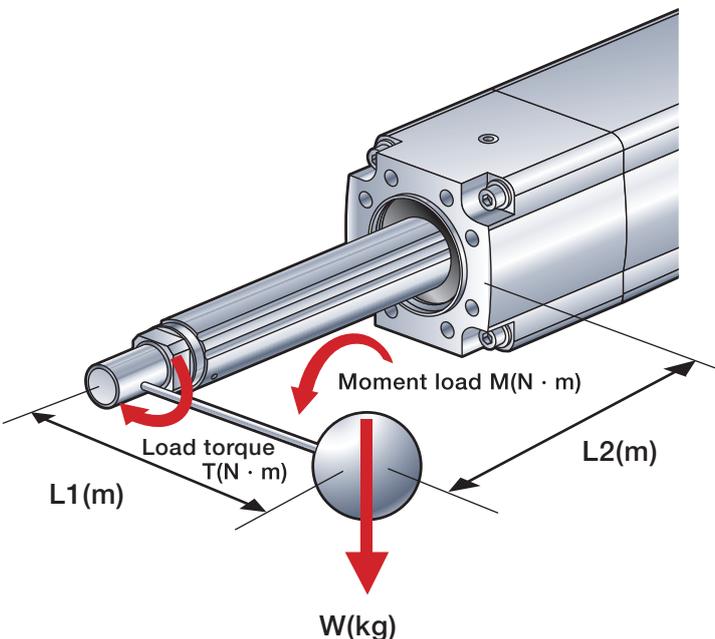
$$F_t = \sqrt{\frac{\{(1058 \times 1058) \times 0.63 + (1068 \times 1068) \times 0.17 + (1079 \times 1079) \times 0.63 + (19600 \times 19600) \times 3 + (1079 \times 1079) \times 0.63 + (1068 \times 1068) \times 0.17 + (1058 \times 1058) \times 0.63 + (1068 \times 1068) \times 2\}}{(0.63 + 0.17 + 0.63 + 3 + 0.63 + 0.17 + 0.63 + 2)}} \rightarrow 12113N$$

Since this exceeds the rated thrust for the 2-ton ultra-high-thrust actuator, which is 10200N, **operation with this pattern is not possible.**

In response, let us increase the wait time. (i.e. decrease the duty)

Recalculating with  $t_w = 6.12s (t = 12s)$  will change the thrust to  $F_t = 9814N$ , **making it operable.**

## Information on Moment Selection



The ultra-high-thrust actuator can apply a load on the rod within the range of conditions calculated below.

$$M+T \leq 120 (N \cdot m)$$

$$\text{Moment Load } M = Wg \times L_2$$

$$\text{Load Torque } T = Wg \times L_1$$

\*  $g$  = Gravitational acceleration 9.8

\*  $L_1$  = Distance from the center of rod to the center of gravity of the work piece

\*  $L_2$  = Distance from the actuator mounting surface to the center of gravity of the work piece + 0.07

