

2CS3EIP Series

Dual-axis EtherNet/IP Closed Loop Stepper Drive User Manual



For models of 2CS3EIP-D503, 2CS3EIP-D507

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Notice

Read this manual carefully before any assembling and using. Incorrect handling of products in this manual can result in injury and damage to persons and machinery. Strictly adhere to the technical information regarding installation requirements.

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- ♦ Thank you for purchasing Leadshine 2CS3EIP Series Products
- Please read this manual carefully before operating
- Please keep this manual appropriately

Record of Revisions

Manual Reversion	Data	Description of Release		
V1.0	08/26/2022	Initial Release		



Safety Precautions

Overall Notes



- Do not remove the housing with the drive powered on. Cables. Connectors and optional equipment.
- Please disconnect the power supply for at least 2 minutes and make sure the power indicator is off before wiring and checking. Even if the power is disconnected, voltage may remain inside the drive. Therefore, do not touch the power terminals while the power indicator is on.



- Please use the power supply specifications (number of phases.) that match the product. Voltage. Frequency. AC/DC).
- Be sure to connect the ground terminal of the driver (mounting surface) and motor to the ground pole.
- Do not damage or drag the cable, do not overstress the cable, do not hang heavy objects on the cable, or get caught in the cabinet door.
- Please do not disassemble the product yourself. Repair or modification.
- When the machine is connected to the machine and starts to operate, make sure that the machine is ready for emergency stop.
- Do not touch the inside of the drive.



- The heat sink of the driver may be hot when the power is on or when the power is just cut off. The motor, etc. may be in a high temperature. Take safety measures such as installing a cover to prevent accidental touching by hands and parts (cables, etc.).
- Use double-insulated or reinforced insulation for control power.
- Do not use in places where water can be splashed. Corrosive environments. Do not use the product in the vicinity of flammable gases and combustible materials
- Do not use damaged. Drivers and motors with missing parts.
- Please set up an emergency stop circuit externally to ensure that the power can be cut off and the operation can be stopped immediately in case of an abnormality.
- If the product is used under poor power conditions, install protection equipment (AC reactor, etc.) to ensure that the input power is supplied within the specified voltage variation range.
- Please use a noise filter to reduce the influence of electromagnetic interference.
- The driver and motor should be used in the specified combination.

Precautions for Storage and Transportation



- Please follow the Commands on the packaging for storage and do not overload the product.
- Please place this product in the following environment:
 - → No direct sunlight in the place.
 - → Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - → Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - → No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - → Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - → No water, Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - → Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - → No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.



Precautions for Installation



- Please install the drive in a cabinet that provides fire protection. Electrical protection in the control cabinet.
- Please install the driver and motor in a position with sufficient weight resistance.
- Please install this product in the following environment:
 - → No direct sunlight in the place.
 - → Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - → Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - → No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - → Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - → No water, Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - → Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - → No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.
- Do not block the air inlet and exhaust ports, and do not allow foreign objects to enter the drive and motor.
- Do not step on the product or place heavy objects on the drive.
- Please install the driver in the specified direction.
- Make sure to keep the specified intervals between the inner surfaces of the drive control cabinet and other machines.

Precautions for Wiring



- Do not pass the magnetic contactor in the wiring between the drive and the motor.
- Please connect the power terminal and motor terminal firmly.
- Keep a minimum distance of 10mm between the drive and the control cabinet or other equipment.
- Allow at least 30mm of wiring space above and below the driver.
- Signal cable. The encoder cable should be a twisted shielded cable with the shield grounded at both ends.
- The wiring length of the encoder is up to 20m.
- Reduce the frequency of power on/off as much as possible.

Precautions during operation



- To prevent accidents, perform a test run of the servo motor at no load (without the driver connected).
- When you install the machine and start operation, please set the user parameters in advance to match the machine.
- Positive limit (POT) during JOG operation and zero return operation. The signal of negative limit (NOT) is not valid.
- When using the motor on a vertical axis, please provide a safety device to avoid dropping the work-piece in case of alarm or over travel.
- When an alarm occurs, please reset it after investigating the cause and making sure it is safe.
- Do not use the brake of the holding motor for normal braking.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

2CS3EIP series is a 2-in-1 drive product with Ethernet/IP bus communication technology on the basis of high-performance digital stepper drive, also STO optional. Based on Ethernet/IP slave station technology, real-time control and real-time data transmission of the stepper system are realized, so that the communication speed can reach the transmission rate of 100MB/s. It is simple to use, stable and reliable, and excellent in performance. It is widely used in photovoltaic, textile, civil, robot, lithium battery equipment, 3C electronics and other industries.

1.2 Features

- No loss of step, No hunting, No torque reservation
- 100Mbps full-duplex.
- STO optional
- Support operation modes: Profile Position, Profile Velocity, Homing
- 4 configurable digital inputs and 2 optically isolated digital outputs for each axis
- Low noise and vibration, smooth motion
- USB port for parameters configuration
- Two 7-segment display velocity or slave ID or operation mode or error code
- Protections for over voltage, over current and position following error, encoder cable error, etc.

1.3 EtherNet/IP Compare with Step/Direction

1.3.1 Stronger anti-disturbance ability

Traditional step/direction transmission cables have lower reliability for the reason of EMC interference, whereas EtherNet/IP communication with shielded cables have stronger anti-interference ability, and inbuilt error detection. Limit and handling mechanisms can also bring more reliable transmission and longer communication distance.

1.3.2 Enhanced performance

EtherNet/IP is the fastest industrial Ethernet technology by and large, and it also synchronizes with nanosecond accuracy. This is a huge benefit for all applications in which target system is controlled or measured via the bus system.

1.3.3 Simple wiring and long communication distance

In step/direction control mode, the controller/PLC needs to connect with each drive to send control signals, which may lead to intensive signal cables and wiring complexity if many drives are required. While in EtherNet/IP applications, the controller/PLC just needs to connect with one of the drives and then line topology with others. Additionally, the EtherNet/IP communication allows longer distance up to 100 meters maximum.

1.3.4 Lower cost

EtherNet/IP delivery has the features of industrial Ethernet at a price similar or even below that of traditional control mode. The only hardware required by the master device is an Ethernet port, instead of some expensive interface cards or co-processors. Since EtherNet/IP doesn't require high-speed pulse modules or other active infrastructure components, the costs for these components and their installation, configuration, and maintenance are also eliminated.



Their connection typologies are as below:

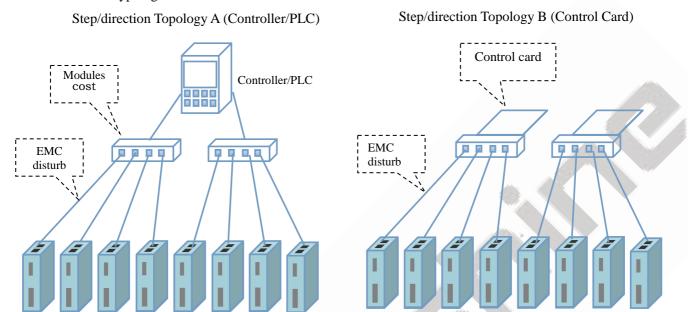


Figure 1.1: Step/direction Topology

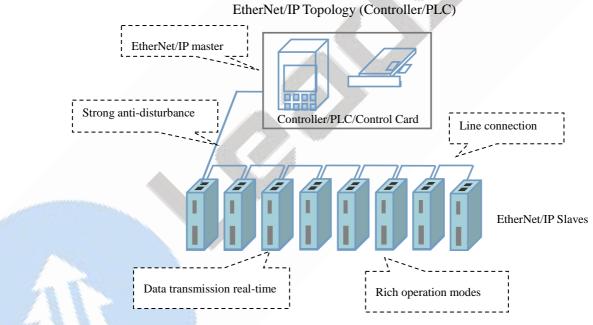


Figure 1.2: EtherNet/IP Topology



1.4 Check Product

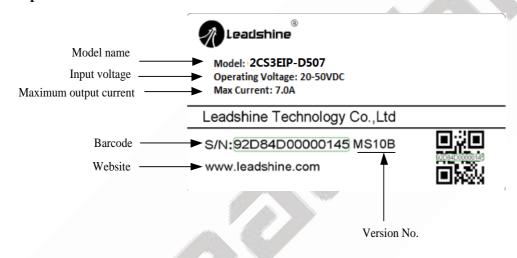
1.4.1 Arrival inspection

- Check whether the surface of the product is damaged or not during transportation.
- Check the nameplate models of the drive and motor are what you have ordered.
- Cheek if it is fully equipped with accessories. Accessories include power supply and motor output connector, control I/O signal connector.

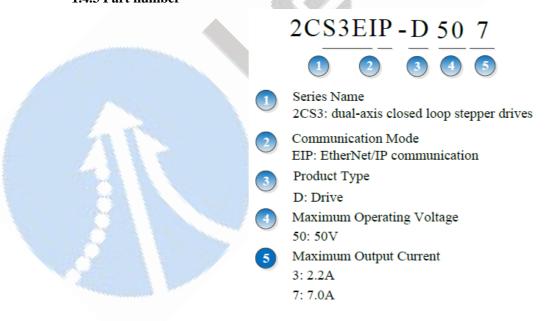


- Neither the damaged nor missing accessories of stepper system is allowed to install.
- Contact Leadshine or local distributor if any failure was found.

1.4.2 Nameplate information

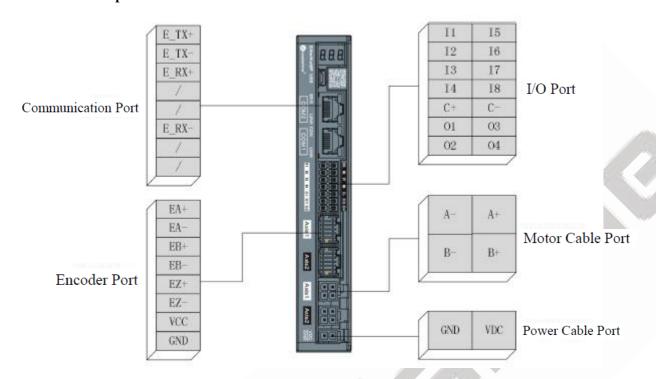


1.4.3 Part number





1.4.4 Parts description



1.4.5 Accessories Information

Name	Necessary	Picture	Description	Need to cost extra
Power supply cable	Yes		Power supply cable with 1.5m length	No
Motor extension cable (CABLEM-RZ*M*)	Yes		Optional length: 1.5m,3m,5m,8m, 10m,12m,15m	Yes
Encoder extension cable (CABLEM-BM*M*)	Yes		Optional length: 1.5m, 3m, 5m,8m, 10m,12m,15m	Yes
I/O signal terminal	Yes		22-pin terminal	No
Tuning Cable	No, can use 3 rd party cable		Micro-USB cable	Yes
Network cable	Yes, can use 3 rd party cable	List	Optional length: 0.1m, 0.2m, 0.3m, 0.4m, 1m, 1.5m, 2m, 3m,5m,7m, 10m,15m, 20m	Yes

Note:

- Micro-USB cable is not necessary; you can also modify parameters by master station PC software. Leadshine ProTuner is coming soon.
- Network cable is necessary, but you can also buy shielded network cable through 3rd party.
- Power supply connector: <u>39012020</u>, <u>39000038</u>, <u>Molex</u>
- Motor extension cable connector: <u>39012040</u>, <u>39000038</u>, <u>Molex</u>
- Motor encoder cable connector: 513531200, 561349000, Molex



2 Installation

2.1 Storage and Installation Conditions

2.1.1 Storage condition

- Correctly packaged and store in a clean and dry environment where direct sunlight is avoided.
- Store within an ambient temperature ranging from -20° C to $+65^{\circ}$ C.
- Store within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Avoid any type of exposure to corrosive gases.

2.1.2 Operating ambience conditions

- Temperature ranging from 0° to 50° . The ambient temperature of drive for long-term reliability should be under 40° . Please install the drive in a well-ventilated area.
- Operation within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Vibration lower than 0.15mm at a frequency of 10Hz-55Hz.



- DO NOT mount the drive and motor in a location subjected to corrosive or flammable gases, and combustibles.
- Please mount the drive and motor in an indoor electric control cabinet without liquid where direct sunlight is avoided.
- DO NOT mount the drive and motor in a location subjected to airborne dust.
- Please ensure grounding wires are securely connected

2.2 Mechanical Specification

Unit: mm, 1inch=25.4mm

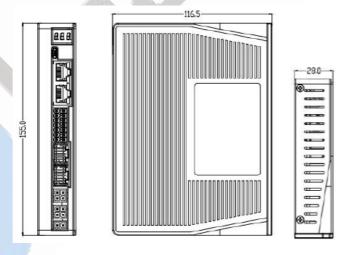


Figure 2.1: 2CS3EIP series mechanical drawing

2.3 Installation Direction and Space

- The mounting of drive, wiring and motor should be under the regulations of EN 61800-5-1.
- Incorrect installation may result in a drive malfunction or premature failure of the drive and /or motor. Please follow the guidelines in this manual when installing
- The drive should be mounted perpendicular to the wall or in the control panel.
- In order to ensure the drive is well ventilated, ensure that the all ventilation holes are not obstructed and sufficient free space is given to the drive, and a cooling fan is mounted in the control panel.



Please ensure grounding wires are securely connected.