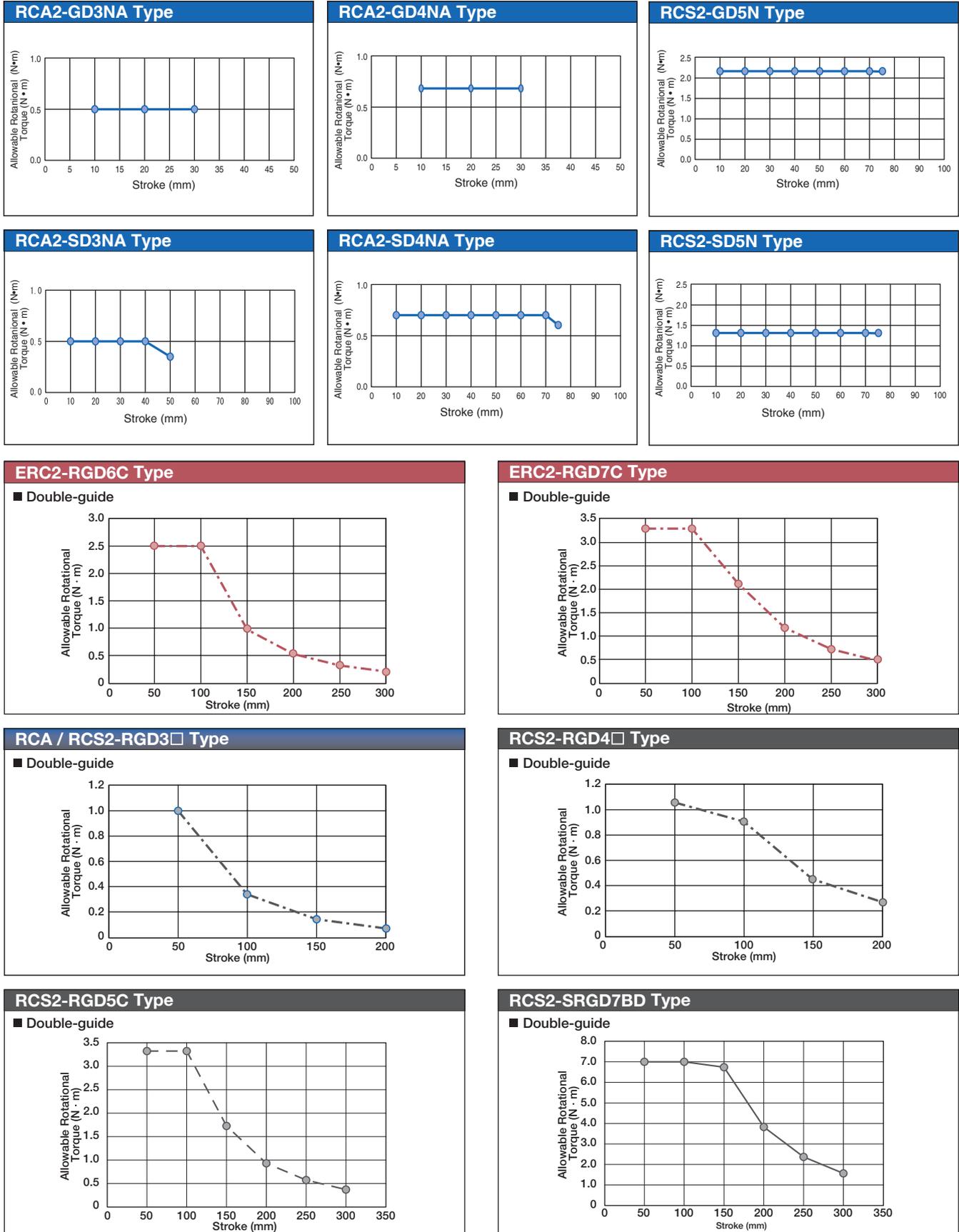
If the above condition is not met, consider installing an external guide, or the like, so that the load is not exerted on the rod.

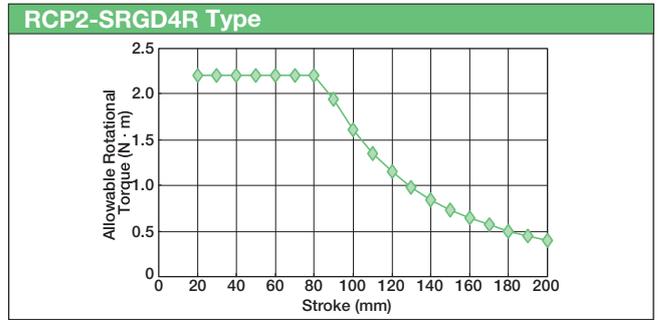
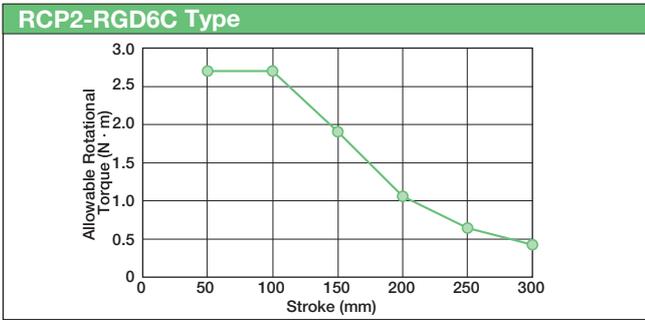
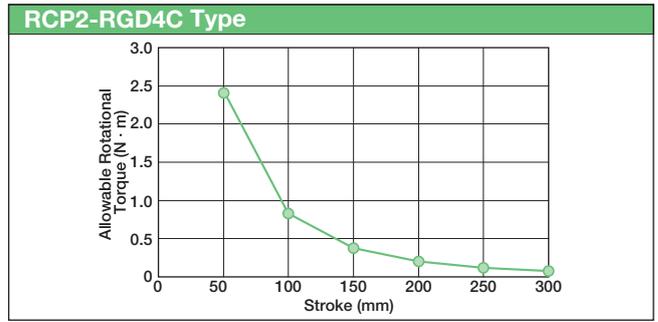
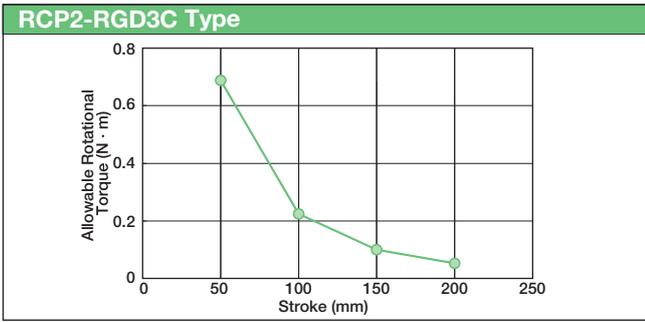
# Guide-Equipped Type RCA2/ERC2/RCP2/RCA/RCS2

## Allowable Rotating Torque

The allowable torque for each model is as shown below.

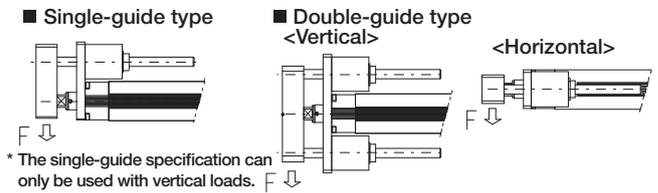
When rotational torque is exerted, use within the range of the values below. Further, single-guide types cannot be subjected to rotational torque.