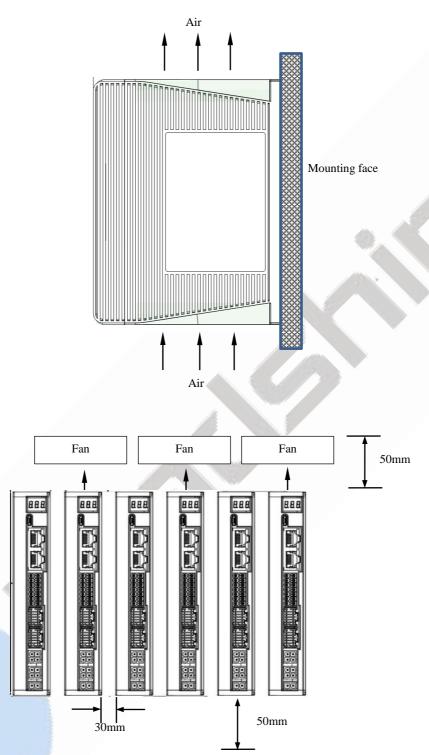


Figure 2.2: 2CS3EIP series installation drawing



3 Production Specifications

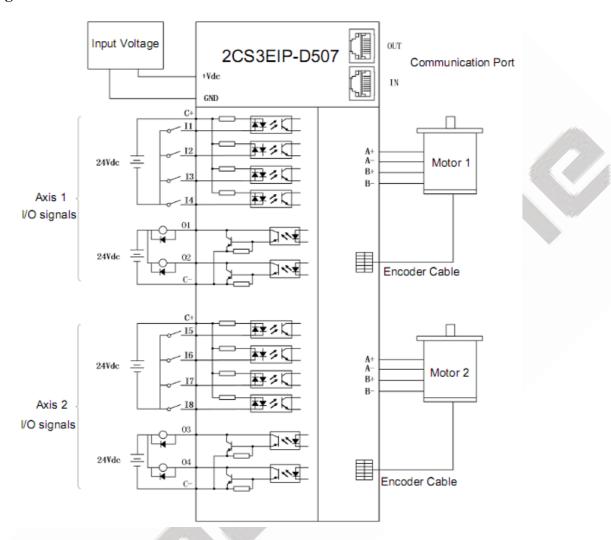
3.1 Electrical and Operating Specifications

Name	2CS3EIP-D503	2CS3EIP-D507				
Supply Voltage	24-48VDC 24-48VDC					
Output Current (Peak)	0.5-2.2A	1.0-7.0A				
Matched Motor	NEMA 11, 14, 17	NEMA23, 24				
Size (H*W*L mm)	155*116.5*28					
Input Signals	Home Input, Positive Limit, Negative Limit, Touch Probe, GPIOs					
Output Signals	Brake, Alarm, In Position, GPIOs					
Protection Functions	Over Current, Over Voltage, Position Following Error, Encoder Cable Error, etc.					
PC Software	Leadshine Motion Studio					

	Environment	Avoid dust, oil ,fog and corrosive gases		
	Operating Temperature	0-50°C (32 F – 122 F)		
Operating Environment	Storage Temperature	-20°C-65°C (-4 F − 149 F)		
. 0	Humidity	40-90%RH		
	Vibration	10-55Hz/0.15mm		
	Mount	Vertical or horizontal mounting		



3.2 Wiring Instructions



Note:

- There are two EtherNet/IP communication ports above, one of them is input port which connects with master station or previous slave, and the other is output port which connects with the following slave.
- Single-end input I3, I4, I5, I6 and I7 connection types can be common-cathode and common-anode.
- Brake output on the drive can connect with brake outlet on the motor directly.
- Encoder extension cable with Z signal is named: CABLEM-BM*M*Z

3.2.1 Power Supply Cable & Motor Cable

- Wire diameter: +VDC, GND, A+, A-, B+, B- terminal wire diameter≥0.3mm² (AWG15-22)
- A noise filter which can improve anti-interference performance is recommended to be connected between power supply and drive.

3.2.2 I/O Signal Cable

- Wire diameter: I1 I7, O1 O6, COM, 24VB and COM terminal wires diameter≥0.12mm² (AWG24-26)
- Recommend to adopt shielded twisted pair cable with a length of less than 3 meters (the shorter the better).
- Wiring: As far as possible away from the power line wiring, in order to prevent interference
- Please connect surge absorber to inductive device, such as anti-parallel diode for DC coil, parallel RC-snubbers circuit for AC coil.



3.2.3 EtherNet/IP Communication Cable

It is recommended to use shielded Ethernet network cables that do not exceed 100 meters.

CAUTION



- DO NOT hot plug in and out.
- Be sure to turn off power and wait for at least 5 minutes, and then you can transport, wiring and inspect the drives and motors.



3.3 Interface Specifications

3.3.1 Connector Definition

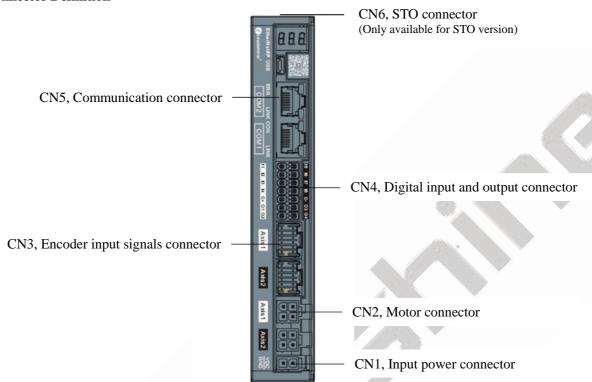


Figure 3.2: 2CS3EIP series connectors

Name	Description
CN1	Input power connector
CN2	Motor connector
CN3	Encoder input signals connector
CN4	Digital input and output connector
CN5	EtherNet/IP communication connector
CN6	STO connector (Only available for STO version)



3.3.2 CN1-Input Power Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
CN1	2 1	1	VDC	24V- 48V
	2	GND	GND	

3.3.3 CN2-Motor Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
CN2	₽ P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	1	A+	Motor phase A+
		2	A-	Motor phase A-
		3	B+	Motor phase B+
		4	B-	Motor phase B-

3.3.4 CN3-Encoder Input Signals Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
		1	EA+	Encoder A+ signal
		2	EA-	Encoder A- signal
		3	EB+	Encoder B+ signal
		4	EB-	Encoder B- signal
		5	EZ+	Encoder Z+ signal
CN3		6	EZ-	Encoder Z- signal
CNS		7	VCC	Encoder +5V voltage
		8	GND	Encoder ground
		9	U	Reserved
		10	V	Reserved
		11	W	Reserved
		12	PE	Shield ground



3.3.5 CN4-I/O Signals Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	I/O	Description
		1	I1	I-Axis1	Probe (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		2	I2	I-Axis1	HOME (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		3	I3	I-Axis1	POT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		4	I4	I-Axis1	NOT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		5	C+	Common	Command port of input signals for axis1 and axis2
	1 15 6 7 18 9 10 11 12 6 7 18 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	6	O1	O-Axis1	Alarm (default) configurable, common-cathode
CNIA		7	O2	O-Axis1	Brake (default) configurable, common-cathode
CN4		8	I5	I-Axis2	Probe (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		9	I6	I-Axis2	HOME (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		10	17	I-Axis2	POT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		11	18	I-Axis2	NOT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V
		12	C-	Common	Command port of output signals for axis1 and axis2
		13	О3	O-Axis2	Alarm (default) configurable, common-cathode
		14	O4	O-Axis2	Brake (default) configurable, common-cathode



3.3.6 CN5-EtherNet/IP Communication Connector

Name	Pic		PIN	Signal	Description	
			1, 9	E_TX+	EtherNet/IP TxD+	
	LED1	2, 10	E_TX-	EtherNet/IP TxD-		
		1	3, 11	E_RX+	EtherNet/IP RxD+	
		8	4, 12	/	/	
CN5	LED2	ED3 9	5, 13	/	1	
			6, 14	E_RX-	EtherNet/IP RxD-	
			7, 15	/	M. 1	
			8, 16	/		
			Cover	PE	Shield earthing	
Note	(1) LED1 as'Link/Activity IN' indicator, green(2) LED3 as'Link/Activity OUT' indicator, green					
	(3) LED2 as'RUN' indicator, green(4) LED4 as'ERR' indicator, red					

This LED informs EtherNet/IP communication status. RUN LED, ERROR LED positions at the front side of product and, Link/Activity LED individually positions at the top of right corner of EtherNet/IP ports.

Name	Color	Statue	Description					
	LED1 Green ON		Link not established in physical layer					
LED1			Link established in physical layer					
Flickerin		Flickering	In operation after establishing link					
	OFF Link no		Link not established in physical layer					
LED3	Green	ON	Link established in physical layer					
		Flickering	In operation after establishing link					

Table 3.3 Link/Activity LED status

3.3.7 Micro USB Tuning Port

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal
		1	GND
		2	Reserved
CN6		3	Data+
	1 2 3 4 5	4	Data-
		5	V_Bus

3.3.8 Salve ID (Site Alias) Setting

The Salve ID (also called Site Alias) of 2CS3EIP series can be set by the following







3 methods:

Setting via Rotary Switches

When Object (2151h) is set to value '0', user can set a value non-zero via the two rotary switches as the salve ID, activated after restarting the power supply. The specific definition is as below:

The salve ID of drives comes from the constituent hexadecimal value by rotary switch 1 (MSD) and rotary switch 2 (LSD). For example, when the MSD is set value 'A', and the LSD is set value '8', the ID is 168 (decimalism).

• Setting via Reading Salve Controller

When Object (2151h) is set to value '2' and MSD, LSD rotary switches are set to 0, the EtherNet/IP master will configure site alias to the address of EEPROM 0004h of slave controller automatically.

• Setting via Object (2150h)

When Object (2151h) is set to value '1', the value written in Object (2150h) is as the site alias, activated after saving parameter and restarting the power supply.

3.3.9 Two 7-Segment

There are two 7-Segment with two LED indicators on the front of 2CS3EIP-D507 (turn on when drive is enabled). The displayed content of after initialization can be set by Object (214b-00h):

- 2-Velocity
- 0-Statue machine / operation mode
- 1-Slave ID

When an error occurs, the 7-Segment displays only the alarm code, please refer to chapter 5.2

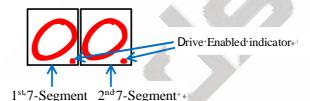


Figure 3.3: Two 7-Segment

3.4 I/O Interface and Corresponding Parameters Setting

3.4.1 Digital Input

Wiring

There are two types of input signals: single-ended and differential.the connections are as below:

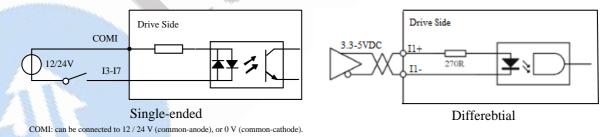


Figure 3.4: Input Interface Connection

Note:

- (1) Controller/PLC/Control card should provide input DC power 12-24V, current ≥ 100mA.
- (2) If the polarity of input DC power is reversed, the EtherNet/IP stepper drive won't work; you need to turn the wiring.



3.4.2 Digital Output

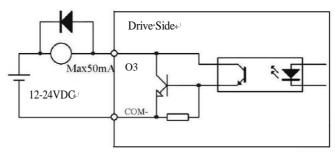


Figure 3.5: Output Interface Wiring

Note:

- (1) The power supply (12-24VDC) above is provided by user, and if the polarity of power supply is reversed, it will damage the drive.
- (2) Digital output is OC output with the maximum capacity of 100mA/30V (recommended 50mA/25V), the provided power supply should be under 30V (recommended 24V), otherwise it will cause damage to the drive.

3.4.3 Brake Output

This driver has a special brake output, built-in a fly-wheel diode, driving current up to 500 mA, can directly drive the motor brake without relays. The connection is below:

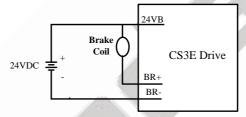


Figure 3.6: Brake output connection





4 EtherNet/IP Object Dictionary

Each 2CS3EIP series product support two axes, except the parameters of 1000h~1FFFh are common parameters for axis1 and axis2, other parameters are working independently, the relation between these parameters show as follow:

Axis2 address (hex) = Axis1 address (hex) + 0x800

For example:

	Axis1	Axis2
Peak current	0x2000	0x2800
Target position	0x607A	0x687A

4.1 Communication Object

The 2CS3EIP Series drives follows the EtherNet/IP standard protocol, can communicate with the master stations which also supports the EtherNet/IP standard protocol.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default Value	Unit	Remark		
1000	0	Device type	R	UINT	0-32767	0x40912	-	Refer to CIA 402 profile		
1001	0	Error register	R	USINT	0-255	0	- /	Refer to Chapter 5.1		
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	A	-		
	01	Save all parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0				
1010	02	Save communication parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	- //	Need to write 0x65766173 or 1702257011 (decimal) into sub-index.		
	03	Save motion parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	It will return 1 if save successfully		
	04	Save factory parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-		
	01	Restore all parameters to default setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	·-			
	02	Reset communication parameters of axis1 and axis2 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
	03	Reset motion parameters of axis1 and axis2 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
1011	04	Reset user parameters of axis1 and axis2 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	Need to write 0x64616f6c or 1684107116 (decimal) into sub-index. It will return 1 if save successfully		
	05	Reset motion parameters of axis1 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
	06	Reset user parameters of axis1 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
	07	Reset motion parameters of axis2 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
	08	Reset user parameters of axis2 to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-			
1018	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-		



	01	Vendor ID	R	UINT	0-32767	4321	-	Leadshine code
	02	Product code	R	UINT	0-32767	8X00	-	-
	03	Revision number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	04	Series number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
1600	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3	-	Axis1 default number of 1 st mapping object
1600	01-08	1 st RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 1 st RXPDO-Map object
1601	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Axis1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
1001	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
1602	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Axis1 default number of 3 rd mapping object
1002	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
1603	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7		Axis1 default number of 4 th mapping object
1003	01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
1610	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3		Axis2 default number of 1 st mapping object
1010	01-08	1 st RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 1 st RXPDO-Map object
1611	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Axis2 default number of 2 nd mapping object
1011	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
1612	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Axis2 default number of 3 rd mapping object
1012	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
1613	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis2 default number of 4 th mapping object
1013	01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
1A00	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis1 default number of 1 st mapping object
1A00	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 1 st TXPDO-Map object
1A01	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Axis1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
IAUI	01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis1 default number of 2 nd TXPDO-Map object
1A10	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis2 default number of 1 st mapping object
IAIU	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 1st TXPDO-Map object
1A11	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Axis2 default number of 2 nd mapping object
IAII	01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis2 default number of 2 nd TXPDO-Map object
	0	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
1C00	01	Output type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	02	Input type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	2	-	-



	03	Output type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	3	-	-
	04	Input type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
1C12	0-04	RXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1600	-	-
1C13	0-02	TXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1A00	-	-
1C32	0-0A	RXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-	-	-
1C33	0-0A	TXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-	=	-

The parameters can be configured by master station's PC software or Leadshine Motion Studio.