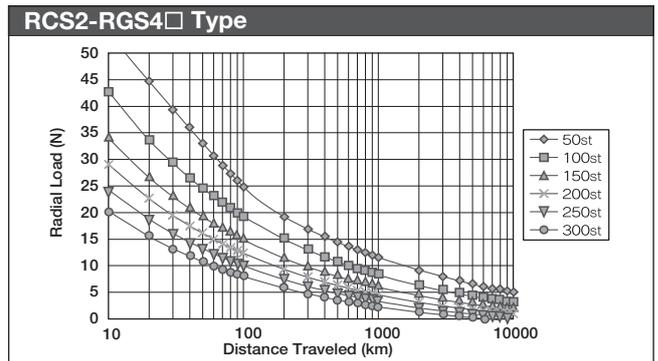
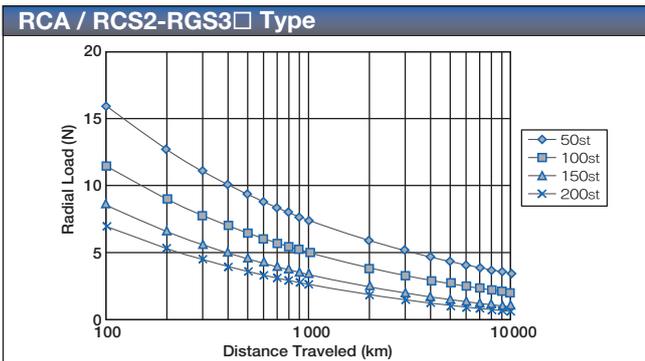
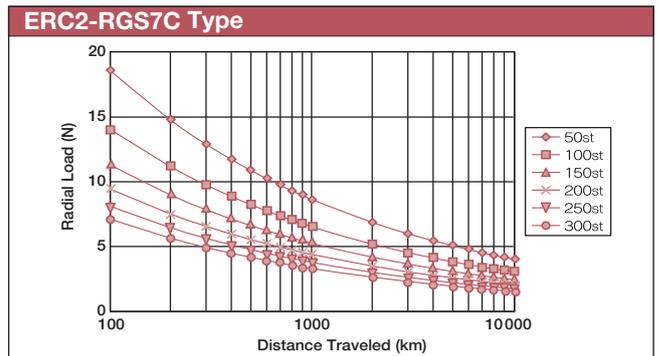
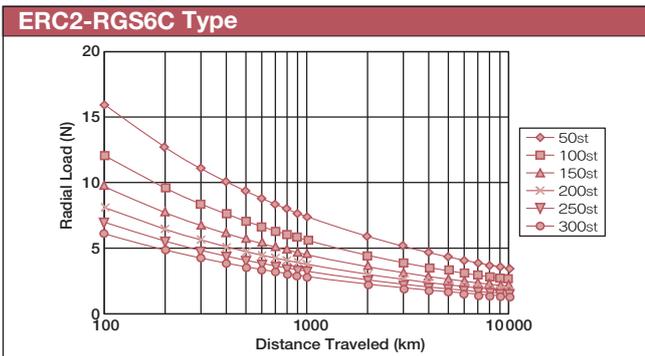
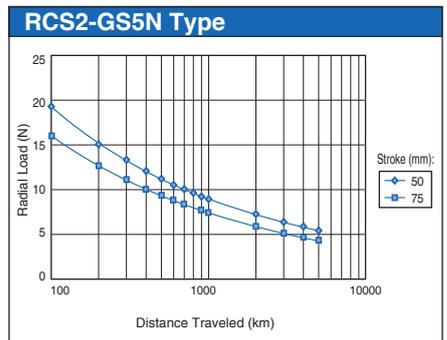
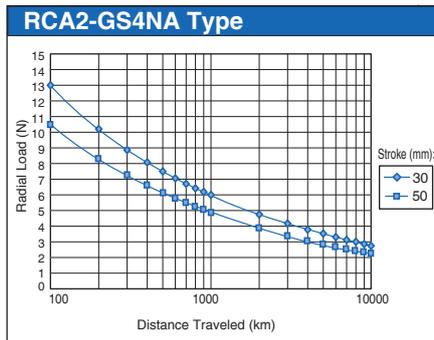
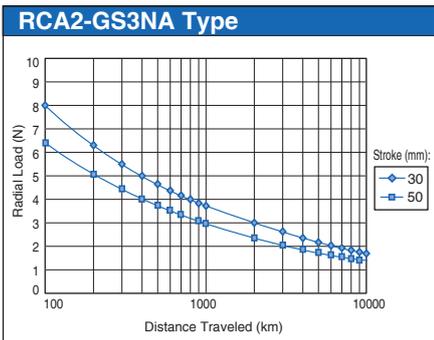