4.2 Manufacture Specific Object

Explanation for index and sub-index

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access for which axis
2000	00	Peak current	For axis1
2800	00	Peak current	For axis2
2001	00	Mi anastan masalutian	For axis1
2801	00	Microstep resolution	For axis2

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark
2000	00	Peak current	R/W/S	DINT	1-100	60	0.1A	Drive's max output current. 2CS3EIP-D503 is 25 by default;
2800	00							2CS3EIP-D507 is 60 by default.
2001	00							Required number of pulse to rotate 1 revolution of motor.
2801	00	Microstep resolution	R/W/S	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	But it is recommended to modify via 6092+01
2010	01						127	Internal smoothing time for control
2810	01	Internal filtering time	R/W/S	UINT	0-32767	100	0.1ms	command.
2012	00							Internal smoothing time for starting
2812	00	Soft-starting time	R/W/S	UINT	10-3000	1	ms	current.
2013	00				•		17	
2813	00	Auto-tuning at power on	R/W/S	UINT	0-2	1		1: Yes. 0: No
2019	01	In-position pulse				B 7		0: With compensation, the value of
2819	01	compensation	R/W/S	UINT	0-1	1		6064 = 607A in position; 1: Without compensation
2019	02			159				0: Not allowed in-position signal
2819	02	In-position mode at disabled state	R/W/S	UINT	0-1	0		output when disabled; 1: Allowed in-position signal output when disabled;
201A	01	Locking current	current R/W/S UINT	LUNE	0.100	100	%	Transfer to the design of the section of the sectio
281A	01	percentage of power on	R/W/S	UINI	0-100	100	/0	Usually keep the default value.
201A 281A	02	Closed loop holding current percentage	R/W/S	UINT	0-100	50	%	Multiply by the value of object 0x2000, the drive output current will change between these according to the load.
201B	00		A33					Appropriately reduce this value if you
281B	00	Locking duration time	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	200	ms	want to shorten the time of locking shaft.
201C	00	Martinetantes	D AVI/C	LUNE	100 10000	1000		Translation de la Contractor
281C	00	Max time to close brake	R/W/S	UINT	100-10000	1000	ms	Usually keep the default value
201D	00	7 and naint	R/W/S	UINT	0.500	10	0.1=/-	
281D	00	Zero speed point	K/W/S	UINI	0-500	10	0.1r/s	-
2024	00	Control Mode	R/W/S	UINT	0~10	2		0: Open Loop Control;
2824	00		10, 11, 15	Onvi	0.10			2: Closed Loop Control
2025 2825	01	Speed point for open loop switching closed loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	18	0.1r/s	-
2025 2825	02 02	Delay for open loop switching closed loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	12	ms	-
2025	03	Speed point for closed	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	5	0.1r/s	-
2825 2025	03	loop switching open loop Delay for closed loop						
2825	04	switching open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	250	ms	-
2025 2825	05	Feedback speed point for closed loop switching open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	50	0.1r/s	-
2029	00	Encoder resolution	R/W/S	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	4 times the encoder resolution.



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2829	00							But it is recommended to modify by 0x608F+01
2030 2830	00	Allowed max position following error pulses	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	4000	Count	4000 indicates the error of one turn
2032 2832	00	Distance to send "In Position" output signal	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	-
2033	00	Delay of in-position error	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	3	ms	-
2833 2047	00	de-jitter						
2847	00	Over voltage point	R	UINT	0-1000	75	V	-
2048	00				0.55525			
2848	00	Bus-voltage	R	UINT	0-65535	-	V	-
2051	00	Motor running direction	R/W	DINT	0-1	0		0: CCW direction 1: CW direction But it is recommended to modify by
2056	00							0x607E Bit setting: =1: Yes; =0: No
2856	00	Alarm detection selection	R/W/S	DINT	0~65535	65535		Bit0: over-current (invalid) Bit1: over-voltage Bit2: Position following error Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm
2057 2857	00	Reset alarm	R/W/S	UINT	0~65535	0	167	Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value
2090	01	Current loop Vn	R/W	DINT	0~32767	1500		128(Decimal) to 0x6040
2890 2090	01 02	Current loop Kp						2
2890 2090	02	Current loop Ki	R/W	DINT	0~32767	300		-
2890	03	Current loop Kc	R/W	DINT	0~32767	300	-	
2091 2891	01	Speed Loop Kp	R/W	UINT	0~10000	25	-	
2091 2891	02	Speed Loop Ki	R/W	UINT	0~10000	3	-	
2092 2892	01	Position Loop Kp	R/W	UINT	0~100	25	-	
2150	00	Slave ID	R/W/S	UINT	0-256	1		Valid when 0x2151= 1;
2151	00	Slave ID resource	R/W/S	UINT	0-10	0		0: DIP switches 1: Setting by 0x2150 2: ESC
2232 2A32	00	Synchronous compensation1	R/W	DINT	0—65535	2		
2233	00	Synchronous	R/W	DINT	0—65535	100		
2A33 225C	00	compensation2	A					Bit1=1: Set motor running direction by
2A5C	00	Special function register	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		0x607E Bit2=1: Set virtual input by 0x5012-03
22A9 2AA9	00	Limit Mode	R/W	DINT	0-10	0		0: Stop normally 1: Invalid
22B4	00	Oniok eter anlant	D AV	DDW	0.22777			2: Alarm, error code 260 0: Alarm, error code 570,
2AB4	00	Quick stop selection	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		1: Refer to 0x605A
	01	Control software version	R	UINT				
3100	02	Firmware version	R	UINT				
	03	EtherNet/IP protocol version	R	UINT				
3FFE 47FE	01-0B 01-0B	Alarm record	R	USINT	0~32767			0x3FFE+01 is the current error code (current alarm) or the most recent error code (currently no alarm); 0x3FFE+02-0E are followed by the
4003	01							historical error code.
4803	01	Delay of closing brake	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4003	02	Delay of loosening	D /11/10	LIEVE	0.1500	250		
4803	02	brake	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
					1	I.		I



4003	03							
4803	03	Max speed to close brake	R/W/S	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	
5000	03	Internal enable state	R	UINT	0~32767			0: Disabled 1: Enabled
5000	03							Bit0=0: Not reach
5800	04	Reach the target state	R	UINT	0~32767			Bit0=1: Reach Bit1=0: No stall Bit1=1: Stalled
5002	01							Write 0, return the ID data in ESC to
5802	01	ESC ID	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		0x5002-02; Write 0x12, return the current ID setting by DIP switches
5002 5802	02	ESC data	R	UINT	0~32767	408		Return Node ID data
5004	0F							Bit0 =1: RPDO mapping can't be written by SDO; Bit0 =0: RPDO mapping can be
5804	0F	Sync0 Synchronization interface parameters	R/W	UINT	0~32767			written by SDO; Bit1=1: Detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit1=1: Don't detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit2=1: Send 0xF directly to enable; Bit2=0: Send 0xF can't be enabled.
5005	00	DC compensation base	R/W	UINT	0~32767	500	//	
5805 5006	00	value Synchronization error						
5806	00	detection	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		
5011 5811	00	Internal actual location	R	UDINT	0~32767			-
5012 5812	01	Homing arrival position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0	F-3.	
5012 5812	02	Homing trigger position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0	/	
5012	03							When 0x225C=4, activate the virtual input function; 60FD different bits, corresponding to different virtual inputs; Inputs Bit of 60FD Probe signal 1 Bit 26=1
5812	03	Homing virtual input	R/W	UDINT	0~32767	0		Home switch Bit 2=1 Positive limit Bit 1=1 Negative limit Bit 0=1 Z signal (index signal) For example: 0x225C=4 and start homing, set 0x5012-03=4, Home switch input; set 0x5012-03=2,
5012	04							Positive limit input; set 0x5012-03=2, Negative limit input Bit0=0: Homing protection is not turned on; Bit0=1: Homing protection is turned on; (Homing protection: when start homing, If the limit signal takes effect, bit0=0 means homing normally,
5812	04	Homing setting	R/W	UINT	0~32767	5		bit0=1 means stop homing as limit protection) Bit2=0: The value of current position after in position = 0x607C; Bit2=1: The value of 0x607C is used as the motion offset, and finally 0x6064 = 0; Bit3=0: 0x6064= 0x607C after in position; Bit3=1: 0x6064 = 0x607C after in position;
5400 5C00	01	Minimum synchronization period	R/W	UINT	250~2000	250	us	
5400	02	Maximum	R/W	UINT	250~20000	10000	110	
5C00	02	synchronization period	r/ w	UINI	250~20000	10000	us	Pit() = 0: A symphronous mode the host
5503 5D03	04	Special function register	R/W	UINT	0~65535	2		Bit0 = 0: Asynchronous mode, the host will track 0x607A-00 in real time; Bit0=1: Asynchronous mode, the host does not track 0x607A-00in real time.



4.3 I/O Configuration Object

The configuration of input ports includes three parts: function setting, filter time and polarity setting. Therefore, the relevant object dictionary value (Decimal) = Input port function setting value + Filter time setting value + Input port polarity setting value. The configuration of output ports includes two parts: function setting and polarity setting. Therefore, the relevant object dictionary value (Decimal) = Output port function setting value + Output port polarity setting value.

It is recommended to use Leadshine free tuning software MotionStudio for parameter settings, which will be very simple. In Leadshine MotionStudio, digital input (DI) and digital output (DO) are displayed as SI and SO.

4.3.1 Input Ports Function Value

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark
2152	01	Input1	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0::17 (Danimal 22)		Default is touch probe1, take effect changes need restart
2952	01	function	K/W/S	DINI	0-03333	0x17 (Decimal 23)		power
2152	02	Input2	D/M/G	DDITE	0.65525	0.1070 : 120		Default is HOME, take effect changes need restart
2952	02	function	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x18 (Decimal 24)		power
2152	03	Input3	R/W/S	DINT	0.65525	0-16 (Daving 122)		D.C. L. DOT . L. C L.
2952	03	function	K/W/S	DINI	0-65535	0x16 (Decimal 22)		Default is POT, take effect changes need restart power
2152	04	Input4	D /W//C	DINT	0.65525	0-01 (D		D. f. M. NOT. d. l. ff. d. l.
2952	04	function	R/W/S	ואונט	0-65535	0x01 (Decimal 1)	`	Default is NOT, take effect changes need restart power

Note:

- (1) After configuring the input and output functions through the master station software or MotionStudio, it needs to save and restart the power to take effect.
- (2) If the function configuration of the two input ports is repeated, the input port with the smaller number is valid, and the other input port will be set to GPIO automatically. For example: SI3 and SI4 are configured as positive limit, after saving and restarting, SI3 function as positive limit, SI4 function as GPIO.

There are two object dictionaries that can be used to monitor input ports: 0x2155 is used to monitor whether the input port is connected to a valid signal; 0x60FD is used to monitor whether the input port is configured with a function

• 0x2155 Corresponding Input Port Table:

Input port	Index +Sub index	Default Function Value	Default Function	Physical State Read State1 (3)	
IN1	0x2152+01 (1) 0x2952+01	0x17	Probe1	0x2155.00=1 (2)	
IN2	0x2152+02	0x18	HOME	0x2155.01=1	
IIN2	0x2952+02	UX18	HOME	0x2133.01=1	
IN3	0x2152+03	0x16	POT	0x2155.02=1	
INS	0x2952+03	OXIO	101		
IN4	0x2152+04	0x01	NOT	0x2155.03=1	
11.44	0x2952+04	UAU1	NOI		

Note:

- (1) 0x2152+01 indicate that the index is 0x2152, and sub-index is 01.
- (2) 0x2155.01 indicates that the index is 0x2155, and bit is bit1.
- (3) Read State1: when IN1~IN7 inputs are valid, at this time, it has nothing to do with whether the function is configured, bit0~bit5 of 0x2155 will change to value 1. For example, when only IN5 input port is valid, bit 4 of 0x2155 will be value 1, then 0x2155=F (Decimal 16).

• 0x60FD Corresponding Function Table:

Input Function	Setting Value	Logic state Read state2 (1)
Invalid	0x00	-
Probe1	0x17 (Decimal 23)	0x60FD.26=1
110001	OX17 (Decimal 23)	0x68FD.26=1
Probe2	0x18 (Decimal 24)	0x60FD.27=1
110062	OX18 (Decimal 24)	0x68FD.27=1
Home (ORG)	0x16 (Decimal 22)	0x60FD.02=1
Home (ORG)	OX10 (Decimal 22)	0x68FD.02=1
Positive limit (POT)	0x01 (Decimal 1)	0x60FD.01=1
rositive minit (ror)	Oxor (Decimal 1)	0x68FD.01=1
Negative limit (NOT)	0x02 (Decimal 2)	0x60FD.00=1
negative mint (NO1)	0x02 (Decimal 2)	0x68FD.00=1
Quick Stop (EMG)	0x14 (Decimal 20)	0x60FD.23=1
Quick Stop (EMG)	0X14 (Decimal 20)	0x68FD.23=1
		When IN1 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.04=1/68FD.04=1
GPIO (SI-MON)	0x19 (Decimal 25)	When IN2 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.05=1/68FD.05=1
Of IO (SI-WOW)	OX19 (Decinidi 23)	When IN3 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.06=1/68FD.06=1
		When IN4 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.07=1/68FD.07=1



Note:

- (1) Read State2: when inputs function is valid, at this time, it has nothing to do with which input port, bit0~bit26 of 0x60FD will change to value 1. For example: when IN5 input port is set to POT and input signal is valid, then bit0 of 0x60FD will be value 1.
- (2) When input function is set to GPIO, at this time, different input ports correspond to different bit of 0x60FD.

4.3.2 Input Ports Filter Time & Polarity Value

ter Time	Setting Value (Decimal)
1ms	0
2ms	256
3ms	512
4ms	768
5ms	1024
6ms	1280
8ms	1536
10ms	1792
15ms	2048
20ms	2304
30ms	2560
40ms	2816
50ms	3072
100ms	3328
200ms	3584
500ms	3840

Therefore, Value of 0x2152 (Decimal) = Input port function value + Filter time value + Polarity value. For Example:

1. IN1 needs to be set as quick stop function, filtering time is 20ms and polarity is NC(normal-closed): 0x2152+01 = 20+128+2304=2452(0x994)

2. Need to set the polarity of IN3, IN4, and IN5 to NC:

0x2152+03 = 128+22 = 150(0x96)

0x2152+04 = 128+1 = 129(0x81)

0x2152+05 = 128+2 = 130(0x82)

4.3.3 Output Ports Function & Polarity Value

Index	Sub-inde x	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark	Status monitoring 1 of output					
2156	01	Output1 function	Output1	Output1	Output1	Output1	Output1	D/W/G	DIMT	0-65535	0x01		Default is alarm output, take	0x2155+00
2956	01		R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	Ox01		effect changes need restart power	0x2955+00					
2156	02	Output2	Output2	Output2	Output2	()ufpuf2	Output2 R/W/S DINT	DDIT	0.65525	004		Default is brake output, take	0x2155+01	
2956	function			0-65535	0x04		effect changes need restart power	0x2955+02						

More detail:

Output Port Function	Setting Value	Polarity	Setting Value
Reserved	0	Normally open (NO)	0
Alarm (ALM)	1	Normally closed (NC)	128
Servo-on (Ready)	2 (invalid)		
Brake (BRK)	3	-	



I	In-position (INP)	4 (invalid)	
N	Main control output	5	

Therefore, Value of 0x2156 (Decimal) = Output port function value + Polarity value. For Example:

OUT1 needs to be set as alarm function and polarity is NC: 0x2156+01=1+128=129(0x81)

4.3.4 Main Control Output Function

Main control output is also called general output and User-defined output, and its usage is as follows:

Name	Index+ Sub-index	Polarity		Open main control output	Enable main control	
Name Index+ Sub-index	NO (normal-open)	NC (normal-closed)	(60FE+01)	output (60FE+02)		
OLUT1	2156+01	0-05	0-05	1:16 (0.1000)	bit16 (0x10000)	
OUT1	2956+01	0x05	0x85	bit16 (0x10000)		
OLUTA	2156+02	0-05	0-05	bit17 (0x20000)	bit17 (0x20000)	
OUT2	2956+02	0x05	0x85			

For example, when OUT2 is set to main control output function and polarity is NC, the operation steps are as below:

- Set Object (2156+02h) to value 0x05 to main control output function;
- Set both 60FE+01 and 60FE+02 to value 0x20000, then it is available.

4.4 Motion Objects

Index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark
603F	Error code	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 5.2
683F	Enfor code		CIIVI	0 03333			relet to enaper 5.2
6040	Control word	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1
6840	Condor word	10 11	OHVI	0-03333			Refer to enapter 6.1
6041	Status word	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1
6841	Status word	K	OINI	0-03333	O		Refer to chapter 0.1
605A				A		•	0: After stopping immediately, switch on disable state; 1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on disable state; 2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on disable state;
	Quick stop type selection	R/W	UINT	0-65535	6		3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on disable stat;4: After stopping immediately, switch on quick stop state;
685A			1				5: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on quick stop state;6: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085,
							switch on quick stop state; 7: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on quick stop stat;
605D	1						1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, keep operation enable state; 2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085,
685D	Asynchronous mode halt selection	R/W	INT	0~65535	1		keep operation enable state; 3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, keep operation enable state;
		3					4: After stopping immediately, keep operation enable state.
6060	10 TO 10						1: PP mode,
50.50	Operation mode	R/W	USIN T	0-255	8		3: PV mode,
6860	mode						6: Home mode,
6061	Operation mode display	R	USIN	0-255	8		_
6861			T		~		
6062	Position	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Pulse	
6862	command	1	DIM	~2147483647	Ü	1 0150	
6064	Position actual	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Pulse	-



6864	value			~2147483647			
6067 6867	Distance to send "In Position" output signal	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	It is recommended to use this object in preference, Can also set by 0x2032,
606B 686B	Velocity command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/s	-
606C 686C	Velocity actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 -2147483647	0	P/S	-
607A 687A	Target position	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	Target position under PP mode
607C 687C	Home offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	The value of difference between zero position and mechanical zero point under Homing mode. If the value is set to10000, it means that at homing mode 19, the motor reaches the Home switch and stops immediately, then reverses at low speed until it leaves the Home switch, at last stops at a distance of 10000P.
607D+ 01 687D+ 01	Software negative limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	New target positions are checked against these limits. The limits are relative to the machine home position, which is the result of homing. As default the software position
607D+ 02 687D+ 02	Software positive limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	limits are switched off. Changed values must be saved and the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits.
607E 687E	Motor direction	R/W	USIN T	0~255	0		Need to set 0x225C first
60FF 68FF	Target velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/S	Profile velocity under PV mode
6080	Max velocity limit	R/W/S	UDIN T	-2147483648 ~2147483647	3000	rpm	
6081	Max profile velocity	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	50000	7	Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode
6082 6882	Start velocity	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0		Start velocity under PP mode
6083 6883	Profile acceleration	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000	P/S^2	Acceleration under PP and PV mode
6084 6884	Profile deceleration	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000	P/S^2	Deceleration under PP and PV mode
6085 6885	Quick stop deceleration	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000000 00	P/S^2	Deceleration of quick stop under PP, PV and Home mode
608F+ 01 688F+ 01	Encoder resolution	R/W/S	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also set by 0x2029,
6092+ 01 6892+ 01	Microstep resolution	R/W/S	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also be modified via 0x2001,
6098 6898	Homing method	R/W/S	USIN T	1-100	19	-	Methods of searching zero position under homing mode, refer to Appendix A
6099+ 01 6899+ 01	Fast homing velocity	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	50000	P/S	Speed during search for limit switch signal
6099+ 02 6899+ 02	Slow homing velocity	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	25000	P/S	Speed during search for Home switch

607C 687C	Home offset	R/W/S	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	The value of difference between zero position and mechanical zero point under Homing mode
609A 689A	Homing acceleration	R/W/S	USIN T	-2147483648 ~2147483647	25000	P/S^2	Acc / Dec velocity under Home mode
60B0 68B0	Position offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	Position offset under PP mode
60B8 68B8	Touch probe control word	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0	-	Set touch probe function, refer to chapter 6.3
60B9 68B9	Touch probe	R	UINT	0-65535	0	-	Status of touch probe 1/2, refer to chapter 6.3
60BA 68BA	Touch probe 1 positive value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at rising edge
60BB 68BB	Touch probe 1 negative value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at falling edge
60BC 68BC	Touch probe 2 positive value	R	DINT	-2147483648 -2147483647	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at rising edge
60BD 68BD	Touch probe 2 negative value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at falling edge
60C2+ 01	Interpolation time period	R/W	USIN	0-255	2		
68C2+ 01	value period	IV W	Т	0-233	2		Only for internal tuning.
60C2+ 02 68C2+	Interpolation time unit	R/W	SINT	-128-127	0	-	
60D5 68D5	Touch probe 1 rising edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 rising edge
60D6 68D6	Touch probe 1 falling edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 falling edge
60D7	Touch probe2 rising edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 rising edge
68D7 60D8	Touch probe 2 falling edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 falling edge
68D8 60FD	counter Digital input	R	UDIN	0- 4294967296			
68FD 60FE+	statue	R	Т	0- 4294967296	0		Statue of digital input signals, refer to chapter 4.3.1
01 68FE+ 01	Open physical output	R/W/S	R/W/S UDIN T	0- 4294967296	0		
60FE+ 02 68FE+	Enable physical output	R/W/S	UDIN T	0- 4294967296	0		Able to control user output through this object, refer to chapter 4.3.4
02			1]	

4.5 XML File or ESI File

EtherNet/IP Slave Information file (XML File or ESI file) is needed to connect controller with EtherNet/IP Master.

This file is provided by Leadshine, described slave device information as XML format based on EtherNet/IP specifications. Please follow the EtherNet/IP master software manual for importing method.

Some master stations require files in a specific format and do not recognize XML format, please contact the master technical engineer of master station.



5 Two 7-Segment and Error Code

5.1 Two 7-Segment

2CS3EIP has two 7-Segment with a LED indicate respectively (the right LED will be on when the drive is enabled), and the contents displayed are different in the initialization status and operational status.

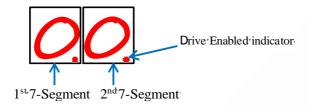


Figure 5.1: Two 7-Segment display

5.1.1 Initialization Status

After the drive is powered on, the two 7-Segment displays are fully lit by 0.5s, followed by a number (max FF) in hex showing the actual node address of the drive. Then the displayed number will be flashing for 5S.

If the node address of the drive is changed during initialization status or running status, the segment displays will be flashing and back to the former status after 5s.

5.1.2 Operational Status

The drive goes into operational status after initialization, and the contents displayed on the 7-Segment are configurable, can be set to three types and set by Object (214b-00h).

Index	Value	Name	Description
	2	Velocity	Unit: rps
			 (1) 1st 7-Segment displays the information of status machine in hex 1: Initialization
			• 2: Pre-operation
		Ctatan Manking 0	4: Safe Operation
214b-00h	0	Status Machine & Operation Mode	8: Operation
		Speriment 115	(2) 2 nd 7-Segment displays the information of operation mode in hex
	******		• 1: PP (Profile Position)
		13.63	• 3: PV (Profile Velocity)
			• 6: HM (Homing)
7	1	Salve ID	The Salve ID will be displayed always

Note: If change the node address through rotary switches MSD and LSD during the status of operation, the 7-Segment tube will blinking display the new node address in the time of 5S, then restore the information it had displayed.

5.2 Error Code

- (1) Object **0x3FFE+01** indicates the current failure alarm, and other sub-index indications are historical alarms.
- (2) Object 0x1001 and 0x603F indicate the current failure alarm, The error code read by 0x603F is IEC 61800 specification; the error code read by 0x1001 is CIA specification.
- (3) Error code read by some master station is displayed in decimal. At this time, please convert it to hexadecimal and then refer to the error code table as below. For example, the master station reports error code of 8721, the corresponding hexadecimal number is 0x2211, so the alarm information in the reference table is over-current alarm.