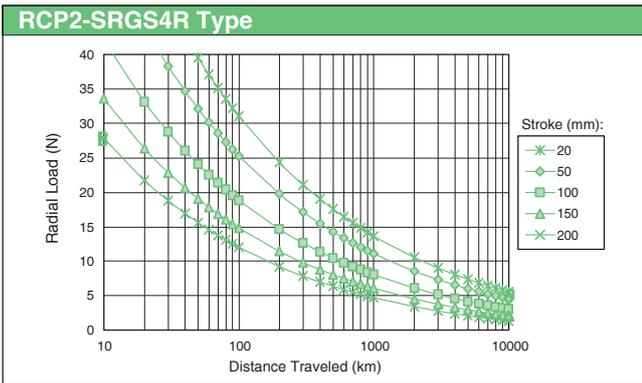
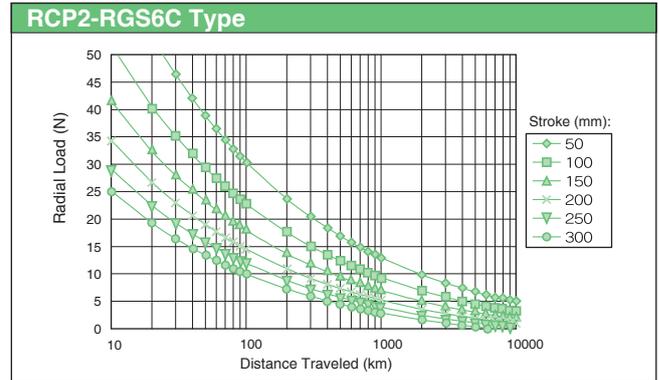
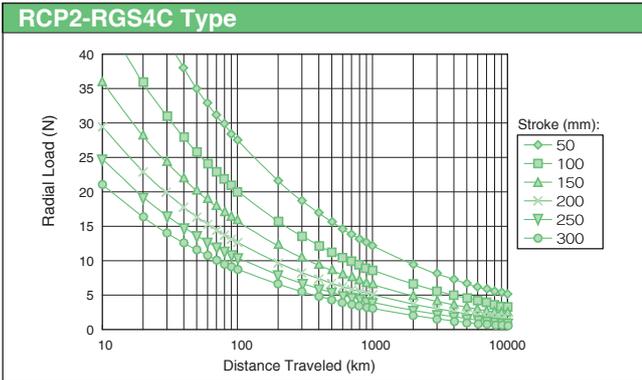
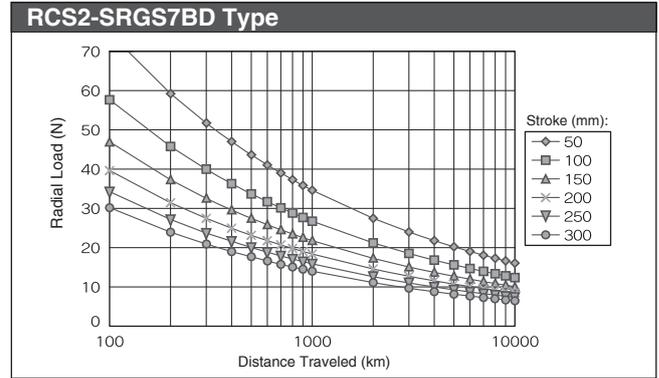
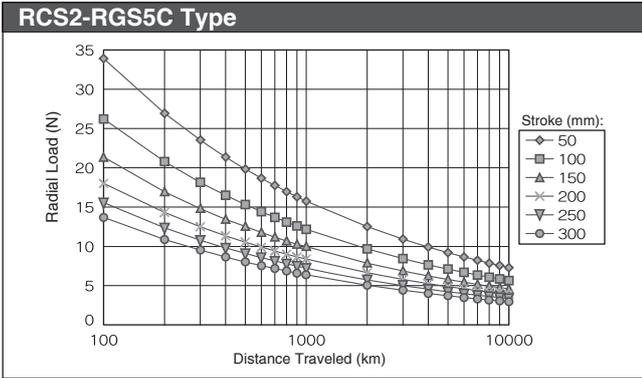
## Relationship Between Allowable Load at Tip & Running Service Life

The greater the load at the guide tip, the shorter the running service life. Select the appropriate model, considering balance between load and service life.