If error occurred, the LED will show the error code of related axis, show as bellow: (for example, axis1 shows E180 and axis 2 shows E152)





Error code table

	Error code table								
0x3FFE Value	0x603F Value	Description	Trouble Shooting						
0x0e0	0x2211	Over-current	Check whether the wiring is short-circuited, or the motor is short-circuited. Switch power supply alarm caused, replace other power supply for a try.						
0x0c0	0x3211	Over-voltage	Check the voltage of power supply; If over-voltage occurs in motion, the acceleration and deceleration time can be increased						
0x0a0	0x3150	EEPROM error in phase A	1. December of the feature and material according						
0x0a1	0x3151	EEPROM error in phase B	Reset parameters to the factory and restart power supply By title exists, the hardware failure						
0x1a0	0x8402	Over-speed	Reduce command speed value; Write 0x10 to the object 0x2056 to clear the alarm.						
0x240	0x5530	Save error	Reset parameters to the factory and restart power supply If it still exists, the hardware failure						
0x260	0x7329	Limit switched alarm	Refer to 0x22A9+00						
0x570	0x5441	Quick stop alarm	Refer to 0x22B4+00						
0x5f0	0x7122	Auto-tuning error	Restart the drive; If it still exists, disable auto-tuning by 0x2013						
-	0x7321	Encoder wring error	The drive is not connected to a motor; If alarm is occurred when connect a motor, please check the encoder wiring or a cable break.						
0x816	0x8216	Invalid mailbox configuration in pre-operation state	Check the network cable						
0x81b	0x821B	Watchdog timeout	Check the network cable						
-	0x8611	Position following error	Set the value of Object 2024h to "0" to make motor run in open loop mode, If alarm disappears, it means encoder wiring error; Motor torque is not enough or motor speed is too high;						
0x836	0x8736	Invalid DC synchronization period	Decrease the value of the synchronization period or increase the value of 0x5400+02						
0x870	0x5201	Unsupported operation mode	Check the value of 0x6061 and correct it to the supported operation mode;						
0x801	0x8201	ESM state machine transition failed							
0x802	0x5510	Memory overflow							
0x807	0x8207	The mapping object does not exist							
0x808	0x8208	PDO mapping object length error							
0x809	0x8209	PDO mapping object has no mapping attribute							
0x811	0xA001	Invalid ESM conversion request							
0x812	0xA002	Unknown ESM conversion request							
0x813	0x8213	Boot state request protection							
0x815	0x8215	Email configuration with invalid boot status							
0x818	0x8211	No valid input data							
0x819	0x8212	No valid output data	Alarms related to the master station, without accurate solution.						
0x81c	0x821C	Invalid sync manager type							
0x81d	0x821D	Invalid output configuration							
0x81e	0x821E	Invalid input configuration							
0x821	0xA003	Waiting for the initial state of ESM							
0x822	0xA004	Waiting for ESM pre-operation state							
0x823	0xA005	Waiting for ESM safe operation status							
0x824	0x8224	Invalid process data input mapping							
0x825	0x8225	Invalid process data output mapping							
0x827	0x8727	Free running mode is not supported							
0x828	0x8728	Does not support synchronous mode							

0x82b	0x8210	Invalid input and output	
0x82c	0x872C	Fatal sync error	
0x82d	0x872D	No synchronization errors	
0x82e	0x872E	Synchronization period is too small	
0x830	0x8730	Invalid DC synchronization configuration	
0x832	0x8732	DC phase locked loop failure	
0x833	0x8733	DC sync IO error	
0x834	0x8734	DC synchronization timeout	
0x835	0x8735	Invalid DC cycle	
0x850	0x5550	EEPROM inaccessible	
0x851	0x5551	EEPROM error	A 47
0x852	0x5552	The hardware is not ready	

5.3 Alarm Clearing

After the 2CS3EIP drive alarms, the power should be cut off first to check the fault, especially the over-current and over-voltage faults. Some alarms (except over-voltage and over-current) can be cleared when the drive is holding on, the step is as follows:

- Write 0x80 (decimal 128) to the object 0x6040 to clear the current alarm (except over-voltage and over-current). This method is recommended as a priority;
- Or write 1 to the object 0x2093 to clear the historical alarm records. At this time, all sub-indexes of 0x3FFE are cleared;





6 Common Functions

6.1 Saving Parameters and Resetting Drive

To save all storable parameters into EEPROM through Object 0x1010, need to write "0x65766173" into sub-index 01h. To reset the drive to default parameters through Object 0x1011, need to write "0x64616F6C" into sub-index 01h. After writing the save command, do not turn off the power immediately, wait around 10s to ensure that all parameters have been saved successfully. The below table is the description of Object (1010h) and Object (1011h).

Table 6.1: Object (1010h) and Object (1011h)

Action	Index Sub-index	Write Command (hex)	Return Value	Description	
Save Objects (2000h-5000h)	1010+04	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Manufacture Specific Objects	
Save Objects (6000h)	1010+03	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Motion Objects	
Save Objects (1000h)	1010+02	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Communication Objects	
Save all Objects	1010+01	0x65766173	Return 1	Save all Objects	
Restore Objects (2000h-5000h)	1011+04	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset Manufacture Specific Objects	
Restore Objects (6000h)	1011+03	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Save Motion Objects	
Restore Objects (1000h)	1011+02	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset Communication Objects	
Restore all Objects	1011+01	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset all Objects	

6.2 Control Word and Operation Modes

2CS3EIP supports asynchronous mode. In asynchronous motion mode, master station is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. 2CS3EIP drives will process trajectory planning according to the motion parameters after receives control command from master station and the movements between each axis are asynchronous. 2CS3EIP asynchronous mode includes Profile Position mode (PP), Profile Velocity mode (PV) and Homing mode (HM).

In both control modes, EtherNet/IP data transmission between master and slave station is achieved through object dictionary. The transmission types contain PDO and SDO and only one can be chosen in general cases. According to control needs, it is classified in three levels by data transmission real time capability and importance:

Must> Recommend > Can.

- "Must" indicates under this mode, the object dictionary has to be PDO mode;
- "Recommend" indicates under the set mode, the object dictionary is suggested to be configured as PDO mode to achieve
 real-time capability but SDO transmission can be allowed if the controlling is not quite demanding;
- "Can" indicates under this mode, object dictionary data transmission is generally through SDO mode and PDO communication mode won't be necessary.

The object dictionary of each control mode is shown as below:

Table 6.2: Objects Dictionary related to each operation mode

Operation Modes	Index + Sub-index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	PDO Configuration	SDO Configuration
PP Mode (1)	607A+00	Target Position	I32	RW	P	Recommend	Can
	6081+00	Max Profile Velocity	U32	RW	P	Can	Can
PV Mode (3)	60FF+00	Target Velocity	I32	RW	P	Recommend	Can
PP Mode (1) And PV Mode (3) General	6040+00	Control Word	U16	RW		Recommend	Can
	6083+00	Profile Acceleration	I32	RW	P/S ²	Can	Can
	6084+00	Profile Deceleration	U32	RW	P/S ²	Can	Can
Homing Mode (6)	6040+00	Control Word	U16	RW		Recommend	Can
	6098+00	Homing Method	18	RW		Can	Can
	6099+01	Fast Homing Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
	6099+02	Slow Homing Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
	609A+00	Homing Acceleration	U32	RW	P/S^2	Can	Can
	607C+00	Homing Offset	U32	RW	P	Can	Can

	6041+00	Status Word	U16	RO	_	Recommend	Can
PP, PV and HOME Mode General	6064+00	Actual Position	I32	RO	P	Recommend	Can
	606C+00	Actual Velocity	I32	RO	P/S	Can	Can
	60B8+00	Touch Probe Control Word	U16	RW	_	Recommend	Can
	60B9+00	Touch Probe Status Word	U16	RO	_	Recommend	Can
All operation modes General	60BA+00	Touch Probe 1 Positive Value	I32	RO	P	Can	Can
	60FD+00	Digital Input Status	U32	RO	_	Recommend	Can
	603F+00	Latest Error Code	U16	RO	P	Recommend	Can
	6060+00	Operation Mode	I8	RW	_	Can	Can
	60B0+00	Position Offset	I32	RW	_	Can	Can
Other Related	6082+00	Start Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
	6085+00	Quick Stop Deceleration	U32	RW	P/S ²	Can	Can
	6061+00	Displayed Operation Mode	18	RO	_	Can	Can

No matter using which operation mode, it cannot be separated from the reading and writing of Control Word (6040h) and Status Word (6041h). Master and slave stations use these two object dictionaries as a medium to send instructions and monitor status. Following contents will highlight the definitions of each bit of the two object dictionaries.

The bit definition of Control Word (6040 h) is as shown in Table 6.3. The table A is about bit4, bit5, bit6 and bit8, whose definition depend on the operation mode, and mainly cover the execution, stop, etc. of each operation mode. The table B is about bit0-3 and bit7, which manages the state transition of the 402 state machines. The definition of Status Word (6041h) is as shown in Table 6.4. The bit0 -7 mainly show the state machine transition state, while the bit8-15 mainly shows the status of execution or stop in each operation mode. The typical state transition of enable is as follows:

Initiation (00h) -> power-on (06h) -> start (07h) -> enable (0fh) -> execute or pause (depending on operation mode to send related control instructions of bit4-6 and bit8). The state transition that triggers the running control in each control mode is shown in Table 6.5.

Table 6.3A: Control Word (6040h) Bit Definition

Table 0.571. Collet of World (00401) Bit Bellintion									
Mode Bit	15-9	8	6	5	4				
General	-	Pause	Depending on the operation	n mode					
PP mode (1)	-	Deceleration stop	Absolute / Relative	Immediate trigger	New position point				
PV mode (3)	-	Deceleration stop	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid				
HM mode (6)	-	Deceleration stop	Invalid	Invalid	Starting motion				

Table 6.3B: Control Word (6040h) Bit Definition

Mode Bit	7	3	2	1	0	Type value	Action
General	Wrong reset	Permitted operation	Quick stop	Voltage output	Start		
PP mode (1)	0	0	1	1	1	07h	Start
PV mode (3)	0	0(x)	0	1	0(x)	02h	Quick
HM mode (6)	0	1	1	1	1	0fh	Enable
-	1	0(x)	0(x)	0(x)	0(x)	80h	Clear error
-	0	0	0	0	0	0	Initiation

Additional information on other bits:



- Bit 2 is quick stop, trigger logic is 0 effective, notice to separate from other trigger logic.
- Bit 7 is error reset, trigger logic is rising edge effective.
- Bit 5 is immediate trigger, trigger logic is rising edge effective.

Table 6.4 Status Word(6041h) Bit Definition

Mode Low 8 bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Shared	Reserved	Not started	Quick stop	Power on	Error	Permitted operation	Start	Ready to start
Mode / high 8 bits	15	14	13	12	10	8	11	9
Shared	Depending on t	he operation mod	e				Limit validity	Distance
PP mode (1)	Trigger response	Parameter has 0	Invalid	New position point response	Position arrival	Emergency stop		
PV mode (3)	Invalid	Parameter has 0	Invalid	Speed is 0	Velocity arrival	Quick stop		
HM mode (6)	Trigger response	Parameter has 0	Homing error	Homing find	Position arrival	Emergency stop		>

Additional information on other bits:

- When the drive is put into power, the bit 4 will be set.
- Bit 5 quickly stops activation, which is valid under logic 0, contrary to the logic of other bits.
- Bit 9 remote, showing the state of the communication state, 0 below ProOP, at this time the control word (6040 h) command will not be executed.
- Bit 11 limit is set only, when the hardware limit is valid.
- Bit 8 abnormal stop is generally valid in hardware limit, deceleration stop and fast stop trigger state.
- Bit 12 follows the master station.

Table 6.5: State transition of each mode control operation

Mode Action		PreOP	Initialization	Get power	Start	Enable	Start operation	Change position	Stop	Alarm
PP	6040	Create a communication	00h	06h	07h	Ofh	2fh	3fh	13fh	Over- voltage
mode (1)	6041	OP state, setting motion parameters	650h	631h	633h	8637h	8637h	1237h	737h	638h
PV mode	6040	Create a communication OP state,	00h	06h	07h	Ofh	Immediate operation after enabling	Change the speed	10fh	Over- voltage
(3)	6041	setting motion parameters	650h	631h	633h	637h	637h	237h->637 h	737h	638h
HM mode	6040	Create a communication OP state.	00h	06h	07h	0fh	1fh	Error / Completio n	11fh	Over- voltage
(6)	6041	OP state, setting motion parameters	650h	631h	633h	8737h	237h	2637h / 1637h	737h	638h

Additional information on other bits:

• When the PP mode changes the position, it needs to give the bit5 rising edge of the control word to start the new position motion.



6.3 Touch Probe

Touch probe function is to capture and record the actual position of the motor by using the input signal with the touch probe function. The 3CS3EIP driver has two input I/O signals to support the probe function and can be enabled at the same time. The probe function related object dictionaries are shown in Table 6.6.

Table 6.6: Related Object Dictionaries of Touch Probe

Index				Bit Definition						
	7-6	5		4	3-2	1	0			
60B8h	-	Touch Probe 1 trigger	falling edge	Touch Probe 1 rising edge trigger	-	Touch Probe 1 mod	e Touch Probe 1 enable			
OODON	15-14	13		12	11-10	9	8			
	-	Touch Probe 2 trigger	falling edge	Touch Probe 2 rising edge trigger	-	Touch Probe 2 mod	e Touch Probe 2 enable			
	7	6	5-3	2	1		0			
60B9h	Actual level of touch probe 2 Actual level of Touch Probe 1			Touch Probe 1 falling edge trigger complete	Touch Prol trigger com	be 1 rising edge plete	Touch Probe 1 action			
	15-11			10	9		8			
	-			Touch Probe 2 falling edge trigger complete	be 2 rising edge plete	Touch Probe 2 action				
60BAh	Touch Probe 1 r	ising edge captur	e data value	register						
60BBh	Touch Probe 1 f	alling edge captu	re data value	e register						
60BCh	Touch Probe 2 r	ising edge captur	e data value	register						
60BDh	Touch Probe 2 f	ouch Probe 2 falling edge capture data value register								
60FDh	The state of bit2	The state of bit26 is bit 1 and bit 2 AND logic of Object (60B9h); The state of bit27 is bit 9 and bit 10 AND logic of Object (60B9h)								
2152h	It can be configu	ared as probe 1 or	probe 2 by	writing its sub-indexes 01h and (02h to 17 or 18	3.				

Additional information on other bits:

- The bit0 and bit8 of Object (60B8h): start/stop control bit of Touch Probe 1 and Touch Probe 2 respectively, and the rising edge is effective.
- The bit1 and bit9 of Object (60Bh): Touch Probe modes are divided into single mode and continuous mode.
 - Single mode: After a Touch Probe is activated; it is captured only under the first trigger signal. In order to capture the
 new position value again, the bit0 /bit8 of the Object (60B8h) must be given a rising edge signal to restart the probe
 action.
 - Continuous mode: After a Touch Probe is activated; the capture action is carried out under each trigger signal.