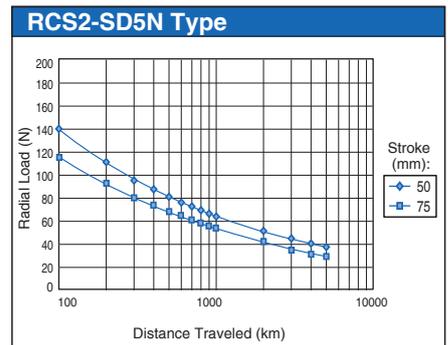
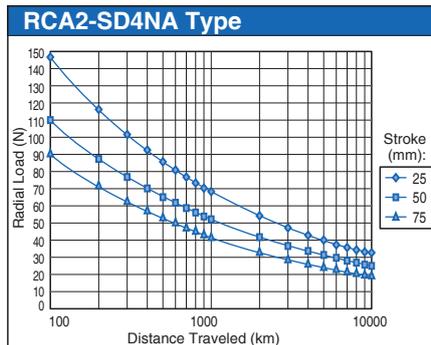
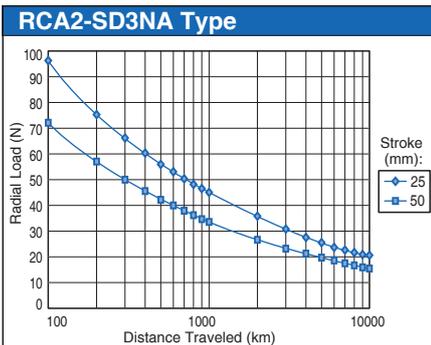
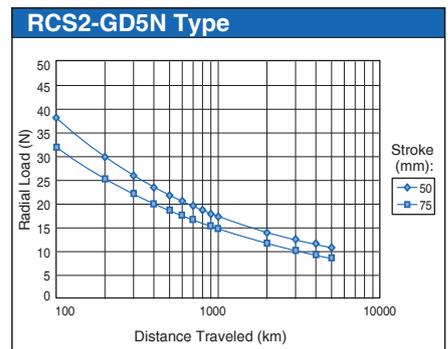
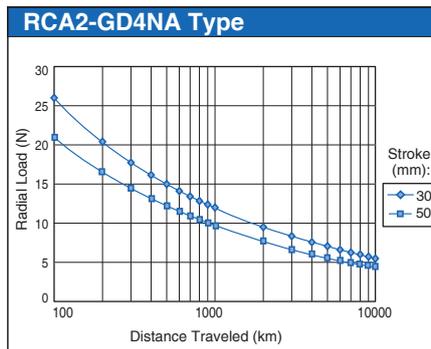
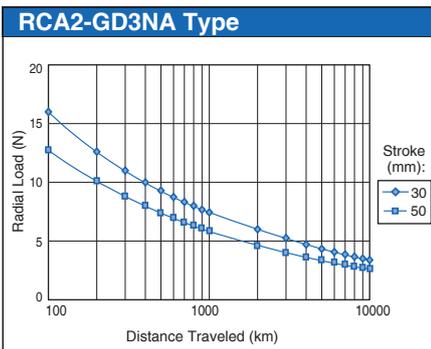