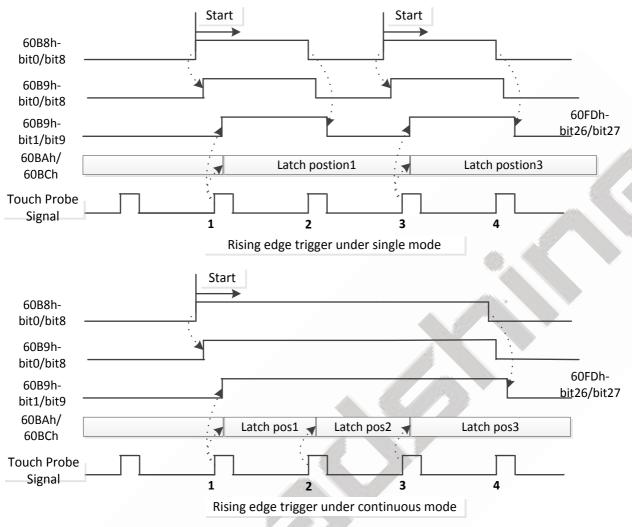


Figure 6.1: Touch Probe Mode





Appendix A: Homing Methods

The 2CS3EIP series drives support homing method -1, -2, 1 - 14, 17 - 34, and method 35 & 37. Specific definition and the process of homing methods described below.

Z Signal: Index signal, Bit31 of Object 60FDh set to 1;

Stalling Signal: After the motor is stalled, if the position error is greater than the value of Object 22EFh (default = 2000), the stalling signal is triggered (bit1 of Object 5000+04h set to 1);

Zero Position: a fixed position on the machine can correspond to a definite digital input signal, or to a Z signal

Zero Point of Machine: mechanical absolute zero position

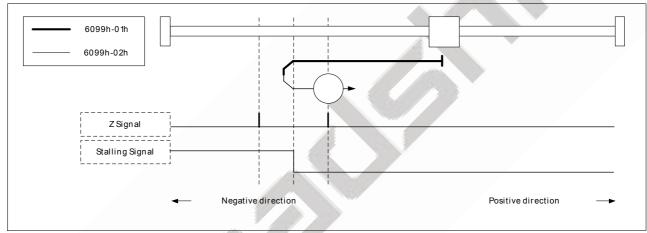
Home offset: difference between zero position and zero point of machine, the value of Object 607Ch (default =

0), , Zero position= zero point + home offset

Home Switch: homing switch input signal Negative Limit: negative limit switch input signal Positive Limit: positive limit switch input signal

Method -1 requires Z signal and Stalling Signal.

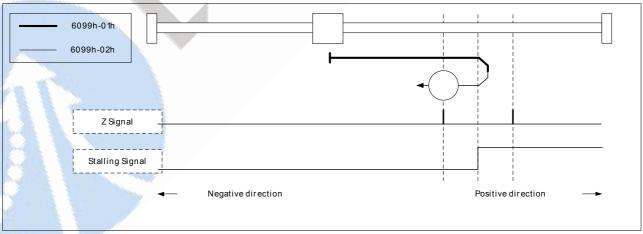
During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)



Method -1

Method -2 requires Z signal and Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)

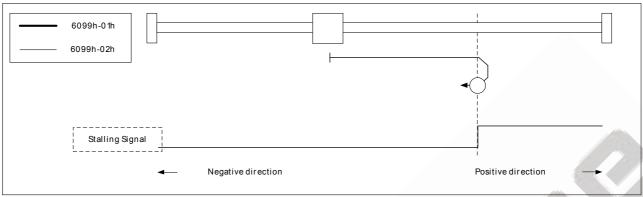


Method -2

Method -3 requires Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops. (stop position as the zero position)

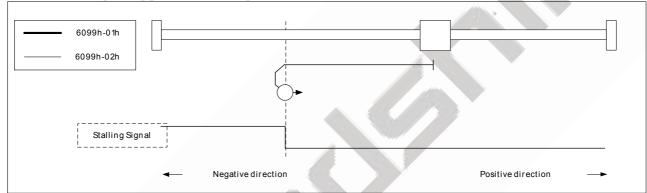




Method -3

• Method -4 requires Stalling Signal.

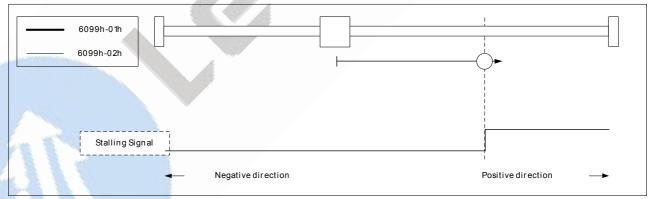
During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops. (stop position as the zero position)



Method -4

Method -5 requires Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will stop immediately. (Stalling Signal as the zero position)

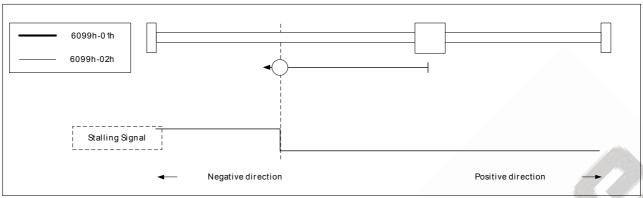


Method -5

• Method -6 requires Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will stop immediately. (Stalling Signal as the zero position)

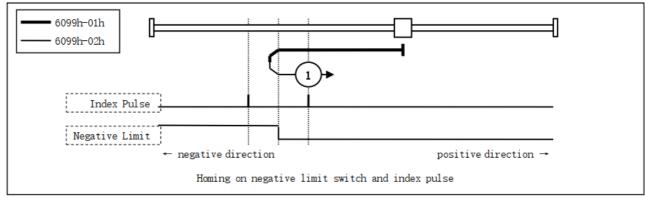




Method -6

• Method 1 requires Z signal and Negative Limit.

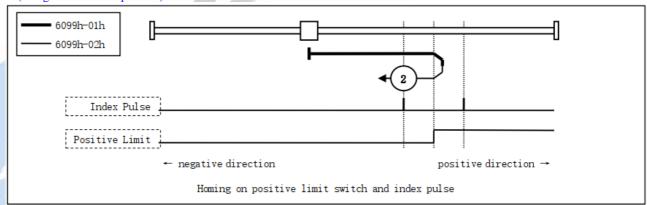
The load is located on the right side of the negative limit switch, and the motor running in negative direction. When reaching the negative limit signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal (Z signal as the zero position)



Method 1

• Method 2 requires Z signal and Negative Limit.

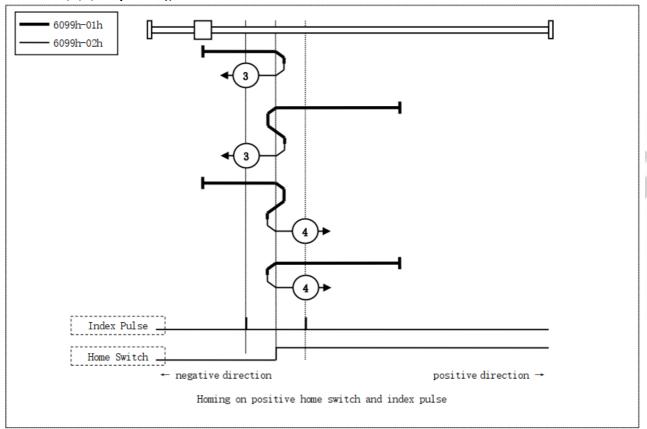
The load is located on the left side of the positive limit switch, and the motor running in positive direction. When reaching the positive limit signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)



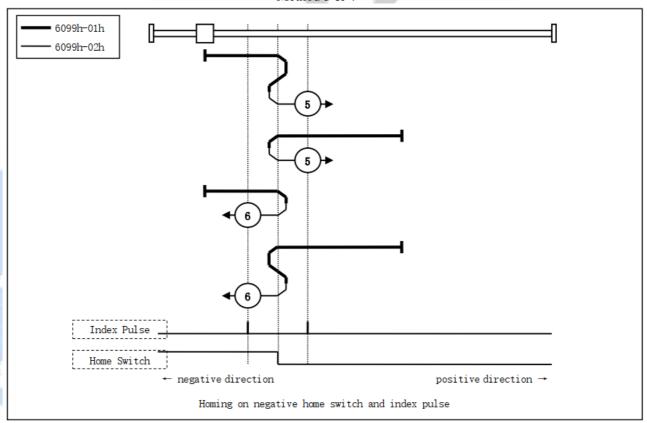
Method 2



• Method 3, 4, 5, 6 require Z signal and Home Switch



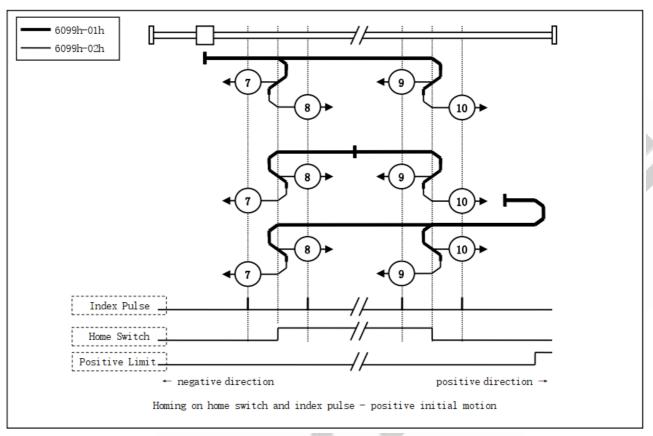
Method 3 & 4



Method 5 & 6

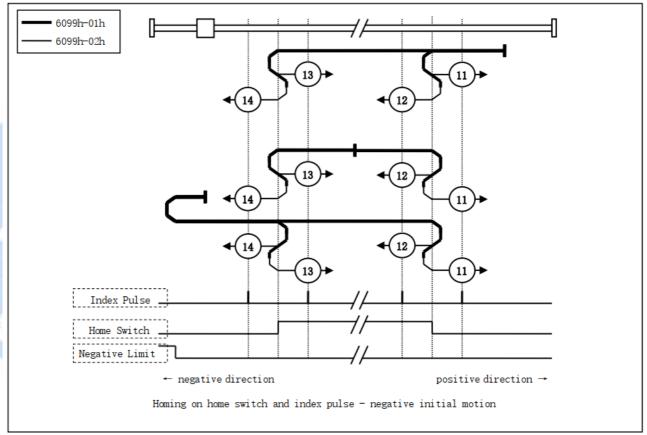


• Method 7, 8, 9, 10 require Z signal, Home Switch or Positive Limit



Method 7, 8, 9, 10

Method 11, 12, 13, 14 require Z signal, Home Switch or Negative Limit

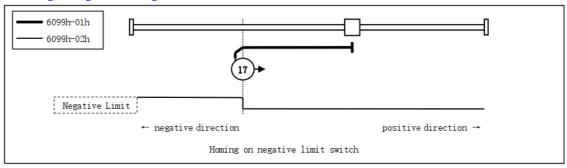


Method 11, 12, 13, 14



• Method 17 requires negative limit switch, and method 18 requires positive limit switch.

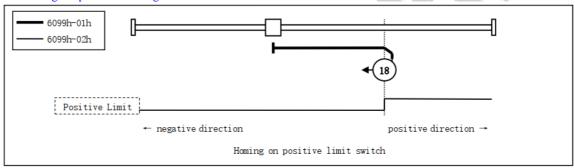
The load is located on the right side of the negative limit switch, and the motor running in negative direction. When the motor reaching the negative limit signal for the first time, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the negative limit signal for the second time.



Method 17

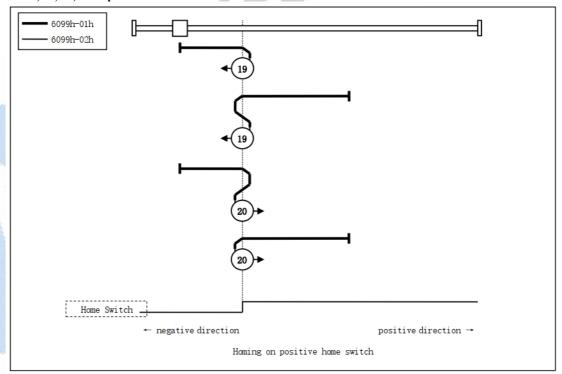
Method 18 requires positive limit switch.

The load is located on the left side of the positive limit switch, and the motor running in positive direction. When the motor reaching the positive limit signal for the first time, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the positive limit signal for the second time.



Method 18

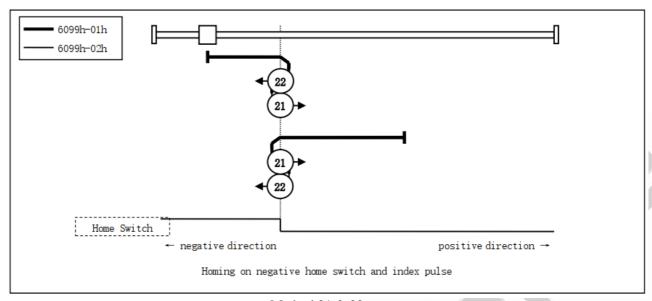
• Method 19, 20, 21, 22 require home switch



Method 19 & 20

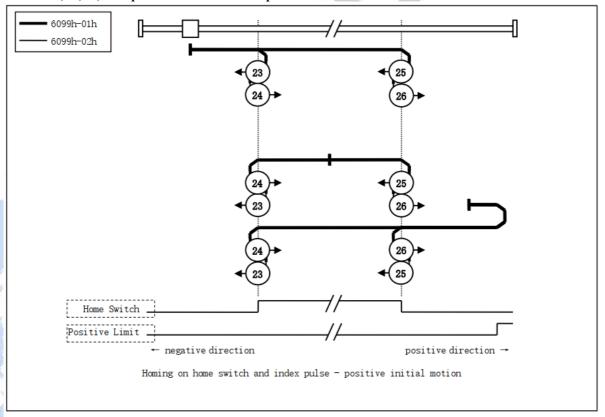
• Method 21 & 22 Description: The load is located on the home switch





Method 21 & 22

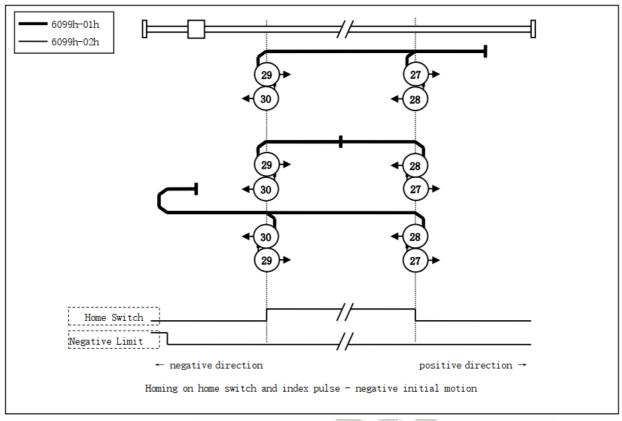
• Method 23, 24, 25, 26 require the home switch and positive limit switch.



Method 23 & 24 & 25 & 26

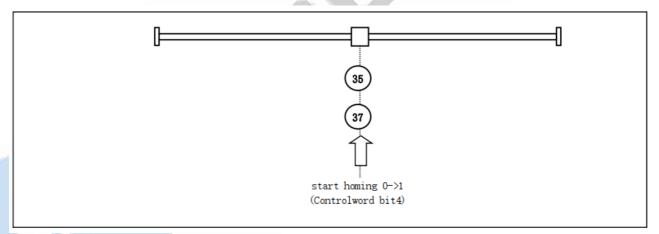
• Method 27, 28, 29, 30 require the home switch and negative limit switch.





Method 27, 28, 29, 30

Method 35 & 37 use the current position as the zero position, preferred method 37



Method 35 & 37



Appendix B: Object Dictionaries

1000	0	,				Value		
1001		Device type	R	UINT	0-32767	0x40912	-	Refer to CIA 402 profile
	0	Error register	R	USINT	0-255	0		Refer to Chapter 5.1
1008	0	Device name	R	UINT	0-32767	CL3C-X	-	-
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Save all parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF	0	-	
1010	02	Save communication parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	Need to write 0x65766173 or
	03	Save motion parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	1702257011 (decimal) into sub-index. It will return 1 if save successfully
	04	Save factory parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	- 6	
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Restore all parameters to default setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF	0		
1011	02	Reset communication parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0		Need to write 0x64616f6c or 1684107116 (decimal) into sub-index.
	03	Reset motion parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	It will return 1 if save successfully
	04	Reset user parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Vendor ID	R	UINT	0-32767	4321	-	Leadshine code
1018	02	Product code	R	UINT	0-32767	8X00	-	-
	03	Revision number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	1	-
	04	Series number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
1600	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3	1	Default number of 1 st mapping object
1600	01-08	1 st RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 1st RXPDO-Map object
1.501	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Default number of 2 nd mapping object
1601	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
1.500	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Default number of 3 rd mapping object
1602	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
1.002	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Default number of 4 th mapping object
1603	01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
1A00	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Default number of 1 st mapping object



	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 1st TXPDO-Map object
1A01	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Default number of 2 nd mapping object
IAUI	01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Default number of 2 nd TXPDO-Map object
	0	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Output type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
1C00	02	Input type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	2	-	-
	03	Output type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	3	-	
	04	Input type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
1C12	0-04	RXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1600	-	
1C13	0-02	TXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1A00	-	
1C32	0-0A	RXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-		-
1C33	0-0A	TXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767		-	

	a 1					D 6 1			
Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Type	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark	
2000	00				84.5	337		Drive's max output current.	
2800	00	Peak current	R/W/S	DINT	1-100	60	0.1A	2CS3EIP-D507 is 60 by default.	
2001	00	Microston modulism	R/W/S	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	Required number of pulse to rotate 1 revolution of motor.	
2801	00	Microstep resolution	R/W/S	DIN	200-51200	10000	Pulse	But it is recommended to modify via 6092+01	
2010	01	Internal filtering time	R/W/S	UINT	0-32767	100	0.1ms	Internal smoothing time for control	
2810	01	internal intering time	R/W/S	UINI	0-32/0/	100	0.1ms	command.	
2012	00	Soft-starting time	R/W/S	UINT	10-3000	1	ma	Internal smoothing time for starting	
2812	00	Soit-starting time	K/W/S	UINI	10-3000	1	ms	current.	
2013	00	Auto-tuning at power on	R/W/S	UINT	0-2	1		1: Yes. 0: No	
2813	00	Auto-tuiling at power on	K/W/S	UINI	0-2	1		1. 1es. 0. 1vo	
2019	01	In-position pulse						0: With compensation, the value of 6064 =	
2819	01	compensation	R/W/S	UINT	0-1	1		607A in position; 1: Without compensation	
2019	02							0: Not allowed in-position signal output	
2819	02	In-position mode at disabled state	R/W/S	UINT	0-1	0		when disabled; 1: Allowed in-position signal output when disabled;	
201A	01	Locking current	R/W/S	UINT	0-100	100	%	Usually keep the default value.	
281A	01	percentage of power on	K/W/S	UINI	0-100	100	70	Osuany keep me derauit value.	
201A	02	Closed loop holding	D AV/G	LIINT	0.100	50	0/	Multiply by the value of object 0x2000,	
281A	02	current percentage	R/W/S	UINT	0-100	50	%	the drive output current will change between these according to the load.	
201B	00	Tables Assets do	D AV/G	LIINT	0.1500	200		Appropriately reduce this value if you	
281B	00	Locking duration time	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	200	ms	want to shorten the time of locking shaft.	
201C	00	Montine to along herts	D/W/C	LIINIT	100 10000	1000		TYough, hear the default value	
281C	00	Max time to close brake	R/W/S	UINT	100-10000	1000	ms	Usually keep the default value	
201D	00	Zero speed point	R/W/S	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	-	



					dar axis Ether			1 11
281D	00							
2024	00							0: Open Loop Control;
2824	00	Control Mode	R/W/S	UINT	0~10	2		2: Closed Loop Control
2025	01	Speed point for open						2. Closed Loop Collifor
		loop switching closed	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	18	0.1r/s	_
2825	01	loop	10 11/0	01111	0 200	10	0.11,5	
2025	02	Delay for open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	12	ms	_
2825	02	switching closed loop	10 11/15	Onvi	0 32/0/	12	IIIS	
2025 2825	03	Speed point for closed loop switching open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	5	0.1r/s	-
2025	04	Delay for closed loop	D WYG	V 1772 1777	0.005.5	250		
2825	04	switching open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	250	ms	-
2025	05	Feedback speed point for						(6)
2825	05	closed loop switching open loop	R/W/S	UINT	0~200	50	0.1r/s	-
2029	00	орен юор						4 times the encoder resolution.
2027	00	Encoder resolution	R/W/S	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	
2829	00	Elicodel resolution	K/W/S	Onvi	4000-20000	4000	Count	But it is recommended to modify by 0x608F+01
2030	00	Allowed max position						0.10001 1 0.1
2830	00	following error pulses	R/W/S	UINT	0~32767	4000	Count	4000 indicates the error of one turn
2032	00	Distance to send "In	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	_
2832	00	Position" output signal	K/W/S	UINI	0-1000	4	ruise	
2033	00	Delay of in-position error de-jitter	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	3	ms	
		de-jillei				-		
2047	00	Over voltage point	R	UINT	0-1000	75	v	_
2847	00	0					6 70	
2048	00							
		Bus-voltage	R	UINT	0-65535	-//	V	-
2848	00					100		
2051	00					1000		0: CCW direction
2851	00	Motor running direction	R/W	DINT	0-1	0		1: CW direction But it is recommended to modify by
2031	00					EA 5		0x607E
2056	00				200			Bit setting:
2030	00							=1: Yes; =0: No Bit0: over-current (invalid)
		Alarm detection selection	R/W/S	DINT	0~65535	65535		Bit1: over-voltage
2856	00			163				Bit2: Position following error
				307				Bit3: Encoder wiring error
2057	00			. 7				Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is
		Reset alarm	R/W/S	UINT	0~65535	0		recommended to write value 128(Decimal)
2857	00							to 0x6040
2090	01	Current loop Kp	R/W	DINT	0~32767	1500		
2890 2090	02		2000	433				
2890	02	Current loop Ki	R/W	DINT	0~32767	300		
2090	03	Current loop Kc	R/W	DINT	0~32767	300		
2890	03	Current 100p KC	IC/ W	DINI	0.432707	300		
2091 2891	01	Speed Loop Kp	R/W	UINT	0~10000	25	-	
2091	02	G 17	D 471	V 772	0.10000			
2891	02	Speed Loop Ki	R/W	UINT	0~10000	3	-	
2092	01	Position Loop Kp	R/W	UINT	0~100	25	_	
2892	01	200р 14р	,					
2150	00	Slave ID	R/W/S	LHNT	0.256	1		Valid when 0-2151 1.
2150	00	Stave ID	IV/ W/D	UINT	0-256	1		Valid when $0x2151=1$;
								0: DIP switches
2151	00	Clave ID	R/W/S	LIINT	0-10	0		
2151	00	Slave ID resource	K/W/S	UINT	0-10	U		1: Setting by 0x2150
2222	00							2: ESC
2232 2A32	00	Synchronous compensation1	R/W	DINT	0-65535	2		
2A32 2233	00	Synchronous				107		
2A33	00	compensation2	R/W	DINT	0—65535	100		
225C	00	September 1						Bit1=1: Set motor running direction by
2A5C	00	Special function register	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		0x607E Rit2-1: Set virtual input by 0x5012 03
22A9	00							Bit2=1: Set virtual input by 0x5012-03 0: Stop normally
		Limit Mode	R/W	DINT	0-10	0		1: Invalid
2AA9	00							2: Alarm, error code 260
22B4	00	Quick stop selection	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		0: Alarm, error code 570,
2AB4	00			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1: Refer to 0x605A



								oop Stepper Drive Oser Manuar
	01	Control software version	R	UINT				
3100	02	Firmware version	R	UINT				
	03	EtherNet/IP protocol version	R	UINT				
3FFE	01-0B							0x3FFE+01 is the current error code
47FE	01-0B	Alarm record	R	USINT	0~32767			(current alarm) or the most recent error code (currently no alarm); 0x3FFE+02-0E are followed by the historical error code.
4003	01	Delay of closing brake	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4003	02	Delay of loosening	R/W/S	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4803	02	brake	K/W/S	OINT	0-1300	230	1115	
4003	03	Max speed to close brake	R/W/S	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	A 48
4803	03							
5000 5800	03	Internal enable state	R	UINT	0~32767			0: Disabled 1: Enabled
5000	04	Reach the target state	R	UINT	0~32767			Bit0=0: Not reach Bit0=1: Reach Bit1=0: No stall Bit1=1: Stalled
5002	01						4	Write 0, return the ID data in ESC to
5802	01	ESC ID	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0	-	0x5002-02; Write 0x12, return the current ID setting by DIP switches
5002 5802	02	ESC data	R	UINT	0~32767	408		Return Node ID data
5004	0F							Bit0 =1: RPDO mapping can't be written by SDO; Bit0 =0: RPDO mapping can be written by SDO:
5804	0F	Sync0 Synchronization interface parameters	R/W	UINT	0~32767	-		Bit1=1: Detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit1=1: Don't detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit2=1: Send 0xF directly to enable; Bit2=0: Send 0xF can't be enabled.
5005 5805	00	DC compensation base value	R/W	UINT	0~32767	500		
5006	00	Synchronization error	R/W	LUNE	0.22767	0		
5806	00	detection	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		
5011 5811	00	Internal actual location	R	UDINT	0~32767			
5012	01	Homing arrival position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		
5812 5012	01		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
5812	02	Homing trigger position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		
5012	03							When 0x225C=4, activate the virtual input function; 60FD different bits, corresponding to different virtual inputs; Inputs Bit of 60FD Probe Bit 26=1 signal 1
5812	03	Homing virtual input	R/W	UDINT	0~32767	0		Home switch Positive Bit 1=1 limit Negative Bit 0=1 limit Z signal Bit 31=1 (index signal) For example: 0x225C=4 and start homing, set 0x5012-03=4, Home switch input; set 0x5012-03=2, Positive limit input Bit0=0: Homing protection is not turned
5012	04	Homing setting	R/W	UINT	0~32767	5		on; Bit0=1: Homing protection is not turned on; (Homing protection: when start homing, If the limit signal takes effect, bit0=0 means homing normally, bit0=1 means stop



								homing as limit protection)
5812	04							Bit2=0: The value of current position after in position = 0x607C; Bit2=1: The value of 0x607C is used as the motion offset, and finally 0x6064 = 0; Bit3=0: 0x6064= 0x607C after in position; Bit3=1: 0x6064 = 0x607C after in position;
5400	01	Minimum	R/W	UINT	250~2000	250	us	
5C00	01	synchronization period	10 11	CIIVI	230 2000	250	us	
5400	02	Maximum	R/W	UINT	250~20000	10000		
5C00	02	synchronization period	K/ W	UINI	230~20000	10000	us	
5503	04							Bit0 = 0: Asynchronous mode, the host
5D03	04	Special function register	R/W	UINT	0~65535	2		will track 0x607A-00 in real time; Bit0=1: Asynchronous mode, the host does not track 0x607A-00in real time.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark	
2152	01	Input1 function	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x17 (Decimal		Default is touch probe1, take effect	
2952	01	*				23)		changes need restart power	
2152	02	Input2 function	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x18 (Decimal		Default is HOME, take effect changes	
2952	02	inputz function	IV W/B	DIN	0-03333	24)		need restart power	
2152	03	Y .05 .:	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x16 (Decimal 22)		Default is POT, take effect changes need restart power	
2952	03	Input3 function	K/W/S	DINI	0-03333				
2152	04	Toward Counting	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x01 (Decimal	-	Default is NOT, take effect changes need restart power	
2952	04	Input4 function	K/W/S	DINI	0-03333	1)			
2156	01	Output1 function	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x01		Default is alarm output, take effect	
2956	01	Output? function	10, 11/15					changes need restart power	
2156	02	Output2 function	R/W/S	DINT	0-65535	0x04		Default is brake output, take effect changes need restart power	
2956	02	Output2 function	10 11/5	DIN	0 03333	VAOT			