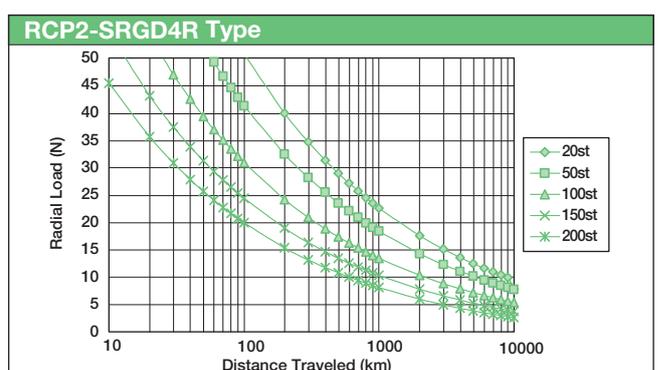
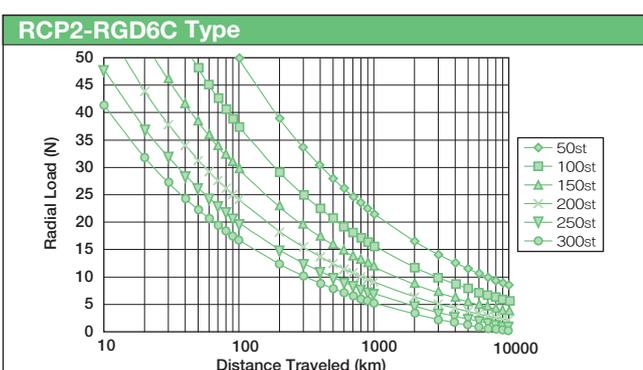
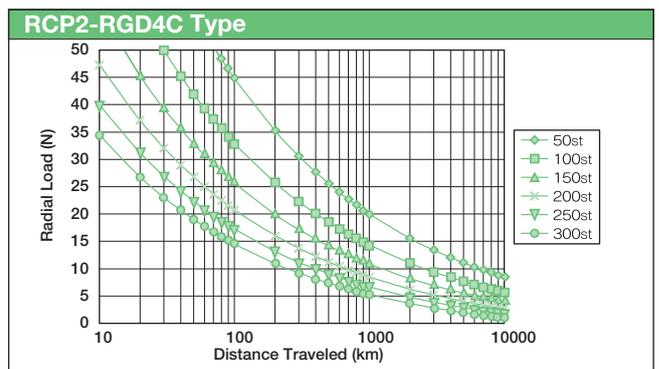
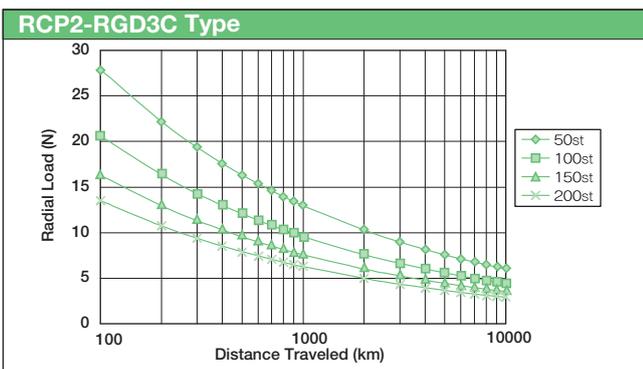
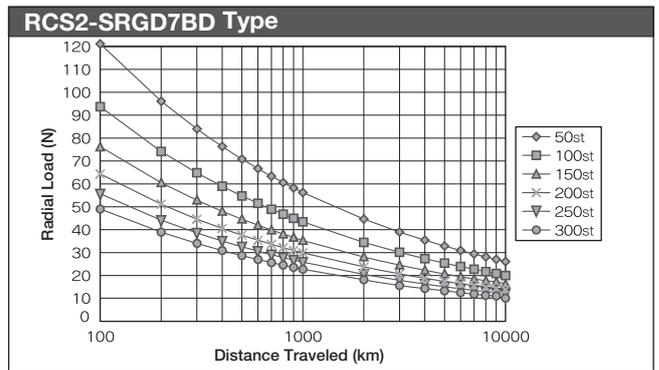
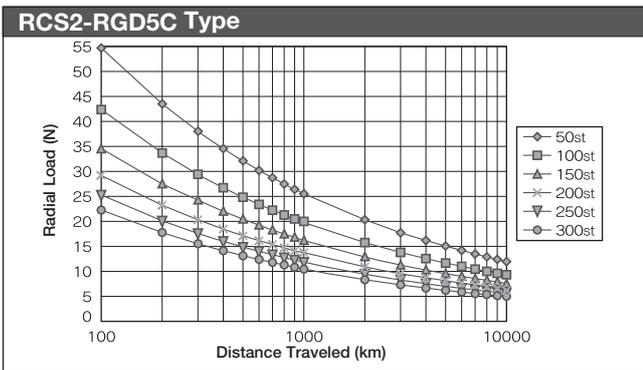
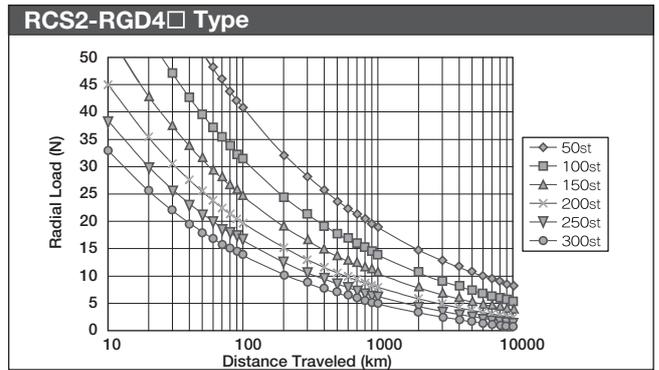
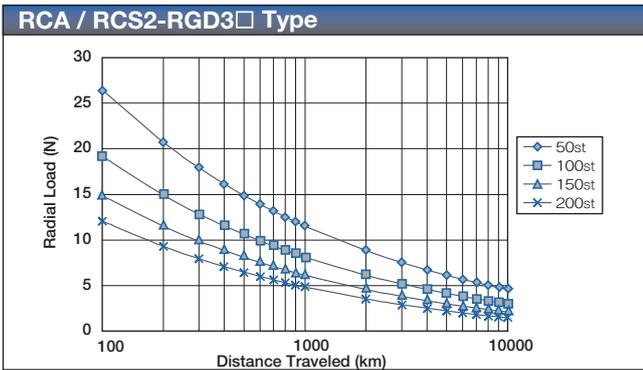
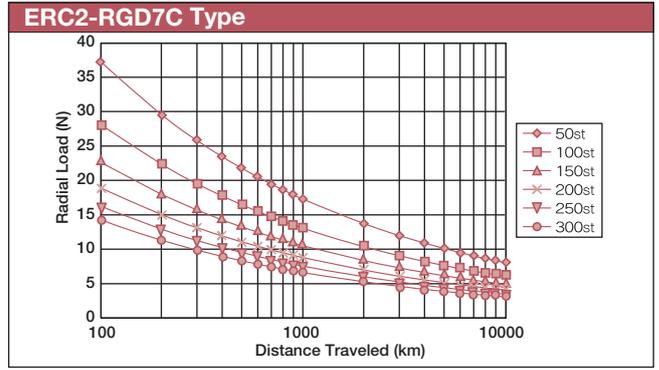
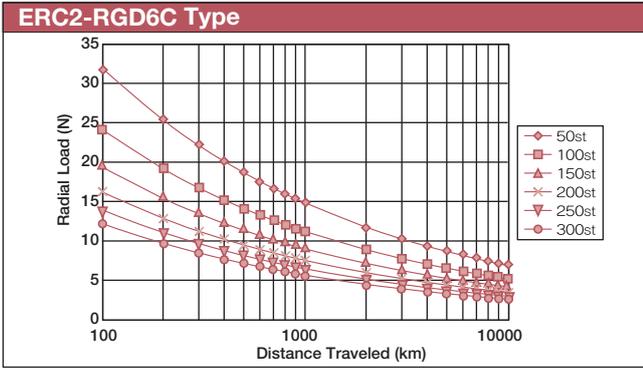
## Single-guide





## Double-Guide

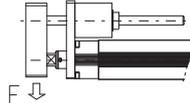




Radial Load & Tip Deflection

The graph below shows the correlation between the load exerted at the guide tip and the amount of deflection generated.

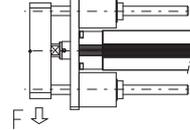
Single-guide type



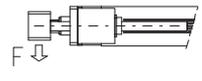
\* The single-guide specification can only be used with vertical loads.

Double-guide type

<Vertical>



<Horizontal>



Single-guide