Index	Name	Access	Type	Range	Default value	Unit	Remark		
603F	Error code	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 5.2		
683F	Error code	K	UINI	0-03333	U		Refer to chapter 3.2		
6040 6840	Control word	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1		
6041									
6841	Status word	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1		
							0: After stopping immediately, switch on disable state;		
605A							1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on disable state;		
	1 7						2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on disable state;		
	Quick stop	R/W UINT	LUNT	0-65535	6		3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on disable stat;		
	type selection		UINI	0-03333	6		4: After stopping immediately, switch on quick stop state;		
685A	8 83						5: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on quick stop state;		
							6: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on quick stop state;		
							7: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on quick stop stat;		
605D							1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, keep operation enable state;		
	Asynchronous mode halt	R/W	INT	0~65535	1		2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, keep operation enable state;		
685D	selection nait			0~65535	1		3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, keep operation enable state;		
							4: After stopping immediately, keep operation enable state.		



6060	Operation mode	R/W	USINT	0-255	8		1: PP mode, 3: PV mode, 6: Home mode,
6061 6861	Operation mode display	R	USINT	0-255	8		-
6062 6862	Position command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Pulse	-
6064 6864	Position actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Pulse	-
6067 6867	Distance to send "In Position" output signal	R/W/S	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	It is recommended to use this object in preference, Can also set by 0x2032,
606B 686B	Velocity command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/s	-
606C 686C	Velocity actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 -2147483647	0	P/S	-
607A 687A	Target position	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Target position under PP mode
607C 687C	Home offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	The value of difference between zero position and mechanical zero point under Homing mode. If the value is set to10000, it means that at homing mode 19, the motor reaches the Home switch and stops immediately, then reverses at low speed until it leaves the Home switch, at last stops at a distance of 10000P.
607D+01 687D+01	Software negative limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	New target positions are checked against these limits. The limits are relative to the machine home position, which is the result of homing. As default the software position
				21.47.402.640	200	1000	limits are switched off. Changed values must be saved and
607D+02 687D+02	Software positive limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits.
687D+02 607E	positive limit Motor	R/W	DINT		0	P	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the
687D+02	positive limit			~2147483647			the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits.
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF	positive limit Motor direction	R/W	USINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648	0	-	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 68FF 6080	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity	R/W R/W	USINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648	0	P/S	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 68FF 6080 6880 6081	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile	R/W R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648	0 0 3000	P/S rpm	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode -
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 68FF 6080 6880 6081 6881	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity	R/W R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648	0 0 3000 50000	P/S rpm	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode - Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 68FF 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6882	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648	0 3000 50000	P/S rpm	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode - Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode Start velocity under PP mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 688F 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6083 6883	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile acceleration Profile	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT DINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647	0 3000 50000 0 4000	P/S rpm P/S^2	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode - Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode Start velocity under PP mode Acceleration under PP and PV mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 688F 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6882 6083 6883 6084 6884	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile acceleration Profile deceleration Quick stop	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT DINT DINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647	0 3000 50000 0 4000	P/S rpm P/S^2 P/S^2	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode - Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode Start velocity under PP mode Acceleration under PP and PV mode Deceleration under PP and PV mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 688F 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6882 6083 6883 6084 6884 6085 6885	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile acceleration Profile deceleration Quick stop deceleration Encoder	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT DINT DINT DINT	~2147483647 0~255 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647	0 3000 50000 0 4000 4000 400000000	P/S rpm P/S^2 P/S^2 P/S^2	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 688F 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6882 6083 6883 6084 6884 6085 6885 608F+01 688F+01	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile acceleration Profile deceleration Quick stop deceleration Encoder resolution Microstep	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT DINT DINT UINT UINT	~2147483648 ~2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 4000-20000	0 0 3000 50000 0 4000 4000 4000 4000	P/S rpm P/S^2 P/S^2 Count	the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode
687D+02 607E 687E 60FF 6080 6880 6081 6881 6082 6083 6084 6085 6085 6087+01 688F+01 6092+01 6098	positive limit Motor direction Target velocity Max velocity limit Max profile velocity Start velocity Profile acceleration Profile deceleration Quick stop deceleration Encoder resolution Microstep resolution Homing	R/W R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S R/W/S	USINT DINT UDINT DINT DINT DINT DINT UINT UINT	~2147483648 ~2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483648 ~2147483647 -2147483647 -2147483647 -2147483647 -2147483647 -2147483647	0 0 3000 50000 0 4000 4000 4000 4000 10000		the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits. Need to set 0x225C first Profile velocity under PV mode - Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode Start velocity under PP mode Acceleration under PP and PV mode Deceleration under PP and PV mode Deceleration of quick stop under PP, PV and Home mode It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also set by 0x2029, It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also be modified via 0x2001, Methods of searching zero position under homing mode,



							• • • •		
6899+02	velocity			~2147483647					
607C	**	D ATTIG	D.D.VIII	-2147483648	_	_	The value of difference between zero position and		
687C	Home offset	R/W/S	DINT	~2147483647	0	P	mechanical zero point under Homing mode		
609A	Homing	D AW/G	USINT	-2147483648	25000	D/CA2	A. (D. and discounts House and		
689A	acceleration	R/W/S	USINI	~2147483647	25000	P/S^2	Acc / Dec velocity under Home mode		
60B0	Position offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	0	P	Position offset under PP mode		
68B0	rosition onset	K/W	DINI	~2147483647	U	Г	Position offset under FF mode		
60B8	Touch probe	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0	_	Set touch probe function, refer to chapter 6.3		
68B8	control word	IV W	OHVI	0-03333	Ů				
60B9	Touch probe	R	UINT	0-65535	0	_	Status of touch probe 1/2, refer to chapter 6.3		
68B9	statue word		OHVI	0 03333	0		Status of total proce 1/2, feld to empter of		
60BA	Touch probe 1	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at rising edge		
68BA	positive value		DIVI	~2147483647		•	Data value sensed by touch probe r at fishing eage		
60BB	Touch probe 1	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at falling edge		
68BB	negative value			~2147483647					
60BC	Touch probe 2	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at rising edge		
68BC	positive value			~2147483647					
60BD	Touch probe 2	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	P	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at falling edge		
68BD	negative value			~2147483647			Dank value soluce by total proce 2 at mining eage		
60C2+01	Interpolation time period	R/W	USINT	0-255	2	(6)			
68C2+01	value	10 11	ODIA	0 200			Only for internal tuning.		
60C2+02	Interpolation	R/W	SINT	-128-127	0		only to mornin tuning.		
68C2+02	time unit	10 11	Shti	-120-127					
60D5	Touch probe 1 rising edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0	×	Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 rising edge		
68D5	counter	K	Olivi	0-03333			requestey for capture of touch probe r fishing edge		
60D6	Touch probe 1	Б	LIDIT	0.65525					
68D6	falling edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 falling edge		
60D7	Touch probe2						Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 rising edge		
68D7	rising edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0				
60D8	Touch probe 2								
68D8	falling edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 falling edge		
60FD	Digital input						Statue of digital input signals, refer to chapter 4.3.1		
68FD	statue	R	UDINT	0- 4294967296	0				
60FE+01	Open physical								
68FE+01	output	R/W/S UDIN	UDINT	0- 4294967296	0		Able to control user output through this object, refer t chapter 4.3.4		
60FE+02	Enable	R/W/S	LIDDIT	0.4204067206					
68FE+02	alaminal autout		UDINT	0- 4294967296	0				



Appendix C: Connectors

Pic	Description	Brand&Specification	Model	Number	Package Inside
	Power&Motor Connector for 2CS3EIP-D503, 2CS3EIP-D507	MOLEX 2PIN, 13A	39012020	1	No
		MOLEX 4PIN, 13A	39012040	1	No
		MOLEX	39000038	4	No
No. of the last of	Encoder Connector	MOLEX	513531200	1	No
		MOLEX	561349000	8	No
========	I/O Connector	ANYTEK 2*11PIN, 3.5mm	NL22100200G0G	1	Yes

Note: For 2CS3EIP Series drives, motor connector and encoder connector are on the extension cable





Appendix D: FAQs

Communicate errors.

- ▶ If it is the first time to use this EtherNet/IP drive, check whether the version of XML file is correct. Most masters support scanning slave, it is recommended to create configuration in scanning way.
- ▶ Some masters require the connection of the network cable according to the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT.
- ► Check whether the PDO synchronization period set by master and slave is the same.
- ► Some masters require DIP switches to be set to the same node ID as the configuration setting.
- ▶ The network cable is faulty or has poor contact, replace the cable. Or check the problem by swapping it with the network cable on a normally connected node.
- ▶ The EtherNet/IP drive is faulty, replace the cable. Or check the problem by swapping it with a normally worked drive.

Drive cannot be enabled

- ▶ Check the status of the drive. Under normal conditions, the PWR green light of the driver is on for a long time and the ALM red light is off. The L/A green light of the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT network ports blinks rapidly, the run green light is on for a long time and the Err red light is off.
- ▶ PDO configuration or PDO mapping error. It needs to configure PDO or PDO mapping correctly.
- ► Check if the value of object 0x6040 is 16#F and if bit0~bit3 of object 0x6041 is 0111.
- ▶ Check the master for warnings or errors. Clear the master station alarm or warning.
- ▶ If the master station shows enable complete, but the motor is not enabled. Check whether the motor wire is connected wrongly or disconnected. Or check if the output current of drive is set correctly.

Alarm when send instruction to slave

- ▶ Check the drive for alarms. Check if the drive ALM red light and ERR red light are flashing, if there is an alarm, check the drive instruction manual and locate the problem according to the alarm instructions.
- ▶ PDO configuration exception. Some masters need to check if the slave's object 0x6061 returns the correct value. If 0x6061 is not configured, the slave may not work or the master may alarm.
- ▶ The limit switch is activated. Check that the limit switch input is the same as the logic set by the master. Is the polarity of the slave input port the same as the limit switch used. The limit switch is not damaged. Whether the wiring between the limit switch and the slave is correct. The bit bit of object 0x60FD is mapped incorrectly with the master.

Motor does not turn

- ▶ The controller instruction is not sent to the driver. Check if the value of 0x607A (Target position) has changed, if not, then maybe the program has an exception.
- ▶ Limit switch is activated. Check if the limit switch logic status is consistent with the set by the master. Or whether the polarity of the slave input port is consistent with the limit switch. Or whether the limit switch is damaged. Or whether the wiring between the limit switch and the slave is correct. Or the mapping between the bit of 0x60FD and the master is wrong.
- ▶ The control instruction is normal, but the motor does not turn. It may be that the output current setting is too small. Or the load is too heavy. Or the starting speed is too large. Or the acceleration time is too short. Or the motor is damaged. All of the above can be tested by letting the motor unload and setting the motor speed to 60rpm with acceleration time 200ms to check the problem.

Homing Error

▶ Wrong homing method. There are three modes of homing, when using the master homing mode, the operation mode object 0x6060 = 8; when using the slave homing mode, the 0x6060 = 6; when using the master-slave combination homing method, the 0x6060 value is first 8 and then 6. Please check master



manufacturer for default homing mode, and then check the selected homing method, the relevant parameters are correct, and the limit switch needed in the selected homing method is normal.

► Stop on the limit switch and keep processing Busy state. Some master stations are master-slave combination homing mode (Panasonic and Keyence), the 0x6060 value is first 8 and then 6. If there is no configuration 0x6060 in PDO or wrong configuration, then will cause homing error.

Occasional dropouts during operation

- ▶ Always a certain drive dropouts. Maybe network cable problem: Poor contact between network cable and drive interface. Or the OUT port of the last drive has a problem. Or the drive itself has problem. All of the above can be tested by swapping the drive or swapping the network cable.
- ▶ Random drive dropouts. Interference problem: Poor quality of network cable, it is recommended to use a Category 5 Fast Ethernet cable or above, industrial grade network cable with twisted pair shielding. Ensure that the equipment is well grounded. When laying out the electrical cabinet, strong and weak power need to be separated. Keep away from high power strong interference devices such as plasma generators, laser generators, VFD etc.

